WISCONSIN RAPIDS DAILY TRIBUNE

SEVENTH YEAR NO. 2552 — WISCONSIN RAPIDS, WIS. — TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1921 — PRICE THREE CENTS

MODIFY DEMANDS, CRAIG TELLS VALERA

ULSTER DELEGATES LEAVE; MAY RENEW PARLEY NEXT WEEK

CRAIG REITERATES ULSTER PLEA FOR SELF-DETERMINATION; ASK MODIFICATION OF SINN FEIN DEMANDS.

(By Associated Press)

Belfast, Ireland, July 18.—The return to Belfast of Sir James Craig, the Ulster premier, and the members of his cabinet, who have been with him in London in connection with the Irish peace move, must not be taken as a rupture of negotiations, it was decalred by Col. Spencer, secretary of the delegation, on its arrival here. It is thought that the delegation will be recalled to London next week.

None of the cabinet members had anything to say for publication.

It was stated today that no discussions on the points concerning a settlement will be possible until Eamonn deValera considerably modifies his points.

When Sir James Craig saw the republican leader in Dublin before the recent Irish parliament election the Ulster premier is declared i- unionist headquarters to have had a long discussion on the Irish republic with the leader. Unionists here express the belief that deValera had expressed himself similarly in his interviews with Premier Lloyd George

Ulster Want Self-Determination

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Ulster Premier's Statement.

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The Ulster premier contended that the people of northern Ireland in the recent elections "determined" their own parliament by an overwhelming majority and that Mr. de Valera and his friends admitted the right of such self-determination on the part of northern Ireland by the fact that they themselves stood as candidates for the northern parliament and submitted their policy of "no partition." This, in fact, was the only issue placed before the electorate, said Sir James, and "no partition" was rejected by the largest majority ever secured in any general election.

U. S. DEATHS DROP 23 PERCENT IN 6 MONTHS

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A marked decline in deaths from pneumonia, influenza, tuberculosis and organic heart trouble is claimed. Deaths from all causes show a decrease of 23 per cent over the same period in 1920.

"Deaths from influenza," the statement says, "are only one-ninth of what they were for the first half of 1920. Likewise pneumonia mortality for the first half of 1921 was about one-third that for the corresponding period of last year."

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"There is a shortage of 1,800 barbers in the state and with only about 100 taken the state examination there is little possibility that this situation will be rectified and as long as the shortage exists the wages of the employed barbers will be high," stated a west side barber.

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MAN DROPS DEAD AFTER SOUNDING FIRE ALARM

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The company is operating a single line and will can only green string beans. The success of this year's pack will determine what future expansion the company will make. Loads of beans will start coming in by the end of the week probably, according to Mr. Rourke, an officer of the company, and canning will commence immediately. The prospects for a good pack in the first year of operations are very good, he says, for the bean crop shows great promise. The recent rains have helped them greatly.

Will Employ 150

No difficulty is anticipated by the corporation's officials in finding employees. When the canning season is at its height, the company expects to employ about 150 people, many of them boys and girls who are able to do the lighter work of sorting and picking. Applications for jobs already received indicate that a full crew will be easily recruited.

Sampson President

H. A. Sampson, Sr., is the president of the new organization; other officials are Jacob Lutz and Frank Rourke. The company is fortunate in securing as superintendent, the services of Herman Dorn, of Neillsville, who has had more than ten years of experience in the canning business.

SHIPPING BOARD SHOWS $380,000,000 DEFICIT

(By Associated Press)

Washington, July 19.—With the publication today of the estimate of the shipping board's deficits in the last fiscal year, showing a total of $380,000,000 or approximately $280,000,000 more than previous estimates showed, Chairman Laskar, of the board says he was prepared to appear before congressional committees to explain the condition of the board's finances and ask for a relief appropriation of approximately $300,000,000 for the current fiscal year.

In announcing the new estimate of the deficits incurred in the operation of the board, Chairman Laskar declared that the books of the shipping board were "in a deplorable condition" and that they "could not have been kept in much different shape had they been kept with a view to cheat the government."

BUYS PROPERTY

John Hoppa has sold his residence at 215. 8th Ave. N., to John Radke, who has taken possession. Mr. Hoppa has purchased the F. B. Douglas home on Route 2. The deal was made through the Geo. W. Lyons Agency.

WHIZZBANGS BOW DOWN TO WEST SIDE TIGERS

The West Side Tigers defeated the Whizz Bangs at the Lincoln High school baseball field Sunday afternoon by the score of 6 to 5. The game was hard fought until the last man was out and was one of the best exhibitions of amateur baseball that has been played in this city for sometime. The Whizzbangs started out strong and pushed over a couple of markers in the first inning and another in the second but after that Nobles had them eating out of the hollow of his hand. Next Sunday the Tigers play the Nekoosa team at the South Side ball park.

BAND CONCERT AT BIRON

The Consolidated band will give another of its series of band concerts at Biron tonight.

STATE ISSUES 2000 LIQUOR SALES PERMITS

Madison, Wis.—Permits are now being issued through the state prohibition commission to over 2,000 Wisconsin physicians and druggists to lawfully handle intoxicating liquors. Each application for permit received by the commissioner is accompanied with written approval of the district attorney, according to the regulation of the new law.

Lists for the state enforcement officers were furnished by the federal officials, permitting the checking up of all those who should be licensed to handle liquor. Any doctor or druggist selling intoxicating liquors without permit is subject to arrest and punishment for violation of the state law.

Eleven deputy commissioners are now actively at work in Wisconsin. They are reported from the Madison office to have had notable success in cleaning out moonshiners in several sections of the state.

OLD BRIDGE'S FATE UP TO COMMITTEE

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE APPOINTS BODY TO CONSIDER PROBLEM OF REMOVAL AND RELOCATION; SEVERAL USES SUGGESTED.

A committee, consisting of G. W. Mead, chairman, Tom Udegard, L. A. DeGuere, F. F. Mengel, E. H. Aldrich and G. D. Fritzsinger, has been appointed by the Chamber of Commerce, through its president, C. A. Normington, to consider the advisability of utilizing the Grand avenue bridge after its replacement. Although work on the new bridge begins next month, the old structure will remain until next spring.

Disposition of the old bridge is still much of a conjecture and a number of problems will have to be considered in deciding on its future utility. The committee will investigate fully the expense of taking it down, its possible utility in other locations, and the problem of relocating it.

Span River At Island, Plan.

Various suggestions have been made as to the future use of the bridge. One proposal advocates its use to connect the mainland and one of the city's islands south of the Northwestern railroad bridge, using the island as a park site. Another possibility which will be considered by the committee is the spanning of the river at the Consolidated island, known as Long Island. Advocates of this plan contend that it would be possible to use one span for the east and another for the west channel and that the middle channel could be spanned by a wooden bridge. This would serve a double purpose in that it would permit the use of the islands for park purposes and would give the city a crossing-point at an advantageous place.

The recommendations of the committee will be filed with the common council for approval.

BELIEVE WABENO BANDITS ESCAPED

Green Bay—Escape of the three bank bandits who Friday robbed the State bank at Wabeno, Wis., near here of $10,000 in currency and $22,000 in bonds, is expected by officials.

The bandits are believed to have escaped from the woods Sunday night after they had been reported surrounded.

MISSING MAN'S BODY FOUND IN UNDERBRUSH

Rhinelander—The body of John Collins, who disappeared more than a week ago, was found by searchers in a thick underbrush three miles south of this city. Collins was herding cattle when he disappeared. A nephew, said to live at Seeley's bay, Brooklyn, has been notified by the coroner.

WELCOME TO THE FAMILY

We are pleased to introduce the following new members to our family:

Ethel Ranthum, 1241 Grand Ave.
H. E. Cotton, 218 3rd St. S.
F. J. Matthews, R. F. D. 4.

SPECIAL TRAIN TO CARRY GUARDSMEN TO CAMP DOUGLAS

BATTERY E TO LEAVE HERE MONDAY; ELEVEN RECRUITS HAVE ENLISTED DURING THE PAST WEEK

Members of Battery E are busily engaged preparing for the period of encampment at Camp Douglas, which commences for the Artillery units next Monday. As the time of encampment draws near many old service men are reenlisting and at present the battery has an enrollment of 79 men.

It is expected that Battery E will leave here next Monday morning on a special train bearing the Stevens Point battery and other batteries from the northern sections of the state. Supply Sergeant Kleberg is burning up past speed records in issuing clothing to the men and at present has practically all members ready for the two weeks encampment.

Good Drill Attendance

The drill Monday evening was the best that the local unit has participated in and the largest attendance was reported. The call of the army life has been instrumental in securing 11 recruits for the battery. Walter Sullivan, Martin Herron, Harlow Morrill, Frank Prusynski, John O'Day, George Fahrner Jr., Adolph Zanow, Emery Dolan, Albert Dolan, Warren Sullivan and William Golconski are the men that enlisted during the past week.

Camp Douglas Is Improved

Captains Kraske and Herschleb left this afternoon for Camp Douglas where they will obtain orders for the moving of the battery and also exchange some clothing that cannot be used by members of the battery. Local people who have been at the camp this summer say that it is considerably improved since previous encampments, and that the camp is one of the best any National Guard unit in the United States will have a chance to train in.

NINETY-SIX TAKE BAR EXAMS AT MADISON

Madison, Wis.—Ninety-six applicants for admission to the Wisconsin bar will take their examinations here today. Nearly 50 of these are graduates of Marquette University, Milwaukee, while most of the others come from surrounding states.

University of Wisconsin law school graduates are admitted to the Wisconsin bar without examination. Graduates from other schools are required to pass the requirements of the board of law examiners.

A considerable proportion of each class fails to get by the test with a satisfactory grade.

CAPTURE MAN WHO ROBBED MAIL TRUCK OF $36,500

(By Associated Press)

New Falls, S. D., July 19—John Blair, alias James Weston, who has been in custody since last Thursday, was this morning identified by postal authorities as the man who held up a mail truck in Jefferson City on March 1, and escaped with $36,500. He will be taken to Jefferson City for trial.

IOONSHINE EXPLODES; VICTIMS IN HOSPITAL

(By Associated Press)

Racine, July 20—Two fatalities probably will result from the explosion of what is said to have been a five gallon can of moonshine, last night in an apartment above a down town soft drink parlor.

Frank Tuzapitin, one of the proprietors of the place is at the hospital suffering from severe burns sustained when the fiery liquid showered about his arms and over his body.

Matt Tilla, said to be a bar tender in another saloon is the other victim at the hospital. It is believed he inhaled some of the gasses from the explosion of the can.

Tilla told police that a bottle was being filled from the can in a dark room. They wanted to see how full the bottle was when a man lit a match, the explosion occurred.

Damage to the parlor is approximately $400.

PITTSVILLE MAN GETS STIFF FINE AND COSTS

Duke Arntz, Pittsville, who was arrested on complaint of Al. Smith for indecent exposure of the person was found guilty Monday afternoon by six local jurors and was given a fine and costs amounting to $76.08 by Judge Getts. District Attorney Frank Calkins appeared for the state.

The case was the result of the defendant in swimming on June 17 in the Yellow river without the formality of wearing a bathing suit. Several Pittsville young ladies were in swimming at the time and left the place when Arntz appeared. Al. Smith, a father of one of the girls, was told of the incident and made the complaint against Arntz.

H. C. L. DROP BOOMS MARRIAGE MARKET

REDUCED COST OF LIVING REFLECTED IN INCREASED NUMBER OF WEDDINGS; TWO GROOMS OVER 80, 106 BRIDES OVER 60

Madison, Wis.—Wisconsin marriages established a new record during 1920 when 22,293 couples were united in the state, figures compiled by the state board of health show. The nearest approach to the 1920 level was in 19133 with 21,052, while the increase over 1919 was 3,340.

The war and lowered cost of living are given as the causes of the large increase in number of marriages. More than 100,000 young men of marriageable age went out of the state in 1918, the board says, most of whom returned adding largely increased lists of marriages in 1919 and 1920.

State figures for 1920 show one bride was under 15 years of age; 4,780 were between 15 and 19, with by far the greater number 9,845 between the ages of 20 and 24. It is shown that 4,434 women married between the ages of 25 and 29; 1,406 between 30 and 34; 683 between 35 and 39, 350 between 40 and 44; 277 between 45 and 49; 147 between 50 and 54; 100 between 56 and 60 and 106 between 60 and 79.

Two Grooms Over 80

Two grooms were reported as over 80 with Waupaca county reporting marriages of 10 brides and 14 grooms over 70 years of age. They were at the Wisconsin veteran's home.

The tables also show that 1,537 grooms and 1,341 brides were widowed and 698 grooms and 829 brides were divorced. In 18,500 marriages both parties were native born, and in 1,319 both parties were foreign born. Of the grooms 19,195 were native born and 3,051 were foreign born while of the brides 20,246 were native born and 2,000 foreign born. In 47 other marriages the nativity of the parties were reported as unknown.

HAMON'S NEPHEW SHELL SHOCKED BY THUNDER

New York—A clap of thunder is believed by physicians to have revived shell shock symptoms in Lieut. George Hamon, Ardmore, Okla., who is being treated in a hospital.

Lieut. Hamon was found wandering in Weehawken, N. J., a victim of aphasia. A letter in his pocket, addressed to a relative, said physicians had warned him that a sudden noise might bring about a recurrence of his ailment contracted in France.

Lieut. Hamon is a nephew of Jake L. Hamon, Republican national committeeman for Oklahoma, slain by Clara Smith Hamon.

FORD PLANS PURCHASE OF WABASH RAILROAD

Toledo—Henry Ford, owner of the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton railroad, is negotiating for purchase of the Toledo to Fort Wayne division of the Wabash railroad. It is announced. Ford and the Wabash officials completed an inspection of the road Saturday. He desires the road for a freight outlet into Toledo and Fort Wayne. It is also said Ford contemplates eventually taking over the entire Wabash system to get direct transportation from his Detroit factory to the southwest.

Another question for Mr. Edison: What has become of all the cigar store Indians.

THREE WITNESSES OPEN ATTACK ON 'BLACK WHITE SOX'

INDICTED PLAYERS "JOSH" PROSECUTORS AS TRIAL PROCEEDS; QUESTION OF CONTRACTS UNDER FIRE.

(By Associated Press)

Chicago, July 20.—Bill Burns, former major league pitcher, took the stand in the trial of the indicted players today, to tell his own story of the alleged conspiracy to throw the 1919 world series. Burns was indicted as one of the conspirators but agreed to turn state's evidence.

Say Men Under Contract

William "Kid" Gleason and Harry Grabiner, manager and secretary respectively, of the Chicago White Sox, testified for the state today in the baseball trial, telling of the contracts between the indicted players and the club. Their testimony was designed to prove the prosecution's contention that the men were under contract to the club during the world series and not just in the regular season, as the defense contends.

Both men stated that the players were under contract in the series and a cross examination by the defense failed to shake their testimony. They could not, however, give specific points in the contract.

Players "Josh" Prosecutors

While the two club officials were testifying, the indicted men kept talking to each other in an undertone. "There's a double." "He made that one on the even." Happy Felsch whispered, "He lost that one in the sun." "He lost it nothing," said Joe Jackson, "He just bobbed it."

SUGGEST NEW SCHEME TO PAY SOLDIER BONUS

Washington, D. C.—Fearing group action against them because President Harding's attitude on the bonus bill, politicians are now seeking a way out to satisfy the former service men and the president as well.

The compromise suggested by these politicians is that the interest obtained from the $10,000,000,000 of foreign loans shall be placed aside and devoted to bonus payments. There are a great many members of congress who look upon such a compromise favorably although they say that it is questionable whether this will satisfy those seeking government aid. They point out that the foreign countries are not paying any interest now and there is no evidence that any will be forthcoming for many years.

WHEAT DROPS AFTER FIRST CROP MOVEMENT

Minneapolis—Sales from the country, at the beginning of the movement of the Northwest wheat crop, was a factor in a 9-cent drop in the quotation for July wheat today. Opening at $1.39 the July option sank to $1.30 at noon.

Early, harveting reports from North Dakota indicated that there has been some reduction in the yield on account of rust and blight, although the reports indicate that with the wheat ripening early, there is slight likelihood of further damage to the crops.

W. R. BOORMAN GIVEN IMPORTANT DUTIES

W. Ryland Boorman of Chicago, son of Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Boorman, 418 Third avenue north, was appointed one of the eight directors of North America, to prepare the program for the International Conference of Boy Workers which is to be held in Geneva, Switzerland in 1922.

Mr Boorman was born and brought up in this city, and is now professor of Boy Psychology and dean of Boys Work School at the Y. M. C. A. in Chicago.

Professor Boorman expects to attend the conference.

Woman certainly CAN hold her tongue—if she uses both hands.

WEATHER

Fair tonight and Wednesday. Cooler tonight.

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(By Associated Press)

Washington, July 19.—With the publication today of the estimate of the shipping board's deficits in the last fiscal year, showing a total of $380,000,000 or approximately $280,000,000 more than previous estimates showed, Chairman Laskar, of the board says he was prepared to appear before congressional committees to explain the condition of the board's finances and ask for a relief appropriation of approximately $300,000,000 for the current fiscal year.

In announcing the new estimate of the deficits incurred in the operation of the board, Chairman Laskar declared that the books of the shipping board were in a "deplorable condition" and that they "could not have been kept in much different shape had they been kept with a view to cheat the government."

BUYS PROPERTY

John Hoppa has sold his residence at 215, 8th Ave. N., to John Radke, who has taken possession. Mr. Hoppa has purchased the F B. Douglas home on Route 2. The deal was made through the Geo. W. Lyons Agency.

WHIZZBANGS BOW DOWN TO WEST SIDE TIGERS

The West Side Tigers defeated the Whizz Bangs at the Lincoln High school baseball field Sunday afternoon by the score of 6 to 5. The game was hard fought until the last man was out and was one of the best exhibitions of amateur baseball that has been played in this city for sometime. The Whizzbangs started out strong and pushed over a couple of markers in the first inning and another in the second but after that Nobles had them eating out of the hollow of his hand. Next Sunday the Tigers play the Nekoosa team at the South Side ball park.

BAND CONCERT AT BIRON

The Consolidated band will give another of its series of band concerts at Biron tonight.

STATE ISSUES 2000 LIQUOR SALES PERMITS

Madison, Wis.—Permits are now being issued through the state prohibition commission to over 2,000 Wisconsin physicians and druggists to lawfully handle intoxicating liquors. Each application for permit received by the commissioner is accompanied with written approval of the district attorney, according to the regulation of the new law.

Lists for the state enforcement officers were furnished by the federal officials, permitting the checking up of all those who should be licensed to handle liquor. Any doctor or druggist selling intoxicating liquors without permit is subject to arrest and punishment for violation of the state law.

Eleven deputy commissioners are now actively at work in Wisconsin. They are reported from the Madison office to have had notable success in cleaning out moonshiners in several sections of the state.

OLD BRIDGE'S FATE UP TO COMMITTEE

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE APPOINTS BODY TO CONSIDER PROBLEM OF REMOVAL AND RELOCATION; SEVERAL USES SUGGESTED.

A committee, consisting of G. W. Mead, chairman, Tom Udegard, L. A. DeGuere, F. F. Mengel, E. H. Aldrich and G. D. Fritzsinger, has been appointed by the Chamber of Commerce, through its president, C. A. Normington, to consider the advisability of utilizing the Grand avenue bridge after its replacement. Although work on the new bridge begins next month, the old structure will remain until next spring.

Disposition of the old bridge is still much of a conjecture and a number of problems will have to be considered in deciding on its future utility. The committee will investigate fully the expense of taking it down, its possible utility in other locations, and the problem of relocating it.

Span River At Island, Plan

Various suggestions have been made as to the future use of the bridge. One proposal advocates its use to connect the mainland and one of the city's islands south of the Northwestern railroad bridge, using the island as a park site. Another possibility which will be considered by the committee is the spanning of the river at the Consolidated island, known as Long Island. Advocates of this plan contend that it would be possible to use one span for the east and another for the west channel and that the middle channel could be spanned by a wooden bridge. This would serve a double purpose in that it would permit the use of the islands for park purposes and would give the city a crossing-point at an advantageous place.

The recommendations of the committee will be filed with the common council for approval.

BELIEVE WABENO BANDITS ESCAPED

Green Bay—Escape of the three bank bandits who Friday robbed the State bank at Wabeno, Wis., near here of $10,000 in currency and $22,000 in bonds, is expected by officials.

The bandits are believed to have escaped from the woods Sunday night after they had been reported surrounded.

MISSING MAN'S BODY FOUND IN UNDERBRUSH

Rhinelander—The body of John Collins, who disappeared more than a week ago, was found by searchers in a thick underbrush three miles south of this city. Collins was herding cattle when he disappeared. A nephew, said to live at Seeley's bay, Brooklyn, has been notified by the coroner.

WELCOME TO THE FAMILY

We are pleased to introduce the following new members to our family:

Ethel Rantinen, 1241 Grand Ave.
H. E. Cotton, 218 3rd St. S.
F. J. Matthews, R. F. D. 4.

SPECIAL TRAIN TO CARRY GUARDSMEN TO CAMP DOUGLAS

BATTERY E TO LEAVE HERE MONDAY; ELEVEN RECRUITS HAVE ENLISTED DURING THE PAST WEEK

Members of Battery E are busily engaged preparing for the period of encampment at Camp Douglas, which commences for the Artillery units next Monday. As the time of encampment draws near many old service men are reenlisting and at present the battery has an enrollment of 79 men.

It is expected that Battery E will leave here next Monday morning on a special train bearing the Stevens Point battery and other batteries from the northern sections of the state. Supply Sergeant Kleberg is burning up past speed records in issuing clothing to the men and at present has practically all members ready for the two weeks encampment.

Good Drill Attendance

The drill Monday evening was the best that the local unit has participated in and the largest attendance was reported. The call of the army life has been instrumental in securing 11 recruits for the battery. Walter Sullivan, Martin Herron, Harlow Merrill, Frank Prusynski, John O'Day, George Fahrner Jr., Adolph Zanow, Emery Dolan, Albert Dolan Warren Sullivan and William Golgonski, are the men that enlisted during the past week.

Camp Douglas Is Improved

Captains Kruske and Herschleb left this afternoon for Camp Douglas where they will obtain orders for the moving of the battery and also exchange some clothing that cannot be used by members of the battery. Local people who have been at the camp this summer say that it is considerably improved since previous encampments, and that the camp is one of the best any National Guard unit in the United States will have a chance to train in.

NINETY-SIX TAKE BAR EXAMS AT MADISON

Madison, Wis.—Ninety-six applicants for admission to the Wisconsin bar will take their examinations here today. Nearly 50 of these are graduates of Marquette University, Milwaukee, while most of the others come from surrounding states.

University of Wisconsin law school graduates are admitted to the Wisconsin bar without examination. Graduates from other schools are required to pass the requirements of the board of law examiners.

A considerable proportion of each class fails to get by the test with a satisfactory grade.

CAPTURE MAN WHO ROBBED MAIL TRUCK OF $36,500

(By Associated Press)

New Falls, S. D., July 19—John Blair, alias James Weston, who has been in custody since last Thursday, was this morning identified by postal authorities as the man who held up a mail truck in Jefferson City on March 1, and escaped with $36,500. He will be taken to Jefferson City for trial.

MOONSHINE EXPLODES; VICTIMS IN HOSPITAL

(By Associated Press)

Racine, July 20—Two fatalities probably will result from the explosion of what is said to have been a five gallon can of moonshine, last night in an apartment above a down town soft drink parlor.

Frank Tuzapitin, one of the proprietors of the place is at the hospital suffering from severe burns sustained when the fiery liquid showered about his arms and over his body.

Matt Tilla, said to be a bar tender in another saloon is the other victim at the hospital. It is believed he inhaled some of the gasses from the explosion of the can.

Tilla told police that a bottle was being filled from the can in a dark room. They wanted to see how full the bottle was when a man lit a match, the explosion occurred.

Damage to the parlor is approximately $400.

PITTSVILLE MAN GETS STIFF FINE AND COSTS

Duke Arntz, Pittsville, who was arrested on complaint of Al. Smith for indecent exposure of the person was found guilty Monday afternoon by six local jurors and was given a fine and costs amounting to $76.08 by Judge Getts. District Attorney Frank Calkins appeared for the state.

The case was the result of the defendant in swimming on June 17 in the Yellow river without the formality of wearing a bathing suit. Several Pittsville young ladies were in swimming at the time and left the place when Arntz appeared. Al. Smith, a father of one of the girls, was told of the incident and made the complaint against Arntz.

H. C. L. DROP BOOMS MARRIAGE MARKET

REDUCED COST OF LIVING REFLECTED IN INCREASED NUMBER OF WEDDINGS; TWO GROOMS OVER 80, 106 BRIDES OVER 60

Madison, Wis.—Wisconsin marriages established a new record during 1920 when 22,293 couples were united in the state, figures compiled by the state board of health show. The nearest approach to the 1920 level was in 19133 with 21,052, while the increase over 1919 was 3,340.

The war and lowered cost of living are given as the causes of the large increase in number of marriages. More than 100,000 young men of marriageable age went out of the state in 1918, the board says, most of whom returned adding largely increased lists of marriages in 1919 and 1920.

State figures for 1920 show one bride was under 15 years of age; 4,780 were between 15 and 19, with by far the greater number 9,845 between the ages of 20 and 24. It is shown that 4,434 women married between the ages of 25 and 29; 1,406 between 30 and 34; 683 between 35 and 39, 390 between 40 and 44; 277 between 45 and 49; 147 between 50 and 54; 100 between 56 and 60 and 106 between 50 and 79.

Two Grooms Over 80

Two grooms were reported as over 80 with Waupaca county reporting marriages of 10 brides and 14 grooms over 70 years of age. They were at the Wisconsin veteran's home.

The tables also show that 1,537 grooms and 1,341 brides were widowed and 698 grooms and 829 brides were divorced. In 18,500 marriages both parties were native born, an in 1,313 both parties were foreign born. Of the grooms 19,195 were native born, and 3,051 were foreign born while of the brides 20,246 were native born and 2,000 foreign born. In 47 other marriages the nativity of the parties were reported as unknown.

HAMON'S NEPHEW SHELL SHOCKED BY THUNDER

New York—A clap of thunder is believed by physicians to have received shell shock symptoms in Lieut. George Hamon, Ardmore, Okla, who is being treated in a hospital.

Lieut. Hamon was found wandering in Weehawken, N. J., a victim of aphasia. A letter in his pocket, addressed to a relative, said physicians had warned him that a sudden noise might bring about a recurrence of his ailment contracted in France.

Lieut. Hamon is a nephew of Jake L. Hamon, Republican national committeeman for Oklahoma, slain by Clara Smith Hamon.

FORD PLANS PURCHASE OF WABASH RAILROAD

Toledo—Henry Ford, owner of the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton railroad, is negotiating for purchase of the Toledo to Fort Wayne division of the Wabash railroad. It is announced. Ford and the Wabash officials completed an inspection of the road Saturday. He desires the road for a freight outlet into Toledo and Fort Wayne. It is also said Ford contemplates eventually taking over the entire Wabash system to get direct transportation from his Detroit factory to the southwest.

Another question for Mr. Edison: What has become of all the cigar store Indians.

THREE WITNESSES OPEN ATTACK ON 'BLACK WHITE SOX'

INDICTED PLAYERS "JOSH" PROSECUTORS AS TRIAL PROCEEDS; QUESTION OF CONTRACTS UNDER FIRE.

(By Associated Press)

Chicago, July 20.—Bill Burns, former major league pitcher, took the stand in the trial of the indicted players today, to tell his own story of the alleged conspiracy to throw the 1919 world series. Burns was indicted as one of the conspirators but agreed to turn state's evidence.

Say Men Under Contract

William "Kid" Gleason and Harry Grabiner, manager and secretary respectively, of the Chicago White Sox, testified for the state today in the baseball trial, telling of the contracts between the indicted players and the club. Their testimony was designed to prove the prosecution's contention that the men were under contract to the club during the world series and not just in the regular season, as the defense contends.

Both men stated that the players were under contract in the series and a cross examination by the defense failed to shake their testimony. They could not, however, give specific points in the contract.

Players "Josh" Prosecutors

While the two club officials were testifying, the indicted men kept talking to each other in an undertone, "There's a double." "He made that one on the even." Happy Felsch whispered. "He lost that one in the sun." "He lost it nothing," said Joe Jackson, "He just booted it."

SUGGEST NEW SCHEME TO PAY SOLDIER BONUS

Washington, D. C.—Fearing group action against them because President Harding's attitude on the bonus bill, politicians are now seeking a way out to satisfy the former service men and the president as well.

The compromise suggested by these politicians is that the interest obtained from the $10,000,000,000 of foreign loans shall be placed aside and devoted to bonus payments. There are a great many members of congress who look upon such a compromise favorably although they say that it is questionable whether this will satisfy those seeking government aid. They point out that the foreign countries are not paying any interest now and there is no evidence that any will be forthcoming for many years.

WHEAT DROPS AFTER FIRST CROP MOVEMENT

Minneapolis—Sales from the country, at the beginning of the movement of the Northwest wheat crop, was a factor in a 9-cent drop in the quotation for July wheat today. Opening at $1.39 the July option sank to $1.30 at noon.

Early, harveting reports from North Dakota indicated that there has been some reduction in the yield on account of rust and blight, although the reports indicate that, with the wheat ripening early, there is slight likelihood of further damage to the crops.

W. R. BOORMAN GIVEN IMPORTANT DUTIES

W. Ryland Boorman of hicago, son of Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Boorman, 418 Third avenue north, was appointed one of the eight directors of North America, to prepare the program for the International Conference of Boy Workers which is to be held in Geneva, Switzerland in 1922.

Mr Boorman was born and brought up in this city, and is now professor of Boy Psychology and dean of Boys Work School at the Y. M. C. A. in Chicago.

Professor Boorman expects to attend the conference.

Woman certainly CAN hold her tongue—if she uses both hands.

WEATHER

Fair tonight and Wednesday. Cooler tonight.

Wisconsin Rapids Daily Tribune

(FORMERLY THE GRAND RAPIDS LEADER)
Published By
THE WISCONSIN RAPIDS TRIBUNE COMPANY
INCORPORATED

WILLIAM F. HUFFMAN, President and Manager
PAUL A. PRATT, Advertising Manager

Entered as second-class matter March 1st, 1920 at the postoffice at Wisconsin Rapids, Wisconsin, under the act of March 3rd, 1879.
Published every afternoon except Sunday at the Tribune Building.

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES:
G. LOGAN PAYNE CO.
Chicago Office, Fourth Floor, Marquette Building
Detroit Office, Kresge Building
St. Louis Office, 610 Carlton Building
PAYNE, BURNS & SMITH, INC.
New York Office, 200 Fifth Avenue
Boston Office, 100 Boylston Street

Member of
THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
THE WISCONSIN DAILY LEAGUE
THE INLAND DAILY PRESS ASSOCIATION
THE UNITED TYPOTHETAE OF AMERICA

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HENRY AND THE NITRATE PLANT.

Henry Ford wants to buy the Muscle Shoals nitrate plant in Alabama from Uncle Sam. He offers to pay $5,000,000 down and $1,500,000 a year for a period of a hundred years. He also wants to purchase two dams for the electric power they will yield to run the plant. He will be content, he says, with a profit of 8 per cent on the investment. His purpose is to manufacture fertilizer as a private enterprise, but if there should be another war in which this country is engaged he would put the plant at the disposal of the government for war purposes.

Only those conversant with all the facts are able to pass competent judgment on the merits of the offer, but without knowing these facts the people of this country, common and uncommon, must be agreed that Henry would be more nearly in his natural element as a maker of fertilizer than as the angel of peace, argosy or as a member of "the greatest deliberative body in the world," the United States Senate.

The world is not overburdened with fertilized. If Henry Ford can furnish a soil-quickener cheap enough to put those superannuated New England farms again on the agricultural map, and make two blades grow where only one now grows on fields of more tender years, he will be worth more to the country than all the near-statesmen put together. Under those circumstances he will be forgiven any lack of knowledge of history that he may further confess to. On with the nitrate dance if the fiddler in Washington is adequately requitted.

MANY MISSING IN G. A. R. CONVENTION TO BE HELD SOON

10,000 MEMBERS HAVE PASSED AWAY SINCE LAST CONVENTION; OHIO LEADS IN NUMBER OF "VETS" LEFT.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 16.—When the Grand Army of the Republic holds its annual reunion this year, more than 10,000 of the Civil War veterans who attended the encampment of 1920 will be counted among the missing as the ranks have been depleted to this extent through the last year.

The total membership of the G. A. R. today is 93,255 while its membership in 1920 was 103,258.

The total membership is scattered among 4415 posts in every state. Ohio, with 10,241, has the largest membership, with Pennsylvania second with 9,122; New York, third, 8,795; Illinois fourth, 6,868; Indiana fifth, 5,649; Massachusetts, sixth, 5,356. No other states have 5,000 or more members.

Property owned by all posts is valued at $2,075,027, including real estate worth $802,841.

Members in the old confederate states total approximately 2200.

Organized in Illinois.

The G. A. R. was organized in Illinois in the spring of 1866. Who its originators were is a matter of tradition rather than record, says the report made to the national encampment in 1869 by N. P. Chipman, then adjutant general of the national organization.

"There can be no doubt that the late Colonel B. F. Stephenson of Decatur, Ill., was one of the prime movers," says Chipman's report. "Being recognized as such, he organized the first post at Dakota, Ill."

By July, 1866, there were 40 posts in Illinois, representatives of which met in convention and organized the state department. Stephenson was by common consent the provisional commander-in-chief, and posts were organized in other states, resulting in the first national encampment being held at Indianapolis, Nov. 20, 1866. After the Indianapolis convention, Chipman records that "posts seem to have sprung up as if by magic in all parts of the north," but he adds there was NO records of progress. Ten states were represented at the Indianapolis convention, 21 states in 1867; 24 states in 1868; 37 states in 1869, having 2050 posts.

1880—240,000 Members.

At the 1869 encampment a mutual life insurance scheme was proposed, it being said that the state departments "claimed to represent a constituency of over 240,000." But there is NO authentic record of the number for the early years, the insurance proposal containing an estimate, it is thought, and the '67 estimate being regarded as the number of union soldiers living in the jurisdiction of the state departments represented at the convention. For instance, the adjutant general's report at the 1870 encampment, when there were 39 departments, says it is "absolutely impossible for me to furnish anything like a correct report of the present membership."

1890 High Mark Recorded.

In 1890, however, reports taken as authentic state that the membership was 409,489, the highest mark recorded. From 1878 to 1890, the growth was rapid, being from 12,000 to 5,000 annually. Since 1890 the decline has been constant, except for a 3,000 gain in 1896, said to be due to prospects of favorable pension legislation. Subsequent enrollment figures from the time the G. A. R. reached its zenith to the present time follow:

1891	407,781
1892	399,380
1893	397,223
1894	369,035
1895	357,629
1896	340,610
1897	319,456
1898	305,603
1899	387,918
1900	276,612
1901	269,597
1902	263,510
1903	256,510
1904	247,340
1905	232,455
1906	225,823
1907	229,932
1908	225,157
1909	220,600
1910	213,901
1911	203,419
1912	191,346
1913	180,227
1914	171,335
1915	159,363
1916	149,074
1917	135,931
1918	120,916
1919	110,357
1920	103,258

The 1920 national encampment voted to meet every year as long as a single member survived. Brig. Gen. John L. Clem, address Army & Navy Club, Washington, D. C., claims himself the youngest G. A. R. member. He is thought by G. A. R. officials here to be 71 years old, having enlisted as a drummer boy at the age of 11 years. The question of who is the oldest member always brings up hundreds of claimants and no reliable record has been obtained.

LIST OF "DONT'S" FOR DRIVERS OF HORSES

Chicago—Despite the coming of the automobile there are still thirty thousand horses working today on the streets of Chicago. Faithful servants they are, whose lives are hard a best, particularly in th vry hot wathr, observes H. D. Roberts, secretary of the Chicago Anti-Cruelty Society.

"Don't drive fast. The minutes you save may cost you a horse.

"Don't put on heavy loads.

"Don't let your horse stand in the sun. Even if he has to stand for a few minutes pick out a shady place if possible to do so.

"Don't fail to water your horse as often as possible. It will not hurt him if he is worked. If you are going to let him stand for a while, only give him a small drink.

"Don't use a horse hat unless it has a canopy top. The ordinary kind is worse than none.

"If you use a sponge or cloth, see that it is kept wet. If it is dry it is worse than no protection.

"Don't fair to watch your horse closely. If he gets sick don't wait. Get him into the shade, take off the harness and bridle. Wash out his mouth. Sponge him off with cold water. Put cold water or ice on his head, and send for a doctor. Prompt action may save him.

"Don't wash your horse at night when he comes in from work. Wipe him off with a damp sponge. Let him cool off.

"Don't keep him in a hot stable at night. He must cool off at night, in order to be fit for work next day.

"Don't forget that your horse is a good friend and faithful servant.

"See that he is entitled to all the care and attention you can give him."

ROME PLANS TO BUILD A HOUSE ON HOUSE

Rome—Rome will become a city of odd appearance of the plans for the solution of the housing problem proposed by some Italian engineers are put in operation. The proposal is to build on the flat roofs of most of the buildings in Rome light houses of three and four stories.

The engineers have placed tehir ideas before Hnry Civit MacClean, United States Commercial attache to the American Embassy. They have asked that American capital become interested in the project. The material for the whole of the scheme, according to the engineers' suggestions, would come from America because of the adaptability of American light construction methods in the choice of materials and means of essembling.

Mr. MacClean has succeeded in interesting several American business men in the project and other projects along the line of building construction in Rome.

A Tribune Want Ad reaches 2350 subscribers.

"You'll Always Find"

says the Good Judge

That you get more genuine satisfaction at less cost when you use this class of tobacco.

A small chew lasts so much longer than a big chew of the ordinary kind. And the full, rich real tobacco taste gives a long lasting chewing satisfaction.

Any man who uses the Real Tobacco Chew will tell you that.

Put up in two styles

W-B CUT is a long fine-cut tobacco
& RIGHT CUT is a short-cut tobacco

Weyman-Bruton Company, New York City

Notice to Contractors

The Board of Education will receive bids on the reshingling of the Witter Manual Training Building according to the specifications given below. Bids will close at 6:00 p. m., Friday, July 22, 1921. Mail bids to E. G. Doudna, Clerk.

Specifications for Reshingling Witter Manual Training Building, Wisconsin Rapids.

General Conditions:

The contractor shall furnish all scaffolding, tools, ropes, nails, etc., required to do this job. He shall carry compensation insurance on his men. All work shall be done in a workmanlike manner and shall be subject to inspection by the Board of Education or their agent.

It will be necessary for the contractor to remove all ridge rolls, finials, hips, and valleys and all of the old slate roof, and protect the roof from rain.

He shall block out all gutters and cover them with roof boards.

He shall cover the entire roof with one ply roofing, puton one course of wood shingles around the eaves, and then cover the entire roof with green Winthrop Tapered Asphalt Shingles laid according to directions properly flashed with IC extra coated tin around all chimneys, scuttles, and rakes or roof, and put in a new 20-inch wide valley tin shingles to extend out over the gutters and let the water drip on the ground, and replace all ridges, finials and hip tins.

The bidder should give two figures, one with Winthrop Tapered Asphalt shingles (green) and one with Vulcanite extra heavy Asphalt shingles (green).

Building and Grounds Committee of Board of Education.
Per E. G. Doudna.
—Advertisement.

RUSSISIAN ACTIONS DISGUST AMERICAN RELIEF WORKERS

SPEND MONEY FREELY AND THEN EXPECT MORE FROM THE RELIEF SOCIETIES; AMERICANS SACRIFICE NO MORE.

Constantinople.—The Russian temperament is proving a serious obstacle to American and other relief and charitable organizations here. Individual Americans trying to help Russian refugees often give up in despair.

The Russian may be described as money blind. He is careless with his own money and with that of others. Thousands of Russian refugees arrived here with plenty of gold money, furs, jewels and portables. Without a thought for the morrow, they lived for a time in the best hotels until the money was exhausted and the valuables pawned.

Then the hotel proprietors asked them to leave and they went cheerfully to live in a squalid by-street, not only expectant but confident the Americans or some other good souls would care for them. And often it is done.

Spend 75,000 Francs

One of the tragedy-comedies of the foreign colony here is the story of the attempts of a Russian general to get his seven daughters to Paris. Dozens of persons have spent much time and money in his effort and so far three of the daughters are here and starving. The father spent 75,000 francs trying. The general, a good and capable father, got himself as far as Paris through the kind offices of United States Consul General Moser, then in Tiflis.

In Paris the father mortgaged his estates for 100,000 francs and sent 25,000 francs to his wife and seven daughters to join him. They got as far as Constantinople, bought a lot of new dresses, attended the season's dances, loaned the rest of their money to needy friends and asked father for more.

The general sent another 25,000 francs and after various difficulties about passports, the mother and four daughters departed. New loans expenditures made it impossible to take three of the daughters. Another 25,000 francs was sent to the three daughters by the father through a Russian general who pocketed it, or thoughtlessly spent it, and the daughters are still here, their clothes held for board and lodgings and they and their family in Paris are cheerfully waiting until the American relief organizations do something about it.

"Lost The Money

A certain baron, member of the Imperial Guard, 11 times wounded during the war, was all but adopted by a Chicago dentist who met him in Russia. The latter arranged for his passage to the United States, sent funds for travel expenses and waited. The handsome baron pocketed the funds and turned up at the American Embassy within a few days describing how his pocket had been picked. A cable was sent the dentist and fresh funds arrived. These funds were dissipated and still the baron did not sail. He is now waiting more funds from Chicago.

An American navy officer on station here was told by his Russian friends of their difficulties with the cruel landlord who was about to eject them. The officer gave them the needed money and was invited to dine with them. The dinner was splendidly served, including champagne. The landlord had to renew his threats, but in vain. The rent money had paid for the dinner.

Russ Help One Another

All Americans here love the Russians and do much to help them, but those with experience have ceased making heavy sacrifices to do so. The incurable optimism of the Russian leads him to build air castles and into foolish acts that have to be paid for in cold cash. When his optimism is exhausted, the Russian is so pessimistic he takes to the river. Many young men have committed suicide here. Their families in France and England and Italy send them money to join them, they spend the money for champagne or silk socks, or what not, and when the money is exhausted they shoot or drown themselves.

The devotion and the childlike cheerfulness of the Russian women here is a source of constant wonder to Americans. Many of them have forgotten they were countesses and gone to work. Their charity to one another surpasses belief. They will pawn their last jewel to help a friend. The correspondent found one woman selling her eye-glasses to help a friend, and doing it without thought of making a special sacrifice.

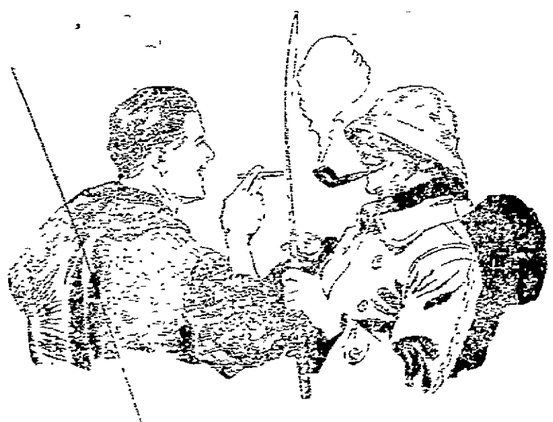
The college boarding house disappearing—it now serves not more than 15 or 20 per cent of the students at the University of Wisconsin.

Love is like a corkscrew—an awful bore but necessary.

RICHIE MITCHELL ADVISES "KOZAK"

Grandmother of Famous Wisconsin Athlete is Grateful.

"I recently mentioned to my grandson, Richie, that I was feeling very nervous and run down and felt that I needed some good tonic and system-builder," said Mrs. A. Mitchell, Wauwatosa, Wis. "He got me Kozak and I took it regularly. It wasn't long before I noticed an improvement in my appetite, my food, instead of causing gas, dull pains and a bloated feeling, seemed to digest properly. It was just what I needed. I can now walk further without tiring and I sleep soundly all night through. Kozak is surely remarkable. Sold here only by Sam Church; Amherst Bonron; Marshfield, Leise. —Adv.



MEN

Before you go on that vacation trip, get yourself a new "jimmy pipe" at our

PIPE SALE

We are closing out our line of pipes, cigarette holders and pocket books at greatly reduced prices.

One lot of fine pipes, formerly sold at $1.25 and $1.50, now	75c
One lot of pipes, formerly $2.00 and $2.50, closing out at	$1.25
One lot French Briar Pipes, formerly $1.50, now	$1.00
Cigarette Holders, below cost, $1.50 down to	50c
Pocketbooks, genuine horse hide formerly $2.50, now	$1.50

W have several other lines of this kind which we are selling below cost as we are discontinuing them. Be sure to come in and see these bargains.

Sugar Bowl

(Formerly Barnes' Confectionery)

48-Hour Laundry Service for Nekoosa

as well as for Wisconsin Rapids.

In the development of our policy of rendering the most complete service for laundry patrons in this vicinity,

we have opened an office in Nekoosa, in the Grode & Nash Building on Main Street.

This office will be open every day except Sunday, from 8 a. m. to 6 p.m., and on Saturday from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Nekoosa patrons, through this office, will be assured of the same complete laundry, dyeing, pressing and cleaning service which we offer to our Wisconsin Rapids patrons. Packages of laundry left at our Nekoosa office will be gathered by our delivery from Wisconsin Rapids and returned within 48 hours.

We have contemplated opening a Nekoosa office for some time, and believe that the people of Nekoosa will appreciate and will take advantage of a **48-hour laundry service.** Merely leave your laundry at our Nekoosa office, our driver will call for it, and in just a little while everything, washed and ironed with a professional nicety, will be sent back, read

Phone 180

Normington Bros.

Launderers and Dry Cleaners

Wisconsin Rapids
Phone 387

Nekoosa
Phone 180

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Wisconsin Rapids Daily Tribune

(FORMERLY THE GRAND RAPIDS LEADER)
Published By
THE WISCONSIN RAPIDS TRIBUNE COMPANY
INCORPORATED

WILLIAM F. HUFFMAN, President and Manager
PAUL A. PRATT, Advertising Manager

Entered as second-class matter March 1st, 1920 at the postoffice at Wisconsin Rapids, Wisconsin, under the act of March 3rd, 1879.
Published every afternoon except Sunday at the Tribune Building.

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES:
G. LOGAN PAYNE CO.,
Chicago Office, Fourth Floor, Marquette Building
Detroit Office, Kresge Building
St. Louis Office, 610 Carlton Building
PAYNE, BURNS & SMITH, INC.,
New York Office, 200 Fifth Avenue
Boston Office, 100 Boylston Street

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HENRY AND THE NITRATE PLANT.

Henry Ford wants to buy the Muscle Shoals nitrate plant in Alabama from Uncle Sam. He offers to pay $5,000,000 down and $1,500,000 a year for a period of a hundred years. He also wants to purchase two dams for the electric power they will yield to run the plant. He will be content, he says, with a profit of 8 per cent on the investment. His purpose is to manufacture fertilizer as a private enterprise, but if there should be another war in which this country is engaged he would put the plant at the disposal of the government for war purposes.

Only those conversant with all the facts are able to pass competent judgment on the merits of the offer, but without knowing these facts the people of this country, common and uncommon, must be agreed that Henry would be more nearly in his natural element as a maker of fertilizer than as the angel of peace argosy or as a member of "the greatest deliberative body in the world," the United States Senate.

The world is not overburdened with fertilized. If Henry Ford can furnish a soil-quickener cheap enough to put those superannuated New England farms again on the agricultural map, and make two blades grow where only one now grows on fields of more tender years, he will be worth more to the country than all the near-statesmen put together. Under those circumstances he will be forgiven any lack of knowledge of history that he may further confess to. On with the nitrate dance if the fiddler in Washington is adequately requitted.

MANY MISSING IN G.A.R. CONVENTION TO BE HELD SOON

10,000 MEMBERS HAVE PASSED AWAY SINCE LAST CONVENTION; OHIO LEADS IN NUMBER OF "VETS" LEFT.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 16.—When the Grand Army of the Republic holds its annual reunion this year, more than 10,000 of the Civil War veterans who attended the encampment of 1920 will be counted among the missing as the ranks have been depleted to this extent through the last year.

The total membership of the G. A. R. today is 93,255 while its membership in 1920 was 103,258.

The total membership is scattered among 4445 posts in every state. Ohio, with 10,241, has the largest membership, with Pennsylvania second with 9,122; New York, third, 8,795; Illinois fourth, 6,868; Indiana fifth, 5,649; Massachusetts, sixth, 5,356. No other states have 5,000 or more members.

Property owned by all posts is valued at $2,075,027, including real estate worth $802,841.

Members in the old confederate states total approximately 2260.

Organized in Illinois.

The G. A. R. was organized in Illinois in the spring of 1866. Who its originators were is a matter of tradition rather than record, says the report made to the national encampment in 1869 by N. P. Chipman, then adjutant general of the national organization.

"There can be no doubt that the late Colonel B. F. Stephenson of Decatur, Ill., was one of the prime movers," says Chipman's report. "Being recognized as such, he organized the first post at Dakota, Ill."

By July, 1866, there were 40 posts in Illinois, representatives of which met in convention and organized the state department. Stephenson was by common consent the provisional commander-in-chief, and posts were organized in other states, resulting in the first national encampment being held at Indianapolis, Nov. 20, 1866. After the Indianapolis convention, Chipman records that "posts seem to have sprung up as if by magic in all parts of the north," but he adds there was NO records of progress. Ten states were represented at the Indianapolis convention, 21 states in 1867; 24 states in 1868; 37 states in 1869, having 2050 posts.

1860—210,000 Members.

At the 1869 encampment a mutual life insurance scheme was proposed, it being said that the state departments "claimed to represent a constituency of over 210,000." But there is NO authentic record of the number for the early years, the insurance proposal containing an estimate, it is thought, and the '67 estimate being regarded as the number of union soldiers living in the jurisdiction of the state departments represented at the convention. For instance, the adjutant general's report for the 1870 encampment, when there were 39 departments, says it is "absolutely impossible for me to furnish anything like a correct report of the present membership."

1890 High Mark Recorded.

In 1890, however, reports taken as authentic state that the membership was 409,489, the highest mark recorded. From 1878 to 1890, the growth was rapid, being from 12,000 to 85,000 annually. Since 1890 the decline has been constant, except for a 3,000 gain in 1906, said to be due to prospects of favorable pension legislation. Subsequent enrollment figures from the time the G. A. R. reached its zenith to the present time follow:

1891	407,781
1892	399,880
1893	397,223
1894	369,035
185	357,639
1896	340,610
1897	319,456
1898	305,603
1899	387,918
1900	278,612
1901	269,507
1902	263,510
1903	256,510
1904	247,340
1905	232,455
1906	235,823
1907	229,932
1908	225,157
1909	220,600
1910	213,901
1911	203,410
1912	194,346
1913	180,227
1914	171,335
1915	159,862
1916	149,074
1917	135,931
1918	120,916
1919	110,357
1920	103,258

The 1920 national encampment voted to meet every year as long as a single member survived. Brig. Gen. John L. Clem, address Army & Navy Club, Washington, D. C., claims himself the youngest G. A. R. member. He is thought by G. A. R. officials here to be 71 years old, having enlisted as a drummer boy at the age of 11 years. The question of who is the oldest member always brings up hundreds of claimants and no reliable record has been obtained.

LIST OF "DONT'S" FOR DRIVERS OF HORSES

Chicago—Despite the coming of the automobile there are still thirty thousand horses working today on the streets of Chicago. Faithful servants hey are, whose lives are hard a best, particularly in th vry hot wathr, observes H. D. Roberts, secretary of the Chicago Anti-Cruelty Society.

"Don't drive fast. The minutes you save may cost you a horse.

"Don't put on heavy loads.

"Don't let your horse stand in the sun. Even if he has to stand for a few minutes pick out a shady place if possible to do so.

"Don't fail to water your horse as often as possible. It will not hurt him if he is worked. If you are going to let him stand for a while, only give him a small drink.

"Don't use a horse hat unless it has a canopy top. The ordinary kind is worse than none.

"If you use a sponge or cloth, see that it is kept wet. If it is dry it is worse than no protection.

"Don't fair to watch your horse closely. If he gets sick don't wait. Get him into the shade, take off the harness and bridle. Wash out his mouth. Sponge him off with cold water. Put cold water or ice on his head, and send for a doctor. Prompt action may save him.

"Don't wash your horse at night when he comes in from work. Wipe him off with a damp sponge. Let him cool off.

"Don't keep him in a hot stable at night. He must cool off at night, in order to be fit for work next day.

"Don't forget that your horse is a good friend and faithful servant.

"See that he is entitled to all the care and attention you can give him."

ROME PLANS TO BUILD A HOUSE ON HOUSE

Rome—Rome will become a city of odd appearance of the plans for the solution of the housing problem proposed by some Italian engineers are put in operation. The proposal is to build on the flat roofs of most of the buildings in Rome light houses of three and four stories.

The engineers have placed tehir ideas before Hnry Clit MacClean, United States Commercial attache to the American Embassy. They have asked that American capital become interested in the project. The material for the whole of the scheme, according to the engineers' suggestions, would come from America because of the adaptability of American light construction methods in the choice of materials and means of essembling.

Mr. MacClean has succeeded in interesting several American business men in the project and other projects along the line of building construction in Rome.

A Tribune Want Ad reaches 2350 subscribers.

"You'll Always Find"

says the Good Judge

That you get more genuine satisfaction at less cost when you use this class of tobacco.

A small chew lasts so much longer than a big chew of the ordinary kind. And the full, rich real tobacco taste gives a long lasting chewing satisfaction.

Any man who uses the Real Tobacco Chew will tell you that.

Put up in two styles

W-B CUT is a long fine-cut tobacco
RIGHT CUT is a short-cut tobacco

Weyman Bruton Co. Inc. New York City

Notice to Contractors

The Board of Education will receive bids on the reshingling of the Witter Manual Training Building according to the specifications given below. Bids will close at 6:00 p. m., Friday, July 22, 1921. Mail bids to E. G. Doudna, Clerk.

Specifications for Reshingling Witter Manual Training Building, Wisconsin Rapids.

General Conditions:

The contractor shall furnish all scaffolding, tools, ropes, nails, etc., required to do this job. He shall carry compensation insurance on his men. All work shall be done in a workmanlike manner and shall be subject to inspection by the Board of Education or their agent.

It will be necessary for the contractor to remove all ridge rolls, finials, hips, and valleys and all of the old slate roof, and protect the roof from rain.

He shall block out all gutters and cover them with roof boards.

He shall cover the entire roof with one ply roofing, put on one course of wood shingles around the eaves, and then cover the entire roof with green Winthrop Tapered Asphalt Shingles laid according to directions properly flashed with IC extra coated tin around all chimneys, scuttles, and rakes of roof, and put in a new 20-inch wide valley tin shingles to extend out over the gutters and let the water drip on the ground, and replace all ridges, finials and hip tins.

The bidder should give two figures, one with Winthrop Tapered Asphalt shingles (green) and one with Vulcanite extra heavy Asphalt shingles (green).

Building and Grounds Committee of Board of Education.
Per E. G. Doudna.
—Advertisement.

RUSSISIAN ACTIONS DISGUST AMERICAN RELIEF WORKERS

SPEND MONEY FREELY AND THEN EXPECT MORE FROM THE RELIEF SOCIETIES; AMERICANS SACRIFICE NO MORE.

Constantinople.—The Russian temperament is proving a serious obstacle to American and other relief and charitable organizations here. Individual Americans trying to help Russian refugees often give up in despair.

The Russian may be described as money blind. He is careless with his own money and with that of others. Thousands of Russian refugees arrived here with plenty of gold money, furs, jewels and portables. Without a thought for the morrow, they lived for a time in the best hotels until the money was exhausted and the valuables pawned.

Then the hotel proprietors asked them to leave and they went cheerfully to live in a squalid by-street, not only expectant but confident the Americans or some other good souls would care for them. And often it is done.

Spend 75,000 Francs

One of the tragedy-comedies of the foreign colony here is the story of the attempts of a Russian general to get his seven daughters to Paris. Dozens of persons have spent much time and money in his effort and so far three of the daughters are here and starving. The father spent 75,000 francs trying The general, a good and capable father, got himself as far as Paris through the kind offices of United States Consul General Moser, then in Tiflis.

In Paris the father mortgaged his estates for 100,000 francs and sent 25,000 francs to his wife and seven daughters to join him. They got as far as Constantinople, bought a lot of new dresses, attended the sanson's dances, loaned the rest of their money to needy friends and asked father for more.

The general sent another 25,000 francs and after various difficulties about passports, the mother and four daughters departed. New loans expenditures made it impossible to take three of the daughters. Another 25,000 francs was sent to the three daughters by the father through a Russian general who pocketed it, or thoughtlessly spent it, and the daughters are still here, their clothes held for board and lodgings and they and their family in Paris are cheerfully waiting untill the American relief organizations do something about it.

"Lost The Money

A certain baron, member of the Imperial Guard, 11 times wounded during the war, was all but adopted by a Chicago dentist who met him in Russia. The latter arranged for his passage to the United States, sent funds for travel expenses and feed waited. The handsome baron pocketed the funds and turned up at the American Embassy within a few days describing how his pocket had been picked. A cable was sent the dentist and fresh funds arrived. These funds were dissipated and still the baron did not sail. He is now waiting more funds from Chicago.

An American navy officer on station here was told by his Russian friends of their difficulties with the cruel landlord who was about to eject them. The officer gave them the needed money and was invited to dine with them. The dinner was splendidly served, including champagne. The landlord had to renew his threats, but in vain. The rent money had paid for the dinner.

Russ Help One Another

All Americans here love the Russians and do much to help them, but those with experience have ceased making heavy sacrifices to do so. The incurable optimism of the Russian leads him to build air castles and into foolish acts that have to be paid for in cold cash. When his optimism is exhausted, the Russian is so pessimistic he takes to the river. Many young men have committed suicide here. Their families in France and England and Italy send them money to join them, they spend the money for champagne or silk socks, or what not, and when the money is exhausted they shoot or drown themselves.

The devotion and the childlike cheerfulness of the Russian women here is a source of constant wonder to Americans. Many of them have forgotten they were countesses and gone to work. Their charity to one another surpasses belief. They will pawn their last jewel to help a friend. The correspondent found one woman selling her eye-glasses to help a friend, and doing it without thought of making a special sacrifice.

The college boarding house is disappearing—it now serves not more than 15 or 20 per cent of the students at the University of Wisconsin.

Love is like a corkscrew—an awful bore but necessary.

RICHIE MITCHELL ADVISES "KOZAK"

Grandmother of Famous Wisconsin Athlete is Grateful.

"I recently mentioned to my grandson, Richie, that I was feeling very nervous and run down and felt that I needed some good tonic and system-builder," said Mrs. A. Mitchell, Wauwatosa, Wis. He got me Kozak and I took it regularly. It wasn't long before I noticed an improvement in my appetite, my food, instead of causing gas, dull pains and a bloated feeling, seemed to digest properly. It was just what I needed. I can now walk further without tiring and I sleep soundly all night through. Kozak is surely remarkable. Sold here only by Sam Church; Amherst, Boynton; Marshfield, Leise.
—Adv.

MEN

Before you go on that vacation trip, get yourself a new "jimmy pipe" at our

PIPE SALE

We are closing out our line of pipes, cigarette holders and pocket books at greatly reduced prices.

One lot of fine pipes, formerly sold at $1.25 and $1.50, now	75c
One lot of pipes, formerly $2.00 and $2.50, closing out at	$1.25
One lot French Briar Pipes, formerly $1.50, now	$1.00
Cigarette Holders, below cost, $1.50 down to	50c
Pocketbooks, genuine horse hide, formerly $2.50, now	$1.50

W have several other lines of this kind which we are selling below cost as we are discontinuing them. Be sure to come in and see these bargains.

Sugar Bowl

(Formerly Barnes' Confectionery)

48-Hour Laundry Service for Nekoosa

as well as for Wisconsin Rapids.

In the development of our policy of rendering the most complete service for laundry patrons in this vicinity,

we have opened an office in Nekoosa, in the Grode & Nash Building on Main Street.

This office will be open every day except Sunday, from 8 a. m. to 6 p.m., and on Saturday from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

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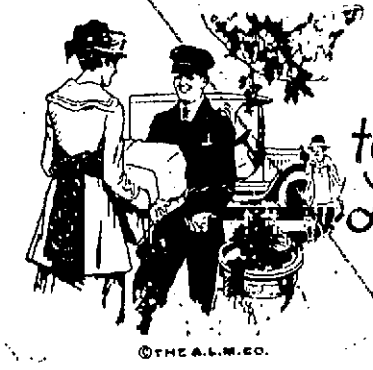
Phone 180

"Send it  to the Laundry"

©THE A.L.W.CO.

Normington Bros.

Launderers and Dry Cleaners

Wisconsin Rapids
Phone 387

Nekoosa
Phone 180

The Tribune Sport Corner

AROUND THE HORN

TUESDAY'S GAMES

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Indianapolis at Milwaukee.
Toledo at St. Paul.
Columbus at Minneapolis.
Louisville at Kansas City.

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Washington at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
New York at Detroit.
Boston at Chicago.

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Pittsburg at New York.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Boston.

MONDAY'S GAMES

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
Milwaukee 9, Indianapolis 2.
Minneapolis 5, Columbus 1.
Kansas City 7, Louisville 6.
Toledo 6, St. Paul 5 (10 innings.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Chicago 3-4, Boston 4-3.
St. Louis 1, Philadelphia 2.
New York 10, Detroit 1.
Cleveland 3, Washington 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Cincinnati 9-9, Philadelphia 5-5.
New York 12, Pittsburg 1.
Boston 14, St. Louis 8.
Chicago 8, Brooklyn 1.

TEAM STANDINGS
AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	W.	L.	Pct
Louisville	55	36	.601
Minneapolis	48	39	.552
Milwaukee	47	42	.528
Kansas City	44	42	.512
Indianapolis	41	47	.466
St. Paul	41	47	.466
Toledo	41	49	.456
Columbus	37	52	.416

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Cleveland	55	31	.640
New York	63	31	.631
Washington	47	44	.516
Detroit	42	46	.477
Boston	39	46	.459
St. Louis	39	48	.448
Chicago	38	48	.442
Philadelphia	37	52	.388

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pittsburg	54	29	.651
New York	52	30	.635
Boston	47	33	.588
Brooklyn	43	43	.500
St. Louis	41	42	.494
Chicago	36	45	.441
Cincinnati	32	50	.390
Philadelphia	23	57	.288

New York—The New York Nationals scored their second crushing victory over Pittsburg in the present series, winning on Monday 12 to 1. The Giants scored eight runs in the fourth inning, when two pitching youngsters, Morrison and Glazner, were batted hard.

Brooklin—Chicago made it three out of four from Brooklyn by winning on Monday, 8 to 1. Ponder allowed the Superbas eleven hits, but was saved by good fielding. Rether, in his first appearance since his 10 day suspension, was wild.

Boston—Boston defeated St. Louis, 14 to 8, in a slugging match on Monday. St. Louis used five pitchers.

Philadelphia—Cincinnati took both ends of a double header from Philadelphia on Monday by the same score 9 to 5. Peter Donahue, a recruit from Christian Brothers' College, Texas, relieved Marquard in the first inning of the first game after the Phillies had secured four runs and held the home team to four scattered hits for the remaining eight and two-thirds innings. Eller was the winning pitcher in the second game though he was taken out of the box in the seventh inning when the Phillies staged a brief rally.

Chicago—Chicago took both games of a double header from Boston on Monday, winning the first game 5 to 4 in 10 innings and the second, 7 to 3. Errors playing gave the visitors an early lead in the initial contest and the locals were compelled to play an uphill game, the winning run coming in the tenth inning when Pitcher Jones walked McClellan forcing in the winning tally. Hodge pitched in great form in the second game. A ninth inning batting rally by the White Sox gave them the victory.

Detroit—Babe Ruth hit his longest home run of the season here on Monday, sending the ball over the corner of the center field fence in the eighth ining of a game that New York won easily, 10 to 1. The ball hit the ground 560 feet from the home plate. Ruth's former record for the season was 460 feet, the blow being delivered at the Polo grounds. It was Ruth's thirty-sixth circuit drive this year, and was made off Cole. The slugger scored one runner ahead of him.

Cleveland—Cleveland defeated Washington, 3 to 2, on Monday in a pitchers' battle between Sothoron and Mogridge. The former was wild, but held Washington to six hits, two of which were bunched with a pass in the sixth. Cleveland scored the tying and winning runs on Sewell's triple, errors by Harris and O'Rourke and Evans' single.

St. Louis—Error by Galloway, a hit batsman, two passes and three hits in the eighth inning on Monday gave the St. Louis four tallies and a 4 to 2 victory over Philadelphia. Harris' winning streak was broken. He previously had pitched eight successive victories for the Athletics.

St. Paul—After Grimes' home run with two on in the seventh had increased Toledo's lead, St. Paul tied the score with two out in the ninth. Miller's eighteenth home run of the season accounting for two runs, and Armstrong's single after a couple of passes, bringing in the third. Thorp won the game for the visitors when he hit a home run with two out in the tenth. Wright relieved McCullough before the tying run was scored in the ninth.

Minneapolis—Columbus lost the first game of a four game series here on Monday, 5 to 1. The Millers hit Danforth in the pinches and he was relieved when a man batted for him in the eighth. The Millers got one run in the eighth off Sherman.

Milwaukee—Unser Choe Hauser, Jim Cooney and King Lear went on a head pre-Volstead batting jag on Monday and they clubbed the offerings of Jess Petty so hard that the Brewers romped off with a 9 to 2 win.

PROVES THAT MANY ARE AFTER THE MAZUMA

Chicago—The manner in which man will attempt to assist his fellow creature, for financial return or otherwise, is shown in the number of replies received as the result of an article published a year ago which erroneously stated that Benjamin Hyde, a retired contractor, would give $1,000 to any one who could tell him how to obtain sleep without the use of medicines.

The article misquoted Mr. Hyde, who is suffering from paralysis agitans, and more than 3,000 letters were written giving him varied lines of advice as to how to sleep.

Mr. Hyde has recently made another offer of $2,000 but in order to avoid answers from irresponsible persons he has confined the offer of the reward to "physicians of good standing". His condition is that the cure permanently free him from tremors and muscular contractions and enable him to sit in a chair without having pains in his back.

8,000 ACRES OF HEMP IN STATE THIS YEAR

Madison, Wis.—Fully 8,000 acres of Wisconsin's richest soil is growing crops of hemp this year. This, according to A. H. Wright of the Agronomy department of the University of Wisconsin, is the largest acreage of hemp ever planted in the state. Mr. Wright also reports that practically all of it is growing in soil that is especially adapted to the crop.

Gradually increasing from 40 acres in 1914 the state has risen to a position of leadership in the production of this great fiber crop. Wisconsin is this year producing 70 per cent of the total hemp acreage of the United States. The condition of the crop is very satisfactory in all but two sections of the state. Wisconsin's crop is all grown within hauling distance of the hemp mills.

Planted somewhat earlier than in the past seasons, the 1921 stand was not damaged in any way by the weather conditions. The seed sown this spring was of good quality and Mr. Wright has found the stand everywhere in the state better than it ever has been before.

COUNTY AGENTS WILL HOLD CONVENTION

Rhinelander—A big parade, with floats from each county depicting an important contribution to Wisconsin's agriculture, will be a feature of the county agent decennial celebration here August 10-11. It is expected that all of the fifty counties of the state which now have county agents will help to make this parade a splendid pageant of the state's greatest industry.

In November, 1911, Oneida county first took advantage of the opportunity given for trying out the county agent plan. Since then the plan has spread to other counties of the state and to every state in the Union and has developed into one of the greatest modern agricultural movements.

In the pageant of counties Ozaukee will present a float illustrating the advance which has been made in that county through the work in drainage. Bayfield will show what has been accomplished in its cut-over sections through cooperation in land clearing. Other counties will exhibit floats as follows: Burnett, Farmers Clubs; Barron, Tuberculosis Clean-up; Brown, Purebred Seed Improvement; Door, Livestock Improvement; LaCrosse, Field Crops Improvement; Polk, Butter Marketing; Oconto, Farmers Clubs; Winnebago, Boys and Girls Club Work; Portage, Potato Improvement; Jefferson, Farm Poultry Raising; Grant, Orchard Pruning and Spraying; and Waukesha, Dairy Improvement.

RICKARD SIGNS GIBBONS UP FOR BOUT WITH CARP

MEN TO MEET IN OCTOBER IN BOUT FOR LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE WORLD; AMERICA CONFIDENT.

New York, July 18.—(Special)—Tom Gibbon, the St. Paul scrapper, has been selected as Georges Carpentier's next opponent. Eddie Kane, who pilots the affair of Thomas, stepped in on Tex Rickard this afternoon, and, after a conference lasting less than half an hour, Kane tossed his signature all over the dotted line calling for a contest to be staged the second week in October for the lightweight championship of the world. Rickard did not announce the terms for the contest, but it is expected he will do so in a few days.

It has not been definitely settled whether the battle will be held at Jersey City, or at Madison Square Garden. The weight will be 175 pounds, but the number of rounds will be determined when the battleground is finally selected.

Rickard Cables Georges

As soon as Kane had affixed his John Hancock to the parchment, Rickard cabled Carpentier and his manager, Francois Deschamps, notifying them that Gibbons was the choice in the next little scramble for which the French party had signed articles with Rickard two weeks ago.

Kane promised Rickard that he will have his protegee on the scene of the battleground three weeks before the bout. Gibbons is now on a vacation in the Minnesota woods, where he will remain until called out for the necessary training stunts.

Manager Is Confident

When Kane emerged from Rickard's office he sent word to Tom and announced his charge would show the world in his jam with the Frenchman just how good a fighter he really is.

Kane is dead sure that Gibbons will take the flashy French fighter and then for a trip with the champion, Dempsey.

Man's calibre can be measured by the manner in which he speaks of another's success, says Diogenese Dinkle, Whig Hill philosopher.

STUDENTS PLAN DRIVE FOR STADIUM FUNDS

Cincinnati, O.—Students and alumni of the University of Cincinnati this autumn will engage in a drive for $15,000 to build the first three sections of a new stadium at Carson Field. Originally it was the plan to erect the stadium complete at an estimated cost of $125,000, but the university board of trustees authorized only the initial units.

When these are completed, probably by the opening of the football season, the field will seat 5,000. Twenty other sections are to be built from time to time as athletics develop at the municipal university, ultimately bringing the seating capacity to 15,000.

Probably no stadium in the country will have a more picturesque setting than Cincinnati's. Designed in the shape of a horseshoe, the open end at the north will give a wide sweep of country while the east and west flanks will be built on rather steep hillsides. This natural advantage will substantially cut the cost of construction. The stadium will be of concrete with ornamental entrances.

PEOPLE ARE LIVING IN STONE AGE STYLE

London—People who are still living in the manner of the Stone Age are found on Rennell Island in the Solomon Group, Melanesia, according to Dr. Northcote Deck, a missionary.

Dr. Deck says there are only about 500 inhabitants, and because of their isolation, through lack of ship's anchorage, even their dialect has never been studied.

The natives only had implements and weapons of stone and wood when Dr. Deck first visited the island. They showed great eagerness to barter home-made articles for anything made of iron.

"The men are great fighters and wrestlers. Their throwing spears have points made of human leg and arm bones, and tipped with a bone splinter designed to break off in the wound," says Dr. Deck.

"They seemed to feel keenly the monotony of their isolation and showed a settled melancholy, both in their faces and the cadence of their voices. Their only sort of music, to which they dance, consists in the tuneless beating of a log."

The teeth of flying foxes which swarm in the caves on the island seem to be the only form of currency known there.

30 PERFORMANCES OF PASSION PLAY ARE SCHEDULED

1,500,000 MARKS REQUIRED TO STAGE THE EVENT; NEED TOURIST PATRONAGE TO MAKE FINANCIAL SUCCESS

Oberammergau, Bavaria—Thirty performances of the Passion Play have been scheduled for 1922 by the committee of 21 which is directing the spectacle, but this number will be increased if the attendance demands, as was the case both in 1900 and 1910.

It will require an outlay of 1,500,000 marks to stage the Oberammergau play and the villagers are extremely anxious about the German political situation, lest conditions be such that foreigners will not attend.

Vow to Produce Play

The 260 burghers, who constitute the descendants of the original peasants who made the vow to produce the play decennially, personally assume the responsibility for this expenditure, and the failure to attract sufficient visitors to meet the cost would result in the bankruptcy of practically the entire village, as the Oberammergau folk have slight resources.

Most of the burghers are woodcarvers, potters, painters, sculptors, farmers, merchants and small shopkeepers. Only the descendants of the villagers who were saved from the plague in 1633 take part in the Passion Play and assume responsibility for its production.

Next October will be a fateful month for then the names of the villagers who are to have the leading roles in the spectacle will be announced.

To be selected to enact the role of Jesus Christ or one of the apostles is a far greater honor to an Oberammergau man than election to the presidency of Germany or any other office within the gift of the entire German people.

And any woman of Oberammergau would far rather be chosen to play the role of Mary or Martha or Mary Magdalene than to be in the position of Frau Ebert as mistress of the President's palace in Berlin.

Old Actors to Have Parts

Many of the actors in the Passion Play next year will doubtless be the same as those in the cast when the play was last produced in 1910. Anton Lang, who enacted the role of Jesus Christ in 1900 and 1910, will probably be chosen for the part again, as he is still young enough to undertake the arduous task and looks the part so well that younger aspirants are not likely to displace him.

"Mary" Married

Ottilie Zwink, who played the role of Mary in 1910, has married since that time. No married woman can play a role. Consequently all the young women of Oberammergau with ability and experience as actors are eagerly trying to qualify for the highly important part. Paula Rendl, daughter of Peter Rendl, the sculptor, who was Joseph of Arimathea, in the play of 1910 and enacted the role of St. John 21 years ago, is one of the most promising candidates for the role of Mary. Fraulein Rendl has shown great ability in minor religious plays which are produced constantly by the Oberammergau folk as a means of training actors for the Passion Play.

Marie Mayr, who played the role of Mary Magdalene in the 1910 production, has also married and is living in Chicago. Marie Schmid, who was the Veronica in the last production, has also married.

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Eighty-two of the Oberammergau men died during the war and many of the older actors of the last production will be disqualified by age for important roles. Consequently there are scores of places in the cast to which young men with ability as actors may aspire. They have begun to let their hair grow. Wigs and makeup are not permitted by the directors of the Passion Play.

Practically all the older men who had important parts in the last production have never cut their hair. Many of them have retained their long beards and pride themselves on their resemblance to the biblical characters they have depicted.

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You Should See
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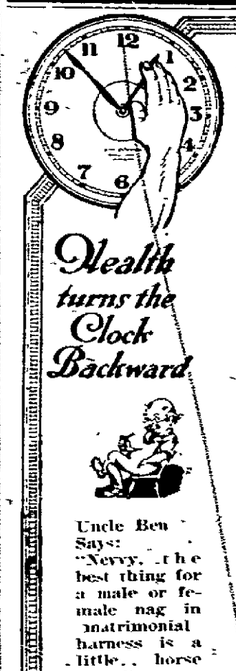
At The Palace Theatre
Next Friday and Saturday. It is Thrilling! Appealing! Charming!
By Opie Reed

It's toasted
LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE
The American Tobacco Co.



Do Your Headaches Make You Ashamed

Tuesday Health Talk No. 39.

(By W. C. Weirick, D. C.)

Do your headaches come at times that cause you embarrassment and annoyance? The victim of headaches is nearly always sure to be "knocked out" just at the climax of some effort, as in the hurry and rush to get ready for a wedding, or a lawn party, or a vacation trip.

Headaches are due to various causes, and the chiropractor who knows his business will not promise immediate relief, though he is quite often able in one adjustment to stop the ache. There are stomach headaches, bilious headaches, etc., and in each case the cause is the same, namely, weakened transmission of nerve impulses to the organ at fault. By chiropractic spinal adjustments the cause is removed, and the victim of chronic headaches once more enjoys health.

Uncle Ben Says: "Nevvy, the best thing for a male or female nag in matrimonial harness is a little horse sense."

Continual Headaches Entirely Disappear.

"Constant belching of gas made my life miserable. I was told I had heart trouble. My left arm at times felt asleep. I had headaches almost continually. Chiropractic spinal adjustments for two months and the belching of gas is gone, heart symptoms have left, and the headaches also. For this I thank chiropractic.—Mrs. L. Seeger Chiropractic Research Bureau. Statement No 1270C.

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W. C. WEIRICK D. C.
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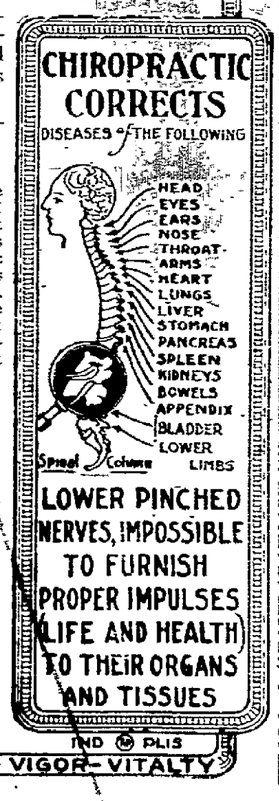

FREE NERVES - HEALTH - VIGOR - VITALTY

Well I'll be jiggered!

OTHER men have said it—you'll say it too!

For Chesterfields have "put across" something new.

A new flavor, yes, but greater than that!

A new *kind* of cigarette enjoyment.

Chesterfields *satisfy!*

Like a long cool drink when you're thirsty! Like a thick, juicy steak when you're hungry!

Like a—

Well—the point is that Chesterfields *do* it—

They *satisfy.*

Thanks to the *blend*—Turkish, blended with Burley and other choice home-grown tobaccos, *in the exact proportions to bring out the finest qualities of each.*

They Satisfy
—and the blend can't be copied

Chesterfield
CIGARETTES

Have you seen the new AIR-TIGHT tins of 50?

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

The Tribune Sport Corner

AROUND THE HORN

TUESDAY'S GAMES

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Indianapolis at Milwaukee.
Toledo at St. Paul.
Columbus at Minneapolis.
Louisville at Kansas City.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Washington at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
New York at Detroit.
Boston at Chicago.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pittsburg at New York.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Boston.

MONDAY'S GAMES

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Milwaukee 9, Indianapolis 2.
Minneapolis 5, Columbus 1.
Kansas City 7, Louisville 6.
Toledo 6, St. Paul 5 (10 innings.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago 5-4, Boston 4-3.
St. Louis 4, Philadelphia 2.
New York 10, Detroit 1.
Cleveland 3, Washington 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cincinnati 9-9, Philadelphia 5-5.
New York 12, Pittsburg 1.
Boston 14, St. Louis 8.
Chicago 8, Brooklyn 1.

TEAM STANDINGS
AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	W.	L.	Pct
Louisville	55	36	.604
Minneapolis	48	39	.552
Milwaukee	47	42	.528
Kansas City	44	42	.512
Indianapolis	41	47	.466
St. Paul	41	47	.466
Toledo	41	49	.456
Columbus	37	52	.416

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Cleveland	65	31	.640
New York	63	31	.631
Washington	47	44	.516
Detroit	42	46	.477
Boston	39	46	.459
St. Louis	39	48	.448
Chicago	38	48	.442
Philadelphia	33	52	.388

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pittsburg	54	29	.651
New York	52	30	.635
Boston	47	33	.588
Brooklyn	43	43	.500
St. Louis	41	42	.294
Chicago	36	45	.444
Cincinnati	32	50	.390
Philadelphia	23	57	.288

New York—The New York Nationals scored their second crushing victory over Pittsburg in the present series, winning on Monday 12 to 1. The Giants scored eight runs in the fourth inning, when two pitching youngsters, Morrison and Glazner, were batted hard.

Brooklin—Chicago made it three out of four from Brooklyn by winning on Monday, 8 to 1. Ponder allowed the Superbas eleven hits, but was saved by good fielding. Ruether, in his first appearance since his 10 day suspension, was wild.

Boston—Boston defeated St. Louis, 14 to 8, in a slugging match on Monday. St. Louis used five pitchers.

Philadelphia—Cincinnati took both ends of a double header from Philadelphia on Monday by the same score 9 to 5. Peter Donahue, a recruit from Christian Brothers' College, Texas, relieved Marguard in the first inning of the first game after the Phillies had secured four runs and held the home team to four scattered hits for the remaining eight and two-thirds innings. Eller was the wining pitcher in the second game though he was taken out of the box in the seventh inning when the Phillies staged a brief rally.

Chicago—Chicago took both games of a double header from Boston on Monday, winning the first game 5 to 4 in 10 innings and the second, 4 to 3. Erratic playing gave the visitors an early lead in the initial contest and the locals were compelled to play an uphill game, the winning run coming in the tenth inning when Pitcher Jones walked McClellan forcing in the winning tally. Hodge pitched in great form in the second game. A ninth inning batting rally by the White Sox gave them the victory.

Detroit—Babe Ruth hit his longest home run of the season here on Monday, sending the ball over the corner of the center field fence in the eighth ining of a game that New York won easily, 10 to 1. The ball hit the ground 560 feet from the home plate. Ruth's former record for the season was 460 feet, the blow being delivered at the Polo grounds. It was Ruth's thirty-sixth circuit drive this year, and was made off Cole. The slugger scored one runner ahead of him.

Cleveland—Cleveland defeated Washington, 3 to 2, on Monday in a pitchers' battle between Sothoron and Mogridge. The former was wild, but held Washington to six hits, two of which were bunched with a pass in the sixth. Cleveland scored the tying and winning runs on Sewell's triple, errors by Harris and O'Rourke and Evans' single.

St. Louis—Error by Galloway, a hit batsman, two passes and three hits in the eighth inning on Monday gave the St. Louis four tallies and a 4 to 2 victory over Philadelphia. Harris' winning streak was broken. He previously had pitched eight successive victories for the Athletics.

St. Paul—After Grimes' home run with two on in the seventh had increased Toledo's lead, St. Paul tied the score with two out in the ninth. Miller's eighteenth home run of the season accounting for two runs, and Armstrong's single after a couple of passes, bringing in the third. Thorp won the game for the visitors when he hit a home run with two out in the tenth. Wright relieved McCullough before the tying run was scored in the ninth.

Minneapolis—Columbus lost the first game of a four game series here on Monday, 5 to 1. The Millers hit Danforth in the pinches and he was relieved when a man batted for him in the eighth. The Millers got one run in in eighth off Sherman.

Milwaukee—Unser Choe Hauser, Jim Cooney and King Lear went on a read pre-Volstead batting jag on Monday and they clubbed the offerings of Jess Petty so hard that the Brewers romped off with a 9 to 2 win.

PROVES THAT MANY ARE AFTER THE MAZUMA

Chicago—The manner in which man will attempt to assist his fellow creature, for financial return or otherwise, is shown in the number of replies received as the result of an article published a year ago which erroneously stated that Benjamin Hyde, a retired contractor, would give $1,000 to any one who could tell him how to obtain sleep without the use of medicines.

The article misquoted Mr. Hyde, who is suffering from paralysis agitans, and more than 3,000 letters were written giving him varied lines of advice as to how to sleep.

Mr. Hyde has recently made another offer of $2,000 but in order to avoid answers from irresponsible persons he has confined the offer of the reward to "physicians of good standing". His condition is that the cure permanently free him from tremors and muscular contractions and enable him to sit in a chair without having pains in his back.

8,000 ACRES OF HEMP IN STATE THIS YEAR

Madison, Wis.—Fully 8,000 acres of Wisconsin's richest soil is growing crops of hemp this year. This, according to A. H. Wright of the Agronomy department of the University of Wisconsin, is the largest acreage of hemp ever planted in the state. Mr. Wright also reports that practically all of it is growing in soil that is especially adapted to the crop.

Gradually increasing from 40 acres in 1914 the state has risen to a position of leadership in the production of this great fiber crop. Wisconsin is this year producing 70 per cent of the total hemp acreage of the United States. The condition of the crop is very satisfactory in all but two sections of the state. Wisconsin's crop is all grown within hauling distance of the hemp mills.

Planted somewhat earlier than in the past seasons, the 1921 stand was not damaged in any way by the weather conditions. The seed sown this spring was of good quality and Mr. Wright has found the stand everywhere in the state better than it ever has been before.

COUNTY AGENTS WILL HOLD CONVENTION

Rhinelander—A big parade, with floats from each county depicting an important contribution to Wisconsin's agriculture, will be a feature of the county agent decennial celebration here August 10-11. It is expected that all of the fifty counties of the state which now have county agents will help to make this parade a splendid pageant of the state's greatest industry.

In November, 1911, Oneida county first took advantage of the opportunity given for trying out the county agent plan. Since then the plan has spread to other counties of the state and to every state in the Union and has developed into one of the greatest modern agricultural movements.

In the pageant of counties Ozaukee will present a float illustrating the advance which has been made in that county through the work in drainage. Bayfield will show what has been accomplished in its cut-over sections through cooperation in land clearing. Other counties will exhibit floats as follows: Burnett, Farmers Clubs; Barron, Tuberculosis Clean-up; Brown, Purebred Seed Improvement; Door, Livestock Improvement; LaCrosse, Field Crops Improvement; Polk, Butter Marketing; Oconto, Farmers Clubs; Winnebago, Boys and Girls Club Work; Portage, Potato Improvement; Jefferson, Farm Poultry Raising; Grant, Orchard Pruning and Spraying; and Waukesha, Dairy Improvement.

RICKARD SIGNS GIBBONS UP FOR BOUT WITH CARP

MEN TO MEET IN OCTOBER IN BOUT FOR LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE WORLD; AMERICA CONFIDENT.

New York, July 18.—(Special)—Tom Gibbon, the St. Paul scrapper, has been selected as Georges Carpentier's next opponent. Eddie Kane, who pilots the affair of Thomas, stepped in on Tex Rickard this afternoon, and, after a conference lasting less than half an hour, Kane tossed his signature all over the dotted line calling for a contest to be staged the second week in October for the lightweight championship of the world. Rickard did not announce the terms for the contest, but it is expected he will do so in a few days.

It has not been definitely settled whether the battle will be held at Jersey City, or at Madison Square Garden. The weight will be 175 pounds, but the number of rounds will be determined when the battleground is finally selected.

Rickard Cables Georges

As soon as Kane had affixed his John Hancock to the parchment, Rickard cabled Carpentier and his manager, Francois Deschamps, notifying them that Gibbons was the choice in the next little scramble for which the French party had signed articles with Rickard two weeks ago.

Kane promised Rickard that he will have his protegee on the scene of the battleground three weeks before the bout. Gibbons is now on a vacation in the Minnesota woods, where he will remain until called out for the necessary training stunts.

Manager Is Confident

When Kane emerged from Rickard's office he sent word to Tom and announced his charge would show the world in his jam with the Frenchman just how good a fighter he really is.

Kane is dead sure that Gibbons will take the flashy French fighter and then for a trip with the champion, Dempsey.

Man's calibre can be measured by the manner in which he speaks of another's success, says Diogenese Dinkle, Whig Hill philosopher.

STUDENTS PLAN DRIVE FOR STADIUM FUNDS

Cincinnati, O.—Students and alumni of the University of Cincinnati this autumn will engage in a drive for $15,000 to build the first three sections of a new stadium at Carson Field. Originally it was the plan to erect the stadium complete at an estimated cost of $125,000, but the university board of trustees authorized only the initial units.

When these are completed, probably by the opening of the football season, the field will seat 5,000. Twenty other sections are to be built from time to time as athletics develop at the municipal university, ultimately bringing the seating capacity to 15,000.

Probably no stadium in the country will have a more picturesque setting than Cincinnati's. Designed in the shape of a horseshoe, the open end at the north will give a wide sweep of country while the east and west flanks will be built on rather steep hillsides. This natural advantage will substantially cut the cost of construction. The stadium will be of concrete with ornamental entrances.

PEOPLE ARE LIVING IN STONE AGE STYLE

London—People who are still living in the manner of the Stone Age are found on Rennell Island in the Solomon Group, Melanesia, according to Dr. Northcote Deck, a missionary.

Dr. Deck says there are only about 500 inhabitants, and because of their isolation, through lack of ship's anchorage, even their dialect has never been studied.

The natives only had implements and weapons of stone and wood when Dr. Deck first visited the island. They showed great eagerness to barter home-made articles for anything made of iron.

"The men are great fighters and wrestlers. Their throwing spears have points made of human leg and arm bones, and tipped with a bone splinter designed to break off in the wound," says Dr. Deck.

"They seemed to feel keenly the monotony of their isolation and showed a settled melancholy, both in their faces and the cadence of their voices. Their only sort of music, to which they dance, consists in the tuneless beating of a log."

The teeth of flying foxes which swarm in the caves on the island seem to be the only form of currency known there.

30 PERFORMANCES OF PASSION PLAY ARE SCHEDULED

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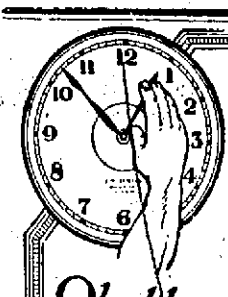

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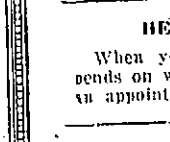

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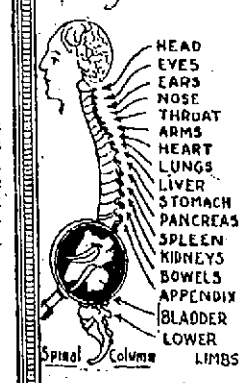

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HEART OF WISCONSIN NEWS

NEKOOSA OFFICE IS OPENED BY NORMINGTON

C. A. Normington, head of the Normington Bros. launderers and dry cleaners, announces the opening of an office of the laundry for the convenience of the Nekoosa patrons of his establishment. The offices are located in the Grode & Nash Paper Co. office on Main street Nekoosa.

Miss Bessie Roembach has been engaged to take charge of the office for Normington Bros.

NEKOOSA LOCALS

Ray Cleveland, who has been visiting the past three weeks in Kenosha and other points in the southern part of the state, arrived home Saturday and resumed his duties at the C. M. & St. Paul depot yesterday.

The Milladore baseball team played the Nekoosa team here Sunday and won the game by a 19 to 5 score.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Firkey spent Sunday with relatives at Junction City.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Termait and Mr. and Mrs. Van Leece of Chicago who have been spending the past week here with friends left for their home.

Miss Myra Kely, who has been a guest of Miss Ureille Powers left Monday for her home at Menominee, Wis.

Atty. H. E. Fitch returned home Monday from Waupaca where he spent the week end with his daughters who are spending the summer there.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Smith and children and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mohlke and guests, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Mohlke of Racine drove to Hancock Sunday where they spent the day.

Mrs. H. C. Cleveland entertained a number of friends at her home last evening in honor of her guest, Mrs. H. Dauswell of Anderson, Ind.

Miss Carrie Treleven of Fond du Lac is spending some time at the home of her nephew, Chas. Trelevan and family.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Youngchild spent Sunday at Hancock.

Miss Marie Voss of Madison is a guest at the home of H. H. Voss and family.

The following people enjoyed a picnic at New Rome Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Kellogg and children, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Krehnke, Mr. and Mrs. Leon Youngchild, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Youngchild, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Cleveland and guests and Mrs. Cora Youngchild. They spent the day fishing and bathing and at noon enjoyed a picnic dinner.

Mrs. William Voss and family of Madison are spending some time with relatives here.

SHERRY BIBLY CLASS HELD SOCIAL FRIDAY

The Adult Bible Class held an ice cream social on the A. Weken lawn Friday evening, July 15. A large number of people were present and ten gallons of ice cream were sold. After the social a dance was held at Lang's Hall.

R. Parks and family and Carl Beck were Wisconsin Rapids callers Thursday afternoon.

The work on the new cement bridge is progressing rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Zerneke and sons of Evanston, Ill., visited with the O. Zerneke and P. Zerneke families a few days.

The Royal Embroidery Club met with Otto Zerneke Thursday afternoon. A large number of ladies were present and a good time enjoyed by all.

Miss Lorinda Marcoux, former teacher of the Sherry graded school, Mr. Berard, Rob Marcoux and Miss Hanes of Nekoosa visited at Sherry Sunday evening.

Miss Myrtle Lingford is assisting at the Paulac farm.

Walter Beck of Sigel spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Beck, helping them with their haying.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Zerneke and O. J. Smith spent Sunday afternoon at the Harry Thomas home.

A number of young people surprised Miss Jennie Tjepkema at her home, July 11, the occasion being her nineteenth birthday. The evening was spent in music and dancing after which a luncheon was served.

Ralph Thomas spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thomas. He returned to Marshfield Sunday evening where he is employed as inspector of the concrete pavement.

Leo Drollinger was called as a witness in the Kenop-Pumper trial which was held at the court house July 14.

The farmers were pleased with the little shower which fell Sunday. The crops were badly in need of the rain.

PLAINFIELD NEWS

C. H. Weed transacted business at Stevens Point, Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Winslow and father, Mr. Bowen and Mrs. Del Chamberlain, spent Friday in Wisconsin Rapids on business.

Ward Brewster of Stevens Point, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Brewster.

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APPROPRIATIONS OF $5,000,000 ANNUALLY AUTHORIZED BY LEGISLATURE MAKES PROGRESS OF INSTITUTION POSSIBLE.

(By Associated Press)

Madison, Wis., July 18.—The University of Wisconsin will be able to carry on its work with full vigor during the next two years as a result of the legislature's appropriation of approximately $5,000,000 President E. A. Birge said today in a statement to the newspapers of Wisconsin. No comprehensive plan for expansion during the next two years was asked, according to the president.

There is adequate provision for a moderate increase in the number of students, which now totals over 7,000, he said although pointing out that the appropriations for buildings represent only a fraction of the needs of the university.

"Thus the appropriations for operating the university are adequate, but the appropriations for buildings represent only a fraction of the needs, and the condition of the institution is rapidly [illegible] worse in [illegible] and in regard to those [illegible] of education that depend on space.

"But the financial [illegible] that prevented the legislature from voting on large building projects for any department [illegible] and the university has gone so many years without adequate additions to buildings that only large projects could meet its needs.

The appropriation bill for the university carries about $5,000,000 for each year of the coming biennium. Of this sum, something more than $3,000,000 comes from the state at large for 1921-22 and a somewhat smaller sum for 1922-23. The remainder nearly $1,500,000 comes from student fees, sales of farm projects, the U. S. Government and other agencies.

During the past three years the university has increased in its size rising from 4,500 students in 1917 to 7,100 in 1921. It is not expected however, that this marked rise will be repeated, but rather that there will be a steady growth due to the increase in the number of graduates from high schools of the state.

Leading Professor Retained

The university is also fortunate in having been able to retain practically all of its leading professors, men whose names and accomplishments have added much to the fame of the institution. An appropriation sufficient for immediate needs will permit continued broad activity which is an inducement to the faculty members.

Scarcely any salary increases were included in the budget accepted by the legislature. The increase granted in 1919 brought the general level up to that of other universities and is being maintained.

BRITISH FORCES SEEK FOR ARMS IN BAKERY

Vienna—Workmen officials have just turned the laugh on the Allied Military Control Commission in relation for two searches made of their cooperative bakery for arms.

The British officer in charge, unsatisfied by a first investigation of the premises, returned with a large force and opened a number of heavy casks. He found them filled with brass tags used in the distribution of bread.

Next day the workmen secured warrants and went to the house of a man named [illegible], a high official of the [illegible] of Officers of the Front. They got five machine guns in perfect condition, a number of rifles, a quantity of hand grenades and ammunition.

NATIONAL SWINE SHOW TO BE HELD IN PEORIA

Chicago—The national swine show will be held in Peoria, Ill., this year, from Oct. 3 to 8, it is announced here by the National Swine Growers' Association. The show has the assistance of a $15,000 appropriation recently voted by the state legislature, and under the same aid it will be held next year again in Peoria. Contracts were signed this week.

Prizes totalling $20,000 will be awarded this Fall, W. J. Carmichael, secretary of the swine growers' association, adds to the announcement. This is the largest amount ever offered on this occasion.

Prospects are bright for the best college students' judging contest yet held at the national swine show, five different colleges now planning to enter, Mr. Carmichael reports.

The same states that led in hog production ten years ago hold their relative positions today, according to a review of recent census figures in The Hogman, organ of the National Swine Growers' Association. This is its list:

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U. S. Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill.—Thousands of middle western and western boys who trained for naval service here during the war without ever seeing a naval vessel may come back next year and find training ships and submarine chasers riding at anchor under the high bluffs of Lake Michigan.

Work began this month on a $1,500,000 harbor which congress recently authorized for the training station. When completed, late next summer, the basin will provide room for six or seven ships drawing twenty feet to ride at anchor.

A breakwater of riprap and concrete is being built to enclose an area approximately a half mile long and a quarter mile wide, with an entrance to the southeast. The enclosed harbor, besides affording an anchorage on this unprotected shore for training ships and chasers, will be used as a take-off basin for seaplanes of the aviation mechanics school and for small boat drill. Owing to the lack of protection from the open lake the seaplanes are now unable to fly in rough weather.

"WHAT TO WEAR" DOES NOT BOTHER NEAR EAST

Constantinople—What to wear isn't counted among Near East Problems. Recently an American, newly arrived, made the round of the local stores for a bathing suit. Finally he found a pair of brief tights. When he complained that he wanted a two-piece suit, the merchant answered: "We can't afford to carry dead stock. Most people are satisfied without that much."

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Men's Barnyard Brown and Black [illegible] Work Shoes, full Gusset tongue, [illegible] during this sale at

$2.19

Remodeling operations at our store are progressing with rapidity, and our REBUIDING SHOE SALE is keeping pace with the work. We must sell these shoes which we now have in stock to make rom for a complete newer stock for fall, and for those who know and appreciate bargains in footwear, we need but to mention these reductions. Buy now—you'll never find greater shoe values than these, for you know GLEUE'S reputation for quality footwear.

500 Pairs Women's high shoes including high and medium heels, black and brown, formerly sold for $7.00, $8.00 and some styles as high as $10.00 and $12.00, priced now at, a pair

4.85 5.85

500 Pairs Men's Dress Shoes, both black and brown, a splendid assortment [illegible] including odd sizes, [illegible] for this sale at

2.85 3.85 4.85

Women's Fancy Sandals including Kid, both brown and black, one and two strap effects, [illegible] grade. Prices:

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

HEART OF WISCONSIN NEWS

NEKOOSA OFFICE IS OPENED BY NORMINGTON

C. A. Normington, head of the Normington Bros. launderers and dry cleaners, announces the opening of an office of the laundry for the convenience of the Nekoosa patrons of his establishment. The offices are located in the Grode & Nash Paper Co. office on Main street Nekoosa.

Miss Bessie Roenbach has been engaged to take charge of the office for Normington Bros.

NEKOOSA LOCALS

Ray Cleveland, who has been visiting the past three weeks in Kenosha and other points in the southern part of the state, arrived home Saturday and resumed his duties at the C. M. & St. Paul depot yesterday.

The Milladore baseball team played the Nekoosa team here Sunday and won the game by a 19 to 5 score.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Firkey spent Sunday with relatives at Junction City.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Termatt and Mr. and Mrs. Van Leece of Chicago who have been spending the past week here with friends left for their home.

Miss Myra Kely, who has been a guest of Miss Ureille Powers left Monday for her home at Menominee, Wis.

Atty. H. E. Fitch returned home Monday from Waupaca where he spent the week end with his daughters who are spending the summer there.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Smith and children and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mohlke and guests, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Mohlke of Racine drove to Hancock Sunday where they spent the day.

Mrs. H. C. Cleveland entertained a number of friends at her home last evening in honor of her guest, Mrs. H. Danswell of Anderson, Ind.

Miss Carrie Treleven of Fond du Lac is spending some time at the home of her nephew, Chas. Trelevan and family.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Youngchild spent Sunday at Hancock.

Miss Marie Voss of Madison is a guest at the home of H. H. Voss and family.

The following people enjoyed a picnic at New Rome Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Kellogg and children, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Krehnke, Mr. and Mrs. Leon Youngchild, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Youngchild, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Cleveland and guests and Mrs. Cora Youngchild. They spent the day fishing and bathing and at noon enjoyed a picnic dinner.

Mrs. William Voss and family of Madison are spending some time with relatives here.

SHERRY BIBLY CLASS HELD SOCIAL FRIDAY

The Adult Bible Class held an ice cream social on the A. Weken lawn Friday evening, July 15. A large number of people were present and ten gallons of ice cream were sold. After the social a dance was held at Lang's Hall.

R. Parks and family and Carl Beck were Wisconsin Rapids callers Thursday afternoon.

The work on the new cement bridge is progressing rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Zerneke and sons of Evanston, Ill., visited with the O. Zerneke and P. Zerneke families a few days.

The Royal Embroidery Club met with Otto Zerneke Thursday afternoon. A large number of ladies were present and a good time enjoyed by all.

Miss Lorinda Marceux, former teacher of the Sherry graded school, Mr. Berard, Rob Marceux and Miss Hanes of Nekoosa visited at Sherry Sunday evening.

Miss Myrtle Lingford is assisting at the Paulac farm.

Walter Beck of Sigel spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Beck, helping them with their haying.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Zerneke and O. J. Smith spent Sunday afternoon at the Harry Thomas home.

A number of young people surprised Miss Jennie Tjepkema at her home, July 11, the occasion being her nineteenth birthday. The evening was spent in music and dancing after which a luncheon was served.

Ralph Thomas spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thomas. He returned to Marshfield Sunday evening where he is employed as inspector of the concrete pavement.

Leo Drollinger was called as a witness in the Konop-Pumper trial which was held at the court house July 14.

The farmers were pleased with the little shower which fell Sunday. The crops were badly in need of the rain.

PLAINFIELD NEWS

C. H. Weed transacted business at Stevens Point, Tuesday.

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SENATE WILL ACT ON DISMISSAL OF U. S. ARMY OFFICER

CAPTAIN CHAMBERLAIN DISCHARGED FOR "SCANDALOUS CONDUCT" WILL BE GIVEN CHANCE TO CLEAR RECORD BY SENATE

Washington, D. C.—Unique among the stories of individual exploits in the world war was that told by Captain Edmund G. Chamberlain, a young marine corps aviator from San Antonio, Texas. It was cabled to the United States by the official Committee on Public Information late in August, 1918, and carried to the American people a new thrill in a time of daily thrills when Allied arms every where on the western front were demonstrating supremacy over the forces of the Central Powers. On the basis of the aviator's story the Navy Department recommended that the highest honor for gallantry and courage—the Congressional Medal of Honor—be bestowed upon him.

Convicted by Court Martial

The story which was of a sensational air duel on a British sector of the western front on July 28, 1918, however, remained unchallenged for but a short while and before a year had passed the San Antonio aviator and Princeton and University of Texas graduates stood convicted by court martial of "scandalous conduct detrimental to good morals and falsehood." Review of the court martial proceedings by Secretary of Navy Daniels upheld the findings of the court and dismissal from service followed for Captain Chamberlain.

Chamberlain's Story

Chamberlain's story was that while on furlough he visited a British sector, secured permission of the officer in command to accompany an aerial expedition which was to escort a bombing party over the German lines. While on this expedition, according to his story, he became separated from his comrades and was engaged by a number of German planes. In the resulting battle, Chamberlain was reported as relating, he shot down five of the German planes, damaged two others, and sweeping earthward in his own damaged plane scattered a small detachment of German soldiers. He said that after landing he took a German prisoner by pretending that the compass from his plane was a bomb and with the aid of his prisoner carried a wounded French colonial back to safety.

Denial of the exploit by British officers after wide publicity had been given it in English newspapers as well as in the American press led to inquiry at the instance of Rear Admiral Sims the then commander-in-chief of American naval forces in European waters. On the basis of the inquiry the court martial was ordered.

Dismissed by Daniels

The proceedings of the court martial, held in London and Paris, were quite lengthy and were bitterly contested. British as well as American officers submitted testimony. The findings of the court martial which recommended dismissal from service were forwarded to Secretary Daniels and Captain Chamberlain was ordered home. He remained under arrest in the District of Columbia for a number of months and on December 8 1919, Secretary Daniels formally approved the findings and ordered his dismissal from service. The action of the secretary was approved by President Wilson nearly two years later.

Immediately upon President Wilson's action in the matter Senator Sheppard, Democrat, Texas proposed a Senate investigation of the case with special reference as to the fairness of the court martial. The resolution directing the inquiry was not acted on and in June of this year the Texas senator again offered his resolution. The Senate Naval Affairs Committee this time reported it unanimously and it was adopted by the Senate. The inquiry was conducted by a sub-committee of the Naval Affairs Committee consisting of Senator R. Ball, republican, Delaware, chairman, Nicholson Republican, Colorado, and Walsh, Democrat, Montana.

COPPER MINING SHUT DOWN; TOWNS DESERTED

Sydney.—Inactivity in the copper mining industry has caused the practical desertion of the populations from the towns of Cobar and Broken Hills.

At one time Cobar boasted a population of several thousand people. Now it is but a collection of bare shacks, with its people gone.

Broken Hills, another mining town that in its heydey had a population of 50,000, is also desolated. Early in 1919, when the town's products were selling at high figures, the miners struck and remained out two years, during which time the bottom fell from the metal markets. When the miners were ready to return to work, the operators found they could work the mines only at a loss.

Owners of the mines told the men of their problems and offered to work the properties, without profit, for the sake of the miners, if the men would take wage reductions of about twenty per cent. The men, although depending upon the government for food, voted down the proposals. It was charged that radicals led in the movement to defeat the return to work.

U. S. TARIFF WILL NOT AFFECT CANADIAN WHEAT

Regina, Sask.—Wheat prices in the Canadian west will not be affected by the new American tariff, except insofar as this interference with free shipment to the United States may be exploited by market manipulators, according to J. B. Musselman, central secretary for the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association.

"So long as the United States requires Western Canadian hard wheat for blending with her own winter wheat, it would seem that her own people will have to pay the import duty on it, besides under a handicap in competing with Canadian Millers when it is considered that imported wheat is used for blending in making flour for export to Europe," Mr. Musselman said.

The Canadian meat industry, however, Mr. Musselman believes, will be hard hit by this new tariff.

"The effect of this new tariff on our meat industry is likely to be very much more detrimental to the farmers of this country, especially as Canada has practically no other market for live cattle," he said.

Julesberg, Colo.—Believing that Ralph Rosell, clothing merchant, had tried to induce his wife to accompany him on a party J. J. Baker, prosperous young rancher, killed Rosell, Sheriff Humberstone said Baker shot the wrong man.

The old custom of holding and hitting should be legislated out of boxing, according to Jim Corbett, former champion. If John L. had been as good a long distance runner as Jim, prize ring history would read differently.

Hope Smuts won't make the Irish situation any blacker.

POLITICAL FEUDS PARALYZE PERU SCHOOL SYSTEM

BREACH BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AND UNIVERSITIES CAUSES STUDENT RIOTS AND DISMISSAL OF PROFESSORS

Lima, Peru—Scholastic activities at San Marcos university, the oldest educational institution in South America, have been virtually paralyzed for more than two months as a result of a controversy, said to be largely political, between the government and the university.

The student body, numbering more than 1,000 is said to be divided in opinion with regard to the dispute which became more acute lately when the government issued a decree declaring the university in process of reorganization and dismissed Doctor Xavier Prado, the rector and about 50 professors who had taken an "unauthorized recess."

Deadlock Exists

A virtual deadlock now exists between the opposing elements. The difficulty is said to have had its origin in a lecture given at the university by Dr. Belaunde, of the faculty of international law, shortly after his return from the United States. Among other things the speaker is alleged to have attacked some of the government's policies. The criticism was resented by groups in the audience and the meeting ended amid riotous scenes. Gendarmes and the police intervened and dispersed the crowd after about 100 shots were fired and some damage done to property. Several persons were injured.

Professors Discharged

A group of professors charged that the "sanctity of university thought had been invaded" and refused to continue their duties.

The university council called a general assembly of professors and students to discuss the situation whereupon the government intervened and dismissed the rector and about 50 striking professors.

Let us make happy the circle around us; be useful as much as we may.

If only we humans would live more according to our higher nature not a dull place would be possible on the earth.

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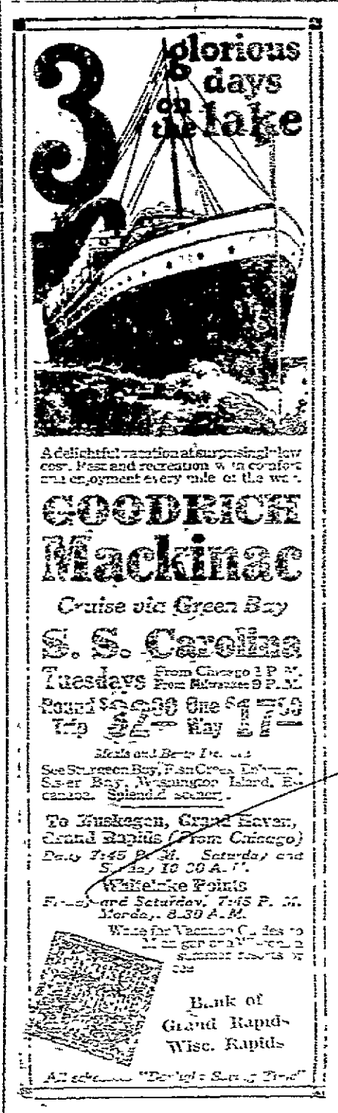

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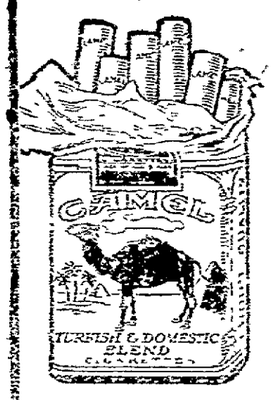

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SENATE WILL ACT ON DISMISSAL OF U. S. ARMY OFFICER

CAPTAIN CHAMBERLAIN DISCHARGED FOR "SCANDALOUS CONDUCT" WILL BE GIVEN CHANCE TO CLEAR RECORD BY SENATE

Washington, D. C.—Unique among the stories of individual exploits in the world war was that told by Captain Edmund G. Chamberlain, a young marine corps aviator from San Antonio, Texas. It was cabled to the United States by the official Committee on Public Information late in August, 1918, and carried to the American people a new thrill in a time of daily thrills when Allied arms every where on the western front were demonstrating supremacy over the forces of the Central Powers. On the basis of the aviator's story the Navy Department recommended that the highest honor for gallantry and courage—the Congressional Medal of Honor—be bestowed upon him.

Convicted by Court Martial

The story which was of a sensational air duel on a British sector of the western front on July 28, 1918, however, remained unchallenged for but a short while and before a year had passed the San Antonio aviator and Princeton and University of Texas graduates stood convicted by court martial of "scandalous conduct detrimental to good morals and falsehood." Review of the court martial proceedings by Secretary of Navy Daniels upheld the findings of the court and dismissal from service followed for Captain Chamberlain.

Chamberlain's Story

Chamberlain's story was that while on furlough he visited a British sector, secured permission of the officer in command to accompany an aerial expedition which was to escort a bombing party over the German lines. While on this expedition, according to his story, he became separated from his comrades and was engaged by a number of German planes. In the resulting battle, Chamberlain was reported as relating, he shot down five of the German planes, damaged two others, and sweeping earthward in his own damaged plane scattered a small detachment of German soldiers. He said that after landing he took a German prisoner by pretending that the compass from his plane was a bomb and with the aid of his prisoner carried a wounded French colonial back to safety.

Denial of the exploit by British officers after wide publicity had been given it in English newspapers as well as in the American press led to inquiry at the instance of Rear Admiral Sims, the then commander-in-chief of American naval forces in European waters. On the basis of the inquiry the court martial was ordered.

Dismissed by Daniels

The proceedings of the court martial, held in London and Paris, were quite lengthy and were bitterly contested. British as well as American officers submitted testimony. The findings of the court martial which recommended dismissal from service were forwarded to Secretary Daniels and Captain Chamberlain was ordered home. He remained under arrest in the District of Columbia for a number of months and on December 8, 1919, Secretary Daniels formally approved the findings and ordered his dismissal from service. The action of the secretary was approved by President Wilson nearly two years later.

Immediately upon President Wilson's action in the matter Senator Sheppard, Democrat, Texas, proposed a Senate investigation of the case with special reference as to the fairness of the court martial. The resolution directing the inquiry was not acted on and in June of this year the Texas senator again offered his resolution. The Senate Naval Affairs Committee this time reported it unanimously and it was adopted by the Senate. The inquiry was conducted by a sub-committee of the Naval Affairs Committee consisting of Senator R. Ball, republican, Delaware, chairman, Nicholson, Republican, Colorado, and Walsh, Democrat, Montana.

COPPER MINING SHUT DOWN; TOWNS DESERTED

Sydney.—Inactivity in the copper mining industry has caused the practical desertion of the populations from the towns of Cobar and Broken Hills.

At one time Cobar boasted a population of several thousand people. Now it is but a collection of bare shacks, with its people gone.

Broken Hills, another mining town that in its heyday had a population of 50,000, is also desolated. Early in 1919, when the town's products were selling at high figures, the miners struck and remained out two years, during which time the bottom fell from the metal markets. When the miners were ready to return to work, the operators found they could work the mines only at a loss.

Owners of the mines told the men of their problems and offered to work the properties, without profit, for the sake of the miners, if the men would take wage reductions of about twenty per cent. The men, although depending upon the government for food, voted down the proposals. It was charged that radicals led in the movement to defeat the return to work.

U. S. TARIFF WILL NOT AFFECT CANADIAN WHEAT

Regina, Sask.—Wheat prices in the Canadian west will not be affected by the new American tariff, except insofar as this interference with free shipment to the United States may be exploited by market manipulators, according to J. B. Musselman, central secretary for the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association.

"So long as the United States requires Western Canadian hard wheat for blending with her own winter wheat, it would seem that her own people will have to pay the import duty on it, besides under a handicap in competing with Canadian Millers when it is considered that imported wheat is used for blending in making flour for export to Europe," Mr. Musselman said.

The Canadian meat industry, however, Mr. Musselman believes, will be hard hit by this new tariff.

"The effect of this new tariff on our meat industry is likely to be very much more detrimental to the farmers of this country, especially as Canada has practically no other market for live cattle," he said.

Julesberg, Colo.—Believing that Ralph Rosell, clothing merchant, had tried to induce his wife to accompany him on a party, J. J. Baker, prosperous young rancher, killed Rosell, Sheriff Humberstone said Baker shot the wrong man.

The old custom of holding and hitting should be legislated out of boxing, according to Jim Corbett, former champion. If John L. had been as good a long distance runner as Jim, prize ring history would read differently.

Hope Smuts won't make the Irish situation any blacker.

POLITICAL FEUDS PARALYZE PERU SCHOOL SYSTEM

BREACH BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AND UNIVERSITIES CAUSES STUDENT RIOTS AND DISMISSAL OF PROFESSORS

Lima, Peru—Scholastic activities at San Marcos university, the oldest educational institution in South America, have been virtually paralyzed for more than two months as a result of a controversy, said to be largely political, between the government and the universtiy.

The student body, numbering more than 1,000 is said to be divided in opinion with regard to the dispute which became more acute lately when the government issued a decree declaring the university in process of reorganization and dismissed Doctor Xavier Prado, the rector, and about 50 professors who had taken an "unauthorized recess."

Deadlock Exists

A virtual deadlock now exists between the opposing elements. The difficulty is said to have had its origin in a lecture given at the university by Dr. Belaunde, of the faculty of international law, shortly after his return from the United States. Among other things the speaker is alleged to have attacked some of the government's policies. The criticism was resented by groups in the audience and the meeting ended amid riotous scenes. Gendarmes and the police intervened and dispersed the crowd after about 100 shots were fired and some damage done to property. Several persons were injured.

Professors Discharged

A group of professors charged that the "sanctity of university thought had been invaded" and refused to continue their duties.

The university council called a general assembly of professors and students to discuss the situation whereupon the government intervened and dismissed the rector and about 50 striking professors.

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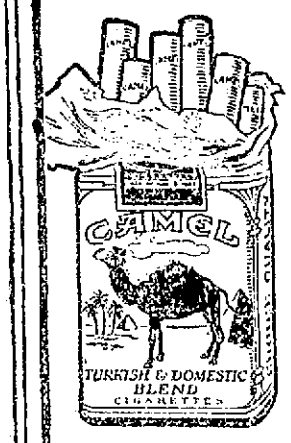

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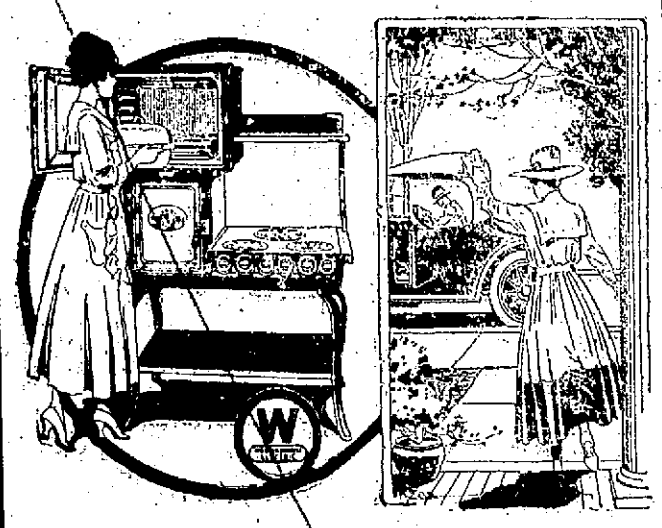

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No Defense

By Gilbert Parker

Author of "The Seats of the Mighty" "The Right of Way"

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SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I.—Returning home after a day's shooting, Dyck Calhoun, gifted young Irish gentleman of the time of the French and American revolution, meets Sheila Llyn, seventeen-year-old girl visiting in the neighborhood. They are mutually attracted. Sheila never knew her dissipated father, Erris Boyne, her mother having divorced him and resumed her maiden name.

CHAPTER II.—Reaching home, Dyck finds Lieutenant Mallow, son of Lord Mallow, with a message from the attorney general summoning Miles Calhoun, Dyck's father, to Dublin.

CHAPTER III.—They go to Dublin and there Mallow quarrels with Dyck and a duel is arranged. They fight with swords and Dyck is victor.

CHAPTER IV.—Erris Boyne, secretly in French employ, gets Dyck drunk and tries to persuade him to join in revolt against England. They quarrel and Dyck is overheard to threaten Boyne. While the former is overcome with drugged wine, Boyne's second wife enters the room and stabs her faithless husband to the heart.

CHAPTER V.—Hours later the room is entered and Dyck arrested on a charge of murder. He does not know if he killed Boyne or not, he was so muddled with the drugged wine.

CHAPTER VI.—Sheila begs her mother to go to Dublin with her to help Dyck. Mrs. Llyn opposes the idea. A letter from Mrs. Llyn's wealthy brother in America invites them to come and live with him and they decide to go.

CHAPTER VII.—Dyck refuses to enter any plea to the charge of murder except "No Defense." He might have escaped by revealing Boyne's treachery but refuses to do so, on Sheila's account. He is sent to prison for eight years. Sheila writes Dyck, assuring him of her belief in his innocence and urging him to come to America after his prison term.

CHAPTER VIII.—Released after serving five years, Dyck is welcomed to freedom by his servant, Michael Clones, and a faithful friend, Christopher Doran. Those two are all who care to remember him. His prospects are destitute, his future bleak and his estate swallowed by creditors.

CHAPTER IX.—In London, almost penniless, Dyck receives a letter from Sheila inviting him to come to America and sending money for the voyage. He feels he cannot in honor go to her.

At a street corner, by a chemist's shop where a red light burned, Dyck opened and read the letter. This is what Sheila had written to him:

"My Dear Friend:

"The time is near (I understand by a free letter to my mother from an official) when you will be freed from prison and will face the world again. I have not written you since your trial, but I have never forgotten and never shall. I have been forbidden to write to you or think of you, but I will take my own way about you. I have known all that has happened since we left Ireland, through the letters my mother has received. I know that Blaymore has been sold, and I am sorry.

"Now that your day of release is near, and you are to be again a free man, have you decided about your future? Is it to be in Ireland? No, I think not. Ireland is no place for a sane and level man to fight his fight for honor, fame and name. I hear that things are worse there in every way than they have been in our lifetime.

"After what has happened in any case, it is not a child that offers you a chance. Listen to me. Ireland and England are not the only places in the world. My uncle came here to Virginia a poor man. He is now immensely rich. He had little to begin with, but he was young like you—indeed, a little older than you—when he first came. He invested wisely, worked bravely, and his wealth grew fast. No man needs a fortune to start the business of life in this country. He can get plenty of land for almost nothing he can get credit for planting and furnishing it, and, if he has friends, they are likely to be.

"All [illegible] you is ready for the asking if you think it over, and meanwhile we know there has been raised in the firm in Dublin money enough to [illegible] you here with comfort. You must not refuse it. Take it as a loan if [illegible] I know you will not take it as a gift.

"I do not know the story of the killing as it was told in court. Well, some one did kill the man, but not you, and it will come out in time. It may well come to the out of the courts of heaven and say if it there it was decreed you were a rogue. I should say heaven was no place for me. No, of one thing I am sure—you never [illegible] an undeserved man. Wayward, [illegible] reckless, disregard you may have been, but you were never dishonest—never!

"When you are free, lift up your shoulders to all the threats of time, then go straight to the old firm where [illegible] will take care and [illegible] you. If you let me know you are coming I will be there to meet you. I am [illegible] to make you [illegible] to [illegible] for you. [illegible]

"[illegible] for the Virginia [illegible] the new life here [illegible] Have no fear [illegible] that has thus far helped you will guide you to the end.

"I write without my mother's permission, but my uncle knows, and though he does not approve, he does not condemn.

"Once more good-by, my dear friend, and God be with you.

"SHEILA LLYN.

"P. S.—I wonder where you will read this letter. I hope it will find you before your release. Please remember that she who writes it summons you from the darkness where you are, to light and freedom here."

Slowly Dyck folded up the letter, when he had read it, and put it in his pocket. Then he turned with pale face and gaunt look to Michael Clones.

"Michael," said he, "that letter is from a lady. It comes from her new home in Virginia."

Michael nodded.

"Aye, aye, sir, I understand you," he said. "Then she doesn't know the truth about her father?"

Dyck sighed heavily.

"No, Michael, she doesn't know the truth."

"I don't believe it would make any difference to her if she did know."

"It would make all the difference to me, Michael. She says she wishes to help me. She tells me that money's been sent to the big firm in Dublin—money to take me across the sea to Virginia."

Michael's face clouded.

"Yes, sir. To Virginia—and what then?"

"Michael, we haven't a penny in the world, you and I, but if I took one farthing of that money I should hope you would kill me. I'm hungry; we've had nothing to eat since yesterday; but if I could put my hands upon that money here and now I wouldn't touch it. Michael, it looks as if we shall have to take to the trade of the footpad."

CHAPTER X.

The Hour Before the Mutiny.

"How did it happen, Michael?"

As he spoke, Dyck looked round the forecastle of the Ariadne with a restless and inquisitive expression.

Michael was seated a few feet away, his head bent forward, his hands clasped around his knees.

"Well, it don't matter one way or another," he replied; "but it was like

"How Did it Happen, Michael?"

this: The night you got a letter from Virginia we was penniless; so at last I went with my watch to the pawnbroker's. You said you'd wait till I got back, though you knew not where I was goin'. When I got back, you were still broodin'. You were seated on a horseblock by the chemist's lamp where you had read the letter. It's not for me to say of what you were thinkin'; but I could guess. You'd been struck hard, and there had come to you a letter from one who meant more to you than all the rest of the world; and you wouldn't answer it because things weren't right. As I stood lookin' at you, wonderin' what to do, though I had twelve shillin's in my pocket from the watch I'd pawned, there came four men, and I knew from their looks they were recruitin' officers of the navy. I saw what was in their eyes. They knew—as why shouldn't they, when they saw a gentleman like you in peasant clothes?—that luck had been agin' us.

"What the end would have been I don't know. It was you that solved the problem, not them. You looked at the first man of them hard. Then you got to your feet.

"'Michael,' says you quietly, 'I'm going to sea. England's at war, and there's work to do. So let's make for a king's ship, and have done with misery and poverty.'

"Then you waved a hand to the man in command of the recruitin' gang, and presently stepped up to him and his friends.

"'Sir,' I said to you, 'I'm not going to be pressed into the navy.'

"'There's no pressin', Michael,' you answered. 'We'll be quota men. We'll do it for cash—for forty pounds each, and no other. You let them have you as you are. But if you don't want to come,' you added, 'it's all the same to me.'

"Faith, I knew that was only talk. I knew you wanted me. Also I knew the king's navy needed me, for men are hard to get. So, when they'd paid us the cash—forty pounds apiece—I stepped in behind you, and here we are—here we are! Forty pounds apiece—equal to three years' wages of an ordinary recruit of the army. It ain't bad, but we're here for three years, and no escape from it. Yes, here we are!"

Dyck laughed.

"Aye, here we're likely to remain, Michael. There's only this to be said—we'll be fighting the French soon, and it's easy to die in the midst of a great fight. If we don't die, Michael, something else will turn up, maybe."

"That's true, sir! They'll make an officer of you, among the common herd. It's the dregs o' the world that comes to the ship's bottom in time of peace or war."

"Well, I'm the dregs of the world, Michael. I'm the supreme dregs."

Somehow the letter from Virginia had decided Dyck Calhoun's fate for him. Here he was—at sea, a common sailor in the navy. He and Michael Clones had eaten and drunk as sailors do, and they had realized that, as they ate and drank on the River Thames, they would not eat and drink on the watery fairway. They had seen the tank foul with age, from which water was drawn for men who could not live without it, and the smell of it had revolted Dyck's senses. They had seen the kegs of pickled meat, and they had been told of the evil rations given to the sailors at sea.

The Ariadne had been a flagship in her day, the home of an admiral and his staff. She carried seventy-four guns, was easily obedient to her swift sail, and had a reputation for gallantry. From the first hour on board, Dyck Calhoun had fitted in; with a discerning eye he had understood the seamen's needs and the weaknesses of the system.

The months he had spent between his exit from prison and his entrance into the Ariadne had roughened, though not coarsened, Dyck's outward appearance. From his first appearance among the seamen he had set himself to become their leader. His enlistment was for three years, and he meant that these three should prove the final success of this naval enterprise, or the stark period in a calendar of tragedy.

The life of the sailor, with its coarseness and drudgery, its inadequate pay, its evil-smelling food, its maggoty bread, its beer drawn from casks that once had held oil or fish, its sinking salt-meat barrels, the hideous stench of the bilge-water—all this could in one sense be no worse than his sufferings in jail. In spite of self-control, jail had been to him the degredation of his hopes, the humiliation of his manhood. He had suffered cold, dampness, fever, and indigestion there, and it had sapped the fresh fiber of life in him.

From the moment Dyck arrived on board the Ariadne he was a marked man. Ferens, a disfranchised solicitor, who knew his story, spread the unwholesome truth about him among the ship's people, and he received attentions at once offensive and flattering. The best educated of the ship's hands approached him on the grievances with which the whole navy was stirring.

Something had put a new spirit into the life of his majesty's ships; it was, in a sense, the reflection of the French Revolution and Tom Paine's "Age of Reason." What the Americans had done in establishing a republic, what France was doing by her revolution, got into the veins and minds of some men in England, but it got into the veins and minds of the sailor first; for, however low his origin, he had intercourse not given to the average landsman. He visited foreign ports, he came in touch with other elements than those of British life and character.

Of all the ships in the navy the Ariadne was the best that Dyck Calhoun could have entered. Her officers were humane and friendly, yet firm; and it was quite certain that if mutiny came they would be treated well. The agitation on the Ariadne in support of the grievances of the sailors was so moderate, that, from the first, Dyck threw in his lot with it. Ferens, the former solicitor, first came to him with a list of proposals, which only repeated the demands made by the agitators at Spithead.

"You're new among us," said Ferens to Dyck. "You don't quite know what we've been doing, I suppose. Some of us have been in the navy for two years, and some for ten. There are men on this ship who could tell you stories that would make your blood run cold—take my word for it. There's a lot of things goin' on that oughtn't to be goin' on. The time has come for reform.

"Things are movin', and we've got to take our stand now when the time is ripe for it, or else lose it forever. Over at Spithead they're gettin' their own way. The government are goin' to send the admiralty board down here, because our admiral says to them that it won't be safe goin' unless they do."

"And what are we going to do here?" asked Dyck. "What's the game of the fleet at the Nore?"

Ferens replied in a low voice:

"Our men are goin' to send out petitions—to the admiralty and to the house of commons."

"Why don't you try Lord Howe?"

"He's not in command of a fleet now. Besides, petitions have been sent him, and he's taken no notice."

"Howe? No notice—the best admiral we ever had! I don't believe it," declared Dyck savagely. "Why, the whole navy believes in Howe. They haven't forgotten what he did in '94. He's as near to the seaman as the seaman is to his mother. He's a big enough friend of the sailor to waste no time before doing his turn."

Ferens shook his head morosely.

"That may be," he said, "but the petitions were sent weeks ago, and there's no sign from Lord Howe. He was at Bath for gout. My idea is he referred them to the admiral commanding at Portsmouth, and was told that behind the whole thing is conspiracy—French socialism and English politics. I give you my word there's no French agent in the fleet, and if there were, it wouldn't have any effect. Our men's grievances are not new. They're as old as Cromwell."

Suddenly a light of suspicion flashed into Ferens' face.

"You're with us, aren't you? You see the wrongs we've suffered, and how bad it all is! Yet you haven't been on a voyage with us. You've only tasted the life in harbor. Good God, this life is heaven to what we have at sea! We don't mind the fightin'. We'd rather fight than eat."

An evil grin covered his face for a minute. "Yes, we'd rather fight than eat, for the stuff we get to eat is hell's broil, God knows! Did you ever think what the life of the sailor is, that swings at the top of a mast with the frost freezin' his very soul, and because he's slow, owin' to the cold, gets twenty lashes for not bein' quicker? Well, I've seen that, and a bad sight it is. Did you ever see a man flogged? It ain't a pretty sight. First, the back takes the click of the whip like a d—d washboard, and you see the ridges rise and go purple and red, and the man has his breath knocked clean out of him with every blow. Nearly every stroke takes off the skin and draws the blood, and a dozen will make the back a ditch of murder. Then the whipper steps, looks at the lashes, feels them tender like, and out and down it comes again. When all the back is ridged and scarred, the flesh, that looked clean and beautiful, becomes a bloody mass. Some men get a hundred lashes, and that's torture and death.

(To Be Continued)

PROPAGANDISTS IN RUSSIA ANNOUNCE LARGE CONTRACTS

FALSE REPORTS OF GIGANTIC SALES NEGOTIATED WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS IS CIRCULATED THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY

Berlin—Russian trade has become a sort of will-o-the-wisp to European newspaper men and American newspaper correspondents in the European capitals. Scarcely a day passes that some Bolshevist agent does not announce a gigantic contract entered into by the Russian government with some great concern, usually a German or English corporation.

If all the locomotives and cars which Russia has been reported to have contracted for in the last year were delivered the former empire would require additional trackage to accommodate them.

Must Pay in Advance

At one time an announcement was made that 10,000 locomotives were contracted for in Germany alone. When the report was run to ground it was learned that an actual deposit had been made on a contract for 100 locomotives, and it cannot be learned that any of these have been delivered as yet.

Bolshevist agents also announced a contract for 10,000 tractors had been made with an American automobile factory. The owner of this factory advised the Soviet agents that delivery of the tractors would begin as soon as Bolshevist agents had Soviet gold turned into Swedish coin and deposited in a Stockholm bank. The gold was not forthcoming. The tractors were not shipped, but the Soviet propagandists failed to herald that fact as widely as they did the signing of the contract.

One American concern which shipped 30 tractors to Reval without having any deposit on them still has the tractors in storage in Esthonia and there is no indication that the Soviet officials will fulfill their agreement to take them.

Cool Towards U. S. Firms

Since the commercial agreements were framed by the Bolsheviki with Germany and Great Britain there has been a noticeable cooling of the Bolshevist foreign representatives toward America. For the moment they pretend to be extremely indifferent as to whether they establish closer trade relations with America. But this is apparently not giving any uneasiness to Americans who have actually been in contact with Bolshevist agents and have tried to close contracts on a strictly business basis.

Contracts Good on "Paper"

A Danish exporter and importer, who is representing many American firms in their efforts to get actual contracts with Soviet government, backed by substantial cash advances, told the correspondent: "I am done chasing after this threatened Bolshevist business. There have been some contracts closed. I know a few men who have sold the Bolsheviki stuff which they actually had to have. I know men who have made a lot of money out of their business. But I know a lot more who have signed up wonderful paper contracts that never came to anything. That has been my experience. I have been able to get wonderful promises, but I couldn't get any gold, and I didn't want to have a lot of stuff stacked up in storage at Reval as many men have who have sent shipments into the Baltic without advance payments sufficient to insure the delivery and final payment."

Germans Not Enthusiastic

German business men are apparently not enthusiastic about Russian business on the terms which the Bolshevist agents offer, and there is no disposition to execute wholesale contracts without something more definite in the way of payment than Soviet signatures. German papers continue to be skeptical about the possibility of trade with Soviet Russia, especially since the Soviet government has refused to grant admission to many German business representatives who have sought to make an investigation of economic conditions there.

Recently a number of German fur dealers and leather merchants asked permission to visit Russia, but were denied vises. This caused much comment in commercial circles. The Soviet government said it would admit these men if the government desired to send them as official trade experts, but would not allow them to enter as representatives of commercial concerns. Small shipments of sample hides and furs were made by the Soviet government from Moscow to Leipsig, with the explanation that these samples would make it possible for German merchants to make contracts in Germany for Russian furs.

Transportation Poor

The Soviet government's refusal to admit William F. Johnston, the president of the American International Machinists, has also been much commented on by the German press, which expresses surprise as Johnston had been an earnest advocate of trade relations between America and Russia.

With Russia's transportation so badly down that there is little hope of moving large quantities of heavy freight, and with the Russian gold reserve down to a point believed to be under $200,000,000, practical German business men generally discount the idea that a speedy resumption of business on a large scale is possible, even if the Soviet republic abandons its monopolization of trade and makes it possible for individual initiative to have play.

NOVEL HOSPITAL IS FOSTERED BY A CHICAGO PAPER

FRESH AIR FUND SANITARIUM FOR CHICAGO BABIES AND THEIR MOTHERS IS FATHERED BY CHICAGO NEWS.

Chicago, July 12.—One of the most unusual charity institutions of the country, The Chicago Daily News Air Fund sanitarium for sick babies, has just opened its thirty-fifth season in a new $271,000 fire-proof building on an island here in Lincoln Park. In its previous wooden plant in the park, the sanitarium cared for more than 70,000 sick babies, received more than 310,000 mothers and older brothers and sisters, and passed through more than double this number of visitors.

Everything Free

Everything at the sanitarium is free, including medication for children and for mothers, if it is required. The patients are treated at the sanitarium during the day and if further medication is needed, the mother is given medicines to take home.

The institution is operated [illegible] weeks of the year, during the summer school vacation period, and open daily except Sunday from [illegible] m. until 5 p. m.

It is a hope of the comptroller of the sanitarium's Fresh Air Fund that with its new plant the season may be extended until every [illegible] cases can be taken the year around under day and night staffs and at the hospital until cured.

The principal feature of the sanitarium is its fresh air pavilion only a step or two from lake Michigan. This has a great expanse of floor, 300 feet long and more than 100 feet wide, where swing 200 babies lake breezes blow. The hospital section adjoining is thoroughly equipped. It takes care also of eczema cases in the park.

The staff of the Fresh Air Fund sanitarium this year, under the direction of Dr. Rhoda Pike Barstow, includes five resident doctors, four graduate nurses, four undergraduate nurses and eight others who hand registration, etc. Twelve of Chicago's leading baby specialists also contribute much of their time without charge.

The charity fund which maintains the institution is supported by the Chicago Daily News and by contributions ranging from 10 cents upwards from over the city and country also from beyond this state.

ST. LOUIS PLANS JUNIOR POLICE DEPARTMENT

St. Louis—St. Louis plans a junior police department, composed of boys between 12 and 18 years old, to stem crime among juveniles as a crime prevention measure. Victor J. Miller, president of the Board of Commissioners, is sponsor of the movement.

Permanent positions with pay are planned for some of the boys who would wear uniforms and badges, Miller said. Juniors would not have power to make arrests, but would operate with the city police and report cases of juveniles who are straying from the right path, he added.

Organization of the department will get under way as soon as plans are fully worked out, he reported. It is intended to graduate juniors to the senior force.

"Crime prevention is the object of the organization," the head of the local police continued. "If we can teach the boys to respect and uphold the laws, we will save scores of them from following paths that lead to the penitentiaries.

"The strongholds of the department should be in the tenement districts. It is largely from these sections that criminals come. There is where youngsters often learn the rudiments of crime."

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—Ford car. Telephone North. Phone 636. Frank Carey. 6-24tf

FOR SALE—7 room modern house on 9th street north. Will sell at before war prices. Tel. 1075. 7-19

IF YOU WANT to buy, sell or rent a home see Geo. W. Lyons, 780 Hale St. Phone Red 1016. 7-8tf

IF YOU WANT TO BUY or sell your property see me at once. Bargains in city property and farms. I get results. Geo. Forrand. Phone 755. 3-21tf

FOR SALE—Your choice of any one or all of 3 lots located only 2 blocks from the postoffice and 4 blocks from Lincoln school, 2 lots on 4th street and 1 lot on 3rd street. Rated as one of the best locations in this city. Edward Pomainville, dealer in Real Estate and all kinds of Insurance Phone 216. 7-30

FARM LANDS

FOR SALE—80 acres clay farm. 3 miles from Colby, Wisconsin. Crops, stock and machinery. Extra fine buildings. Will take city property as part pay. Act quickly. Andrew Zurfluh, Nekoosa. Phone Nekoosa 33. 7-20

USED CAR BARGAINS

FOR SALE—Five passenger Buick Model 1919 first class condition. Call 259. 7-21

FOR SALE—Motorcycle, 1919 model. Three speed with side car. Cheap. Phone 455. 7-21

FOR SALE—1 Light Studebaker Six. Driven less than 200 miles. Nash Hdw. Co. 7-19

FOR SALE—One new 1921 Ford touring car with starter and demountable rims. Also one 1918 Ford roadster with truck box. Norris Sale Stable east side. Phone 173. 7-23

FOR SALE—1 1920 Dodge touring; 1 1917 Chalmers Six touring; 1 1918 Paige Six touring; 1 1917 Auburn Beauty touring; 1 1920 Ford Coupe; 1 1918 Dodge Roadster. These cars all carry a guaranteed to be perfect mechanically. Auto Exchange, 1st Ave. No. We buy, sell or trade. 7-13tf

AUTO TIRES

TIRES EXCHANGED—We will take your old tires in exchange for new ones. We handle the Goodyear [illegible] Blowout, Gopher and several other the best makes in the country. [illegible] dealing and reasonable profit. [illegible] County Tire Company, East Side [illegible] 3-1[illegible]

BATTERY SERVICE

WISCONSIN RAPIDS [illegible]DE S[illegible]TION—We charge and repair [illegible] makes of batteries. Work guarante[illegible] 205 Oak St. Phone 493. 7-1[illegible]

PREST-O-LITE SERVICE—Batteries charged, repaired and rebuilt. W[illegible] guaranteed. Phone 1044. Baehrs, [illegible]tery & Supply Co., 1st Ave. No[illegible] 3-17t[illegible]

WILLARD STORAGE BATTERY SERVICE—I carry a complete line [illegible] new batteries for all makes of c[illegible] and repair all makes of batter[illegible] Staub Electric Shop. Phone 203 1st St. North, East Side. 5-t[illegible]

TAXI SERVICE

ANDY'S TAXI LINE—Careful [illegible]ers, day and night service. Fu[illegible] and weddings. Reasonable pr[illegible] Phone 207. Office 3rd Ave. S. 7-1[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS

ROOF PAINTING AND REPAIR—Call Green 107. Gus. Rieman. 7-[illegible]

LOST

LOST—Ten dollars tied in a handkerchief. Return same to Peter Hern[illegible] 562 Grant St. Phone 1011. 7-1[illegible]

LOST—A black pocket book containing check and cash payable to Kie[illegible]busch Grocery Company, Wausau. R[illegible]turn to Daily Tribune. Reward. 7-[illegible]

NOTICE

—Important to members of Peter & Paul's C. O. F. 496. Mo[illegible] Wednesday evening, July 20, 8 [illegible] The final arrangements for our an[illegible] picnic and chicken chowder will [illegible] made. We want you present. 7-1[illegible]

LODGE NOTICE

—Loyal Order of Moose meeti[illegible] Wednesday, July 20th. All officers [illegible]tend. Special business. 7-20

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Wisconsin Rapids Daily Tribune WANT ADS Bring Results

Based on five words to line.

1 time .....10c per line
3 times .....9c per line
6 times .....8c per line

No ad taken for less than two lines nor less than 25c for one time.

All classified ads strictly cash in advance.

To insure publication the day they are received, all classified advertisements must be in this office not later than 11:00 o'clock a. m.

HELP WANTED—Male or Female

WANTED—Bookkeeper and assistant bookkeeper. Wholesale business. City of 13,000. Please state experience, references, age and whether married or single. Address C. C. Tribune. 7-21

HELP WANTED—MALE

HELP WANTED—Young man wanted at Cozy Cafe. 7-19tf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Competent girl for general work. Hotel Witter. 7-19

WANTED—Girl capable of doing office work. One with stenographic and bookkeeping experience preferred. Apply Tribune office. 7-21

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—To do light housework by girl of 14 years old. Phone Red 179. 7-20

WANTED—Position as housekeeper by middle-aged woman. Address F. Tribune. 7-25

WANTED TO RENT

WANTED—Three or four rooms unfurnished on east side. Phone No. 10. 7-2tf

WANTED TO RENT—3 or 4 rooms for light housekeeping: furnished or unfurnished. Address M. J.-4 care of Tribune.

ATTENTION NEKOOSA!

WANTED—2 or 3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping, in Nekoosa. Miss Peters, care of Tribune. 6-27tf

WANTED TO RENT—5 or 6 room house or will consider flat or 4 rooms with family without children. Reply by letter to M. J. 4 care Daily Tribune. tf

ROOMS FOR RENT

ROOMS FOR RENT—549 7th Ave. S. Phone Blue 280. 7-25

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED—Good rabbit hound. Tel. Red 703. 7-20

WANTED—Ford truck. Have roadster to trade. P. Amondson, Pittsville, Wis. 7-20

WANTED TO BUY—I am always in the market for furniture, stoves and other household articles. If you have such articles for sale call on C. H. Klug, 165 First St. North or phone 1177. 6-21tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—4-Burner "Quick Meal" oil stove, in good condition. 471 8th Ave. South.

FOR SALE—Light spring wagons, open and top buggies, good as new, at bargains. Sweet & Anderson Carriage Works, Baker street. 7-8tf

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

FOR SALE—Household furniture. 1265 Apricot St. 7-20

FOR SALE—Ice boxes at C. H. Klug's Second Hand Store. 7-6tf

FOR SALE—Kitchen cabinet, 2 rugs and on oil stove. Call Green 954. 7-21

FOR SALE—A gasoline range. Very cheap if taken at once. Phone Green 1117. 7-1tf

LOCAL REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—Modern home on 9th St.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

No Defense

By Gilbert Parker

Author of "The Seats of the Mighty" "The Right of Way"

Copyright by Sir Gilbert Parker.

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I.—Returning home after a day's shooting, Dyck Calhoun, gifted young Irish gentleman of the time of the French and American revolution, meets Sheila Llyn, seventeen-year-old girl visiting in the neighborhood. They are mutually attracted. Sheila never knew her dissipated father, Erris Boyne, her mother having divorced him and resumed her maiden name.

CHAPTER II.—Reaching home, Dyck finds Lieut. Mallow, son of Lord Mallow, with a message from the attorney general summoning Miles Calhoun, Dyck's father, to Dublin.

CHAPTER III.—They go to Dublin and there Mallow quarrels with Dyck and a duel is arranged. They fight with swords and Dyck is victor.

CHAPTER IV.—Erris Boyne, secretly in French employ, gets Dyck drunk and tries to persuade him to join in revolt against England. They quarrel and Dyck is overheard to threaten Boyne. While the former is overcome with drugged wine, Boyne's second wife enters the room and stabs her faithless husband to the heart.

CHAPTER V.—Hours later the room is entered and Dyck arrested on a charge of murder. He does not know if he killed Boyne or not, he was so muddled with the drugged wine.

CHAPTER VI.—Sheila begs her mother to go to Dublin with her to help Dyck. Mrs. Llyn opposes the idea. A letter from Mrs. Llyn's wealthy brother in America invites them to come and live with him, and they decide to go.

CHAPTER VII.—Dyck refuses to enter any plea to the charge of murder except "No Defense." He might have escaped by revealing Boyne's treachery but refuses to do so, on Sheila's account. He is sent to prison for eight years. Sheila writes Dyck, assuring him of her belief in his innocence and urging him to come to America after his prison term.

CHAPTER VIII.—Released after serving four years, Dyck is welcomed to freedom by his servant, Michael Clones, and a faithful friend, Christopher Dogan. Those two are all who care to remember him. He is practically destitute, his father dead and his estate swallowed by creditors.

CHAPTER IX.—In London, almost penniless, Dyck receives a letter from Sheila inviting him to come to America and sending money for the voyage. He feels he cannot in honor go to her.

At a street corner, by a chemist's shop where a red light burned, Dyck opened and read the letter. This is what Sheila had written to him:

"My Dear Friend:

"The time is near (I understand by a late letter to my mother from an official) when you will be freed from prison and will face the world again. I have not written you since your trial, but I have never forgotten and never shall. I have been forbidden to write to you or think of you, but I will take my own way about you. I have known all that has happened since we left Ireland, through the letters my mother has received. I know that Playmore has been sold, and I am sorry.

"Now that your day of release is near, and you are to be again a free man, have you decided about your future? Is it to be in Ireland? No, I think not. Ireland is no place for a sane and level man to fight his fight for honor, fame and name. I hear that things are worse there in every way than they have been in our lifetime.

"After what has happened in any case, it is not a field that offers you a chance. Listen to me. Ireland and England are not the only places in the world. My uncle came here to Virginia a poor man. He is now immensely rich. He had little to begin with, but he was young like you—indeed, a little older than you—when he first came. He invested wisely, worked bravely, and his wealth grew fast. No man needs a fortune to start the business of life in this country. He can get plenty of land for almost nothing; he can get credit for planting and furnishing his land, and, if he has friends, the credit is sure.

"All America is ready for 'the likes of you.' Think it over, and meanwhile please know there has been placed with the firm in Dublin money enough to bring you here with comfort. You must not refuse it. Take it as a loan, for I know you will not take it as a gift.

"I do not know the story of the killing, even as it was told in court. Well, some one killed the man, but not you, and the truth will come out in time. If one should come to me out of the courts of heaven and say that there it was declared you were a rogue, I should say heaven was no place for me. No, of one thing I am sure—you never killed an undefended man. Wayward, wanton, reckless, dissipated you may have been, but you were never depraved—never!

"When you are free, lift up your shoulders to all the threats of time, then go straight to the old firm where the money is, draw it, take ship and come here. If you let me know you are coming, I will be there to meet you when you step ashore, to give you a firm hand-clasp to tell you that in this land there is a good place for you, if you will win it.

"If you take ship for the Virginia coast, enter upon the new life here with faith and courage. Have no fear. Heaven that has thus far helped you will guide you to the end.

"I write without my mother's permission, but my uncle knows, and though he does not approve, he does not condemn.

"Once more good-by, my dear friend, and God be with you.

"SHEILA LLYN.

"P. S.—I wonder where you will read this letter. I hope it will find you before your release. Please remember that she who writes it summons you from the darkness where you are, to light and freedom here."

Slowly Dyck folded up the letter, when he had read it, and put it in his pocket. Then he turned with pale face and gaunt look to Michael Clones.

"Michael," said he, "that letter is from a lady. It comes from her new home in Virginia."

Michael nodded.

"Aye, aye, sir, I understand you," he said. "Then she doesn't know the truth about her father?"

Dyck sighed heavily.

"No, Michael, she doesn't know the truth."

"I don't believe it would make any difference to her if she did know."

"It would make all the difference to me, Michael. She says she wishes to help me. She tells me that money's been sent to the big firm in Dublin—money to take me across the sea to Virginia."

Michael's face clouded.

"Yes, sir. To Virginia—and what then?"

"Michael, we haven't a penny in the world, you and I, but if I took one farthing of that money I should hope you would kill me. I'm hungry; we've had nothing to eat since yesterday; but if I could put my hands upon that money here and now I wouldn't touch it. Michael, it looks as if we shall have to take to the trade of the footpad."

CHAPTER X.

The Hour Before the Mutiny.

"How did it happen, Michael?"

As he spoke, Dyck looked round the forecastle of the Arhdne with a restless and inquisitive expression.

Michael was seated a few feet away, his head bent forward, his hands clasped around his knees.

"Well, it don't matter one way or 'nother," he replied; "but it was like

"How Did it Happen, Michael?"

this: The night you got a letter from Virginia we was penniless; so at last I went with my watch to the pawnbroker's. You said you'd wait till I got back, though you knew not where I was goin'. When I got back, you were still broodin'. You were seated on a horseblock by the chemist's lamp where you had read the letter. It's not for me to say of what you were thinkin'; but I could guess. You'd been struck hard, and there had come to you a letter from one who meant more to you than all the rest of the world; and you wouldn't answer it because things weren't right. As I stood lookin' at you, wonderin' what to do, though I had twelve shillin's in my pocket from the watch I'd pawned, there came four men, and I knew from their looks they were recruitin' officers of the navy. I saw what was in their eyes. They knew—as why shouldn't they, when they saw a gentleman like you in peasant clothes?—that luck had beenag'in' us.

"What the end would have been I don't know. It was you that solved the problem, not them. You looked at the first man of them hard. Then you got to your feet.

"'Michael,' says you quietly, 'I'm going to sea. England's at war, and there's work to do. So let's make for a king's ship, and have done with misery and poverty.'

"Then you waved a hand to the man in command of the recruitin' gang, and presently stepped up to him and his friends.

"'Sir,' I said to you, 'I'm not going to be pressed into the navy.'

"'There's no pressin', Michael,' you answered. 'We'll be quota men. We'll do it for cash—for forty pounds each, and no other. You let them have you as you are. But if you don't want to come,' you added, 'it's all the same to me.'

"Faith, I knew that was only talk. I knew you wanted me. Also I knew the king's navy needed me, for men are hard to get. So, when they'd paid us the cash—forty pounds apiece—I stepped in behind you, and here we are—here we are! Forty pounds apiece—equal to three years' wages of an ordinary recruit of the army. It ain't bad, but we're here for three years, and no escape from it. Yes, here we are!"

Dyck laughed.

"Aye, here we're likely to remain, Michael. There's only this to be said—we'll be fighting the French soon, and it's easy to die in the midst of a great fight. If we don't die, Michael, something else will turn up, maybe."

"That's true, sir! They'll make an officer of you, among the common herd. It's the dregs o' the world that comes to the ship's bottom in time of peace or war."

"Well, I'm the dregs of the world, Michael. I'm the supreme dregs."

Somehow the letter from Virginia had decided Dyck Calhoun's fate for him. Here he was—at sea, a common sailor in the navy. He and Michael Clones had eaten and drunk as sailors do, and they had realized that, as they ate and drank on the River Thames, they would not eat and drink on the watery fairway. They had seen the tank foul with age, from which water was drawn for men who could not live without it, and the smell of it had revolted Dyck's senses. They had seen the kegs of pickled meat, and they had been told of the evil rations given to the sailors at sea.

The Ariadne had been a flagship in her day, the home of an admiral and his staff. She carried seventy-four guns, was easily obedient to her swift sail, and had a reputation for gallantry. From the first hour on board, Dyck Calhoun had fitted in; with a discerning eye he had understood the seamen's needs and the weaknesses of the system.

The months he had spent between his exit from prison and his entrance into the Ariadne had roughened, though not coarsened, Dyck's outward appearance. From his first appearance among the seamen he had set himself to become their leader. His enlistment was for three years, and he meant that these three should prove the final success of this naval enterprise, or the stark period in a calendar of tragedy.

The life of the sailor, with its coarseness and drudgery, its inadequate pay, its evil-smelling food, its maggoty bread, its beer drawn from casks that once had held oil or fish, its stinking salt-meat barrels, the hideous stench of the bilge-water—all this could in one sense be no worse than his sufferings in jail. In spite of self-control, jail had been to him the degradation of his hopes, the humiliation of his manhood. He had suffered cold, dampness, fever, and indigestion there, and it had sapped the fresh fiber of life in him.

From the moment Dyck arrived on board the Ariadne he was a marked man. Ferens, a disfranchised solicitor, who knew his story, spread the unwholesome truth about him among the ship's people, and he received attentions at once offensive and flattering. The best educated of the ship's hands approached him on the grievances with which the whole navy was stirring.

Something had put a new spirit into the life of his majesty's ships; it was, in a sense, the reflection of the French Revolution and Tom Paine's "Age of Reason." What the Americans had done in establishing a republic, what France was doing by her revolution, got into the veins and minds of some men in England, but it got into the veins and minds of the sailor first; for, however low his origin, he had intercourse not given to the average landsman. He visited foreign ports, he came in touch with other elements than those of British life and character.

Of all the ships in the navy the Ariadne was the best that Dyck Calhoun could have entered. Her officers were humane and friendly, yet firm; and it was quite certain that if mutiny came they would be treated well. The agitation on the Ariadne in support of the grievances of the sailors was so moderate, that, from the first, Dyck threw in his lot with it. Ferens, the former solicitor, first came to him with a list of proposals, which only repeated the demands made by the agitators at Spithead.

"You're new among us," said Ferens to Dyck. "You don't quite know what we're been doing, I suppose. Some of us have been in the navy for two years, and some for ten. There are men on this ship who could tell you stories that would make your blood run cold—take my word for it. There's a lot of things goin' on that oughtn't to be goin' on. The time has come for reform.

"'Things are movin', and we've got to take our stand now when the time is ripe for it, or else lose it forever. Over at Spithead they're gettin' their own way. The government are goin' to send the admiralty board down here, because our admiral says to them that it won't be safe goin' unless they do."

"And what are we going to do here?" asked Dyck. "What's the game of the fleet at the Nore?"

Ferens replied in a low voice:

"Our men are goin' to send out petitions—to the admiralty and to the house of commons."

"Why don't you try Lord Howe?"

"He's not in command of a fleet now. Besides, petitions have been sent him, and he's taken no notice."

"Howe? No notice—the best admiral we ever had! I don't believe it," declared Dyck savagely. "Why, the whole navy believes in Howe. They haven't forgotten what he did in '94. He's as near to the seaman as the seaman is to his mother. He's a big enough friend of the sailor to waste no time before doing his turn."

Ferens shook his head morosely.

"That may be," he said, "but the petitions were sent weeks ago, and there's no sign from Lord Howe. He was at Bath for gout. My idea is he referred them to the admiral commanding at Portsmouth, and was told that behind the whole thing is conspiracy—French socialism and English politics. I give you my word there's no French agent in the fleet, and if there were, it wouldn't have any effect. Our men's grievances are not new. They're as old as Cromwell."

Suddenly a light of suspicion flashed into Ferens' face.

"You're with us, aren't you? You see the wrongs we've suffered, and how bad it all is! Yet you haven't been on a voyage with us. You've only tasted the life in harbor. Good God, this life is heaven to what we have at sea! We don't mind the fightin'. We'd rather fight than eat." An evil grin covered his face for a minute. "Yes, we'd rather fight than eat, for the stuff we get to eat is hell's broth, God knows! Did you ever think what the life of the sailor is, that swings at the top of a mast with the frost freezin' his very soul, and because he's slow, owin' to the cold, gets twenty lashes for not hein' quicker? Well, I've seen that, and a bad sight it is. Did you ever see a man flogged? It ain't a pretty sight. First, the back takes the click of the whip like a d—d washboard, and you see the ridges rise and go purple and red, and the man has his breath knocked clean out of him with every blow. Nearly every stroke takes off the skin and draws the blood, and a dozen will make the back a ditch of murder. Then the whipper stops, looks at the lashes, feels them tender like, and out and down it comes again. When all the back is ridged and scarred, the flesh, that looked clean and beautiful, becomes a bloody mass. Some men get a hundred lashes, and that's torture and death.

(To Be Continued)

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At one time an announcement was made that 10,000 locomotives were contracted for in Germany alone. When the report was run to ground it was learned that an actual deposit had been made on a contract for 100 locomotives, and it cannot be learned that any of these have been delivered as yet.

Bolshevist agents also announced a contract for 10,000 tractors had been made with an American automobile factory. The owner of this factory advised the Soviet agents that delivery of the tractors would begin as soon as Bolshevist agents had Soviet gold turned into Swedish coin and deposited in a Stockholm bank. The gold was not forthcoming. The tractors were not shipped, but the Soviet propagandists failed to herald that fact as widely as they did the signing of the contract.

One American concern which shipped 30 tractors to Reval without having any deposit on them still has the tractors in storage in Esthonia and there is no indication that the Soviet officials will fulfill their agreement to take them.

Cool Towards U. S. Firms

Since the commercial agreements were framed by the Bolsheviki with Germany and Great Britain there has been a noticeable cooling of the Bolshevist foreign representatives toward America. For the moment they pretend to be extremely indifferent as to whether they establish closer trade relations with America. But this is apparently not giving any uneasiness to Americans who have actually been in contact with Bolshevist agents and have tried to close contracts on a strictly business basis.

Contracts Good on "Paper"

A Danish exporter and importer, who is representing many American firms in their efforts to get actual contracts with Soviet government, backed by substantial cash advances, told the correspondent: "I am done chasing after this threatened Bolshevist business. There have been some contracts closed. I know a few men who have sold the Bolsheviki stuff which they actually had to have. I know men who have made a lot of money out of their business. But I know a lot more who have signed up wonderful paper contracts that never came to anything. That has been my experience. I have been able to get wonderful promises, but I couldn't get any gold, and I didn't want to have a lot of stuff stacked up in storage at Reval as many men have who have sent shipments into the Baltic without advance payments sufficient to insure the delivery and final payment."

Germans Not Enthusiastic

German business men are apparently not enthusiastic about Russian business on the terms which the Bolshevist agents offer, and there is no disposition to execute wholesale contracts without something more definite in the way of payment than Soviet signatures. German papers continue to be skeptical about the possibility of trade with Soviet Russia, especially since the Soviet government has refused to grant admission to many German business representatives who have sought to make an investigation of economic conditions there.

Recently a number of German fur dealers and leather merchants asked permission to visit Russia, but were denied vises. This caused much comment in commercial circles. The Soviet government said it would admit these men if the government desired to send them as official trade experts, but would not allow them to enter as representatives of commercial concerns. Small shipments of sample hides and furs were made by the Soviet government from Moscow to Leipsig, with the explanation that these samples would make it possible for German merchants to make contracts in Germany for Russian furs.

Transportation Poor

The Soviet government's refusal to admit William F. Johnston, the president of the American International Machinists, has also been much commented on by the German press, which expresses surprise as Johnston had been an earnest advocate of trade relations between America and Russia.

With Russia's transportation so badly down that there is little hope of moving large quantities of heavy freight, and with the Russian gold reserve down to a point believed to be under $200,000,000, practical German business men generally discount the idea that a speedy resumption of business on a large scale is possible, even if the Soviet republic abandons its monopolization of trade and makes it possible for individual initiative to have play.

NOVEL HOSPITAL IS FOSTERED BY A CHICAGO PAPER

FRESH AIR FUND SANITARIUM FOR CHICAGO BABIES AND THEIR MOTHERS IS FATHERED BY CHICAGO NEWS.

Chicago, July 12.—One of the most unusual charity institutions of the country, The Chicago Daily News Air Fund sanitarium for sick babies, has just opened its thirty-fifth season in a new $271,000 fire-proof building on an island here in Lincoln Park. In its previous wooden plant in the park, the sanitarium cared for more than 70,000 sick babies, received more than 840,000 mothers and older brothers and sisters, and passed through more than double this number of visitors.

Everything Free

Everything at the sanitarium is free, including medication for children and for mothers, if it is required. The patients are treated at the sanitarium during the day and if further medication is needed, the mother is given medicines to take home.

The institution is operated weeks of the year, during the summer school vacation period, and open daily except Sunday from a m. until 5 p. m.

It is a hope of the comptroller the sanitarium's Fresh Air Fund that with its new plant the season may be extended until events cases can be taken the year around under day and night staffs and at the hospital until cured.

The principal feature of the sanitarium is its fresh air pavilion only a step or two from lake Michigan. This has a great expanse floor, 300 feet long and more than 100 feet wide, where swing 200 babies lake breezes blow. The hospital section adjoining is thoroughly equipped. It takes care also of eczema cases in the park.

The staff of the Fresh Air Fund sanitarium this year, under the direction of Dr. Rhoda Pike Barstow, includes five resident doctors, four graduate nurses, four undergraduate nurses and eight others who handle registration, etc. Twelve of Chicago's leading baby specialists also contribute much of their time without charge.

The charity fund which maintains the institution is supported by the Chicago Daily News and by contributions ranging from 10 cents upwards from over the city and country also from beyond this state.

ST. LOUIS PLANS JUNIOR POLICE DEPARTMENT

St. Louis—St. Louis plans a junior police department, composed of boys between 12 and 18 years old, to stem among juveniles as a crime preventive measure. Victor J. Miller, president of the Board of Commissioners, is sponsor of the movement.

Permanent positions with pay are planned for some of the boys. They would wear uniforms and badges, Miller said. Juniors would not have power to make arrests, but would operate with the city police and report cases of juveniles who are straying from the right path, he added.

Organization of the department will get under way as soon as plans are fully worked out, he reported. It is intended to graduate juniors to the senior force.

"Crime prevention is the object of the organization," the head of the local police continued. "If we can teach the boys to respect and uphold the laws, we will save scores of them from following paths that lead to the penitentiaries.

"The strongholds of the department should be in the tenement districts. It is largely from these sections that the criminals come. There is where boys often learn the rudiments of crime."

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—Ford car. Telephone

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Wisconsin Rapids Daily Tribune WANT ADS Bring Results

Based on five words to line.

1 time .....10c per line
3 times .....9c per line
6 times .....8c per line

No ad taken for less than two lines nor less than 25c for one time.

All classified ads strictly cash in advance.

To insure publication the day they are received, all classified advertisements must be in this office not later than 11:00 o'clock a. m.

HELP WANTED—Male or Female

WANTED—Bookkeeper and assistant bookkeeper. Wholesale business. City of 13,000. Please state experience, references, age and whether married or single. Address C. C. Tribune. 7-21

HELP WANTED—MALE

HELP WANTED—Young man wanted at Cozy Cafe. 7-19tf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Competent girl for general work.. Hotel Witter. 7-19

WANTED—Girl capable of doing office work. One with stenographic and bookkeeping experience preferred. Apply Tribune office. 7-21

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—To do light housework by girl of 14 years old. Phone Red 179. 7-20

WANTED—Position as housekeeper by middle-aged woman. Address F. Tribune. 7-25

WANTED TO RENT

WANTED—Three or four rooms unfurnished on east side. Phone No. 10. 7-2tf

WANTED TO RENT—3 or 4 rooms for light housekeeping; furnished or unfurnished. Address M. J.-4 care of Tribune.

ATTENTION NEKOOSA!

WANTED—2 or 3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping, in Nekoosa. Miss Peters, care of Tribune. 6-27tf

WANTED TO RENT—5 or 6 room house or will consider flat or 4 rooms with family without children. Reply by letter to M. J. 4 care Daily Tribune. tf

ROOMS FOR RENT

ROOMS FOR RENT—549 7th Ave. S. Phone Blue 280. 7-25

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED—Good rabbit hound. Tel. Red 703. 7-20

WANTED—Ford truck. Have roadster to trade. P. Amundson, Pittsville, Wis. 7-20

WANTED TO BUY—I am always in the market for furniture, stoves and other household articles. If you have such articles for sale call on C. H. Klug, 165 First St. North or phone 1177. 6-21tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—4-Burner "Quick Meal" oil stove, in good condition. 471 8th Ave. South.

FOR SALE—Light spring wagons, open and top buggies, good as new, at bargains. Sweet & Anderson Carriage Works, Baker street. 7-8tf

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

FOR SALE—Household furniture. 1265 Apricot St. 7-20

FOR SALE—Ice boxes at C. H. Klug's Second Hand Store. 7-6tf

FOR SALE—Kitchen cabinet, 2 rugs and an oil stove. Call Green 954. 7-21

FOR SALE—A gasoline range. Very cheap if taken at once. Phone Green 1117. 7-1tf

LOCAL REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—Modern home on 9th St. North. Phone 636. Frank Carey. 6-24tf

FOR SALE—7 room modern house on 9th street north. Will sell at before war prices. Tel. 1075. 7-19

IF YOU WANT to buy, sell or rent a home see Geo. W. Lyons, 780 Hale St. Phone Red 1016. 7-8tf

IF YOU WANT TO BUY or sell your property see me at once. Bargains in city property and farms. I get results. Geo. Forrand. Phone 755. 8-21tf

FOR SALE—Your choice of any one or all of 3 lots located only 2 blocks from the postoffice and 4 blocks from Lincoln school, 2 lots on 4th street and 1 lot on 3rd street. Rated as one of the best locations in this city. Edward Pomainville, dealer in Real Estate and all kinds of Insurance. Phone 216. 7-30

FARM LANDS

FOR SALE—80 acres clay farm, 3 miles from Colby, Wisconsin. Crops, stock and machinery. Extra fine buildings. Will take city property as part pay. Act quickly. Andrew Zurfluh, Nekoosa. Phone Nekoosa 33. 7-20

USED CAR BARGAINS

FOR SALE—Five passenger Buick Model 1919 first-class condition. Call 259. 7-21

FOR SALE—Motorcycle, 1919 model. Three speed with side car. Cheap. Phone 455. 7-21

FOR SALE—1 Light Studebaker Six. Driven less than 200 miles. Nash Hdw. Co. 7-19

FOR SALE—One new 1921 Ford touring car with starter and demountable rims. Also one 1918 Ford roadster with truck box. Norris Side Stable east side. Phone 173. 7-23

FOR SALE—1 1920 Dodge touring; 1 1917 Chalmers Six touring; 1 1918 Paige Six touring; 1 1917 Auburn Beauty touring; 1 1920 Ford Coupe; 1 1918 Dodge Roadster. These cars all carry a guaranteed to be perfect mechanically. Auto Exchange, 1st Ave. No. We buy, sell or trade. 7-13tf

AUTO TIRES

TIRES EXCHANGED—We will take your old tires in exchange for new ones. We handle the Goodyear Blowout, Gopher and several other the best makes in the country. Fair dealing and reasonable profit. County Tire Company, East Side 8-1

BATTERY SERVICE

WISCONSIN RAPIDS SIDE STATION—We charge and repair all makes of batteries. Work guaranteed. 205 Oak St. Phone 493. 7-11

PREST-O-LITE SERVICE—Batteries charged, repaired and rebuilt. Work guaranteed. Phone 1044. Buehrs, Battery & Supply Co., 1st Ave. North 3-17t

WILLARD STORAGE BATTERY SERVICE—I carry a complete line of new batteries for all makes of cars and repair all makes of batteries. Staub Electric Shop. Phone 203. 1st St. North, East Side. 5-t

TAXI SERVICE

ANDY'S TAXI LINE—Careful drivers, day and night service. Funerals and weddings. Reasonable prices. Phone 307. Office 3rd Ave. S. 7-1

MISCELLANEOUS

ROOF PAINTING AND REPAIRING—Call Green 107. Gus. Rieman. 7-2

LOST

LOST—Ten dollars tied in a handkerchief. Return same to Peter Hera 562 Grant St. Phone 1011. 7-1

LOST—A black pocket book containing check and cash payable to Kiesbusch Grocery Company, Wausau. Return to Daily Tribune. Reward. 7-2

NOTICE

—Important to members of St. Peter & Paul's C. O. F. 496. Meet Wednesday evening, July 20, 8 p. The final arrangements for our annual picnic and chicken chowder will be made. We want you present. 7-20

LODGE NOTICE

—Loyal Order of Moose meeting Wednesday, July 20th. All officers attend. Special business. 7-20

SOCIETY *News Of Interest To Women* EVENTS

Bridge Party—

Mrs. G. W. Mead entertained a few friends Monday afternoon at bridge whist, complimentary to Mrs. G. W. Smith. High score was played by Mrs. Clay Johnson. Low hand was held by Mrs. W. F. Kellogg.

* * *

Entertains Friends—

Miss Alice Hougen, 214 Witter street, entertained nine of her little friends Saturday evening at a movie party at the Palace theater in celebration of her eleventh birthday. Miss Helen Hougen chaperoned the party. Following the movies the guests were served refreshments at the home of the young hostess. A birthday cake, ornamented with floral icing and banquet candles was the table's attractive centerpiece. Miss Alice was presented with a number of pretty birthday gifts.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY

Washington, D. C.—The President and Mrs. Harding, with the members of the party which accompanied them on their week end cruise aboard the Mayflower, returned to Washington Monday morning. The President will receive Gen. Pierro Badoglio, the former chief of staff of the Italian army today at the White House.

The Vice President and Mrs. Coolidge with their sons John and Calvin Coolidge and a small party of friends took a short cruise down the Potomac Sunday afternoon aboard Senator and Mrs. Joseph S. Frelinghuysen's yacht, the Victoria. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Coolidge entertained the party informally at dinner at the New Willard.

200 GIRLS TAKE PART IN HISTORICAL PAGEANT

West Bend, Wis.—A pageant entitled America. Yesterday and Today was given by 200 girls here Sunday. The pageant portrayed scenes taken from American life from the past to the present and was given in the park of the West Bend Aluminum Co. The pageant included solo and group dances, dainty costumes, and beautiful scenes. The program was under supervision of the West Bend chapter of the Red Cross. The proceeds went to the Red Cross.

BIRTHS

Mr. and Mrs. Earl LaVaque, 584 Tenth avenue north, announce the birth of a son, Sunday evening, July 17.

COMING MARRIAGE

The following marriage license has been issued by County Clerk Sam Church:

William L. Zimmerman of City Point and Hazel Stephey of Kenosha.

AGED COUPLE CELEBRATE THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Gosdeck celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding at their home Saturday, July 16. Rev. Mohleke performed the ceremonies renewing the vows they had taken fifty years ago. Mr. Gosdeck is 72 years of age and Mrs. Gosdeck 73.

Mr. and Mrs. Gosdeck were born in West Prussia and were married in 1871. They came to this country in 1880 and made their home in Watertown for five years. They then came to this city where they have made their home since.

Ten children were born to them five of whom are still living and all of whom were able to be present at the celebration. They are Mrs. Mart Lyanroit, of Tomahawk Lake, Mrs. A. Runke, of Watertown, Al. Gosdeck of Lone Rock, Wis., Paul Gosdeck and Mrs. Fred Zwicke of this city. They have also 26 grandchildren and 7 great grandchildren.

Owing to the health of Mrs. Gosdeck the affair was a quiet one. The house was prettily decorated in gold silver and green.

There is no war in sealing wax.

Long hair lowers a child's vitality.

A scientist has invented a process for making sugar from corn.

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. and Mrs. John Brennan, Jr., of this city, and Mr. and Mrs. Neil Brennan of Nekoosa, motored to Mosinee, Sunday where Neil Brennan played on the Mosinee baseball team.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Bunde, 321 Ninth street south, were Sunday guests of relatives in Wautoma.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Baldwin, 424 Fourth street south, left Saturday to visit relatives in Fond du Lac.

Mrs. Mary Hughes, 546 Cliff street, is entertaining her mother, Mrs. E. Gear, of Hancock.

R. A. Vileit of Marshfield spent Sunday in this city.

Edward Reed of Plainfield was a Sunday guest of Dr. Burnett, at his cottage near Biron.

Miss Ruby Rapp of Madison was an out of town visitor here Monday.

Mrs. Charles Daly, Eighth street south, is visiting relatives in Waterloo.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Alexander of Port Edwards and R. M. Rogers, 981 Third street south, motored to Lake Peobic Saturday where Mrs. Rogers and her sons, Robert and Jack, have been occupying the King cottage, the past three weeks, the entire party returning Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Roenius and children, and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Sampson, Jr., and children, visited the Scout Camp at Sunset Lake, Sunday.

Frank Lynn, 321 Ninth street north left today for Green Bay, where he will be employed by the Green Bay Association of Commerce under the supervision of the Board of Vocational Training.

C. T. Ramsden of Beloit, was a Monday visitor in this city.

Orson P. Cochran, First street north left Monday morning for Loyal on a business trip of a week or ten days.

The Misses Erna Schaefer, Laura Kitt, Clara Schraeder and Clara and Lillian Knoll, left Friday evening for Milwaukee to attend the National Walther League Convention being held in that city this week.

Mrs. Gus Kaye and daughters, Florence and Lauretta, who have been guests of Mrs. Kaye's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Dahlke, 965 W... street, left this morning for their home in Manitowoc.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Russell of Medford, spent Saturday in this city.

E. O. Kruebler, E. S. Schulz and H. A. Robertson, all of Wausau, were among the Sunday visitors here.

Norbert Daly and Jess Knutson left Friday afternoon for a motor trip to Milwaukee.

Mrs. Louis Pap... and daughter ... left Saturday for their home in Minneapolis, after an extended visit with Mrs. Pap...'s parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. ... street south.

Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Siewert and ... and Mrs. Will Siewert of Oshkosh are visiting at the Otto Siewert home on Roosevelt street.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Beck and Mrs. Eva Berchelz and Mrs. ... Seymour of Wausau spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Henry Hackbarth, 11th avenue south.

J. T. Holland of Arpin, C. A. Kiefer of Auburndale, Bert Gates and family of Sherry, Miss Ida Moser of Milwaukee, and Mrs. Lu Miller of this city spent Sunday at the O. J. Leu home, 326 Tenth street south.

Word ... from Mrs. Nettie Booth Wage who was called to Monroe by the serious illness of her son, Lieutenant Robert Wage, ... his condition was greatly improved and the critical point passed.

L. H. Tucker, business solicitor for the Central Wisconsin Electric Co., motored to Waupaca for the week end where he had the pleasure of hearing Mrs. Owen, daughter of William Jennings Bryan, the principal speaker Sunday afternoon at the Chautauqua being held in Waupaca under the auspices of the Electric & Service Railway Co. of that city. The subject of Mrs. Owen's lecture was the "Lure of Egypt" which was told in a very instructive and entertaining manner.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Redford, Witter street, entertained a few friends at dinner Monday evening.

Edwin Johnson, 891 Third avenue north, is at Big Arbor Vitae Lake on a fishing trip.

Mrs. D. M. VanNatta and daughter, Marjorie, of Arpin, were Tuesday guests of Mrs. Van Natta's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fritz, 1232 McKinley street.

John A. McGregor of Friendship was an out of town visitor here on Monday.

Fred LaBrot, 107 Ninth street south, is enjoying a two weeks' vacation.

The Misses Lillian Clapp and Margaret Wagner and Messrs. Ernest and Roy Anderson left Sunday morning with Mrs. Nate Anderson as chaperon for a two weeks' outing at one of the cottages at Trout Lake. They will be joined by Dr. W. C. Weirick on next Sunday who will remain for a week.

Miss Edna Bartz, 1577 Grand avenue is visiting relatives in Milwaukee.

Miss Flora Hessler, who is employed in this city, spent Sunday at her home in Vesper.

Rev. and Mrs. G. M. Thurow, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Miller, Mr. and Mrs. August Friday and sons, Donald and Alfred, and Miss Sophie Middlestet, motored to Pittsville Sunday afternoon to attend service at the Lutheran church. The interior of the church has just ben redecorated and repainted.

Henry Mosher left Monday for a visit with relatives in Waukesha, Wis. and St. Paul, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Tim Donovan, Third avenue north, spent Sunday with relatives in Wausau.

Elgin Fowler, Grand avenue, transacted business in New Lisbond Monday.

Hans Vollert has resigned his position as driver for the Grand Rapids Delivery Co. He is suceeded by Ernest Hagerstrom who has been employed as conductor by the Street Railway Co.

Walter Wood of the Mott & Wood Co. and James Jenkins of the MacKinnon Mfg. Co. are business visitors in Pittsville today.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Nordness and Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Wingate motored to Stevens Point Sunday.

The Misses Leone Daner and Eleanore Schmidt of Fond du Lac are guests at the Louis Fritz home, 1232 McKinley street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Jones have returned from a visit with relatives and friends in Fond du Lac and Fort Atkinson. They were accompanied from the latter city by Mrs. Halsey ... who will remain as their guest for a few days.

Hugh Yates of Marshfield spent Monday in this city.

Miss Mabel Lynn, 321 Ninth street north, is visiting at the home of her brother, Harry and family, in Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Leolin Ebbe, Drake street, returned Saturday from a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Marshfield.

Miss Edna Bruderli, 974 Wisconsin street left Saturday evening for a two weeks' visit with relatives in Milwaukee.

L. E. Wilcox and family and Miss Elinor Fahl, left this morning for Waupaca, where they will ocupy a cottage for two weeks, on Long Island.

Mrs. Frank Shekey and daughter, of Johnson Creek, are visiting relatives in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Russell of Medford, spent Saturday in this city.

E. O. Kruebler and R. C. Vilett of Wausau, were among the Sunday visitors here.

Franklin Miller of the Central Wisconsin Electric Co. spent the week end in Stevens Point and Waupaca.

Mrs. Warren Hunsinger, of Eau Claire, is in the city visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Tefvau on 17th ave.

Mr. and Mrs. James Mason, left today for Rochester, Minn.

A. C. Rose of Green Bay spent Monday in this city.

Mrs. D. J. Arpin, Jr. and sons of Bruce are guests of Mrs. Arpin's mother, Mrs. Jennie G. Taylor, cor. Fourth and Witter streets.

LEST YOU FORGET

Tonight

Palace theater—May McOvoy in "A Private Scandal."

Ideal Theater—Marguerite Clark in "Scrambled Wives."

Dance at Pavilion.

Future Dates

July 20—American Legion dance at Seneca Corners.

July 20—Meeting of Loyal Order of Moose.

July 20—Meting of SS. Peter & Paul's Court of Foresters.

July 20-21—Palace Theater—"Don't Every Marry."

July 21—Social at Sion Lutheran church.

July 21—Golden Rule Circle meets with Mrs. Peter Moberg.

July 23—Port Edwards Auditorium—Herbert's Greater Minstrels.

July 24—Baseball game at Nekoosa—City team vs. Coloma.

July 28, 29, 30—Ideal theater—Priscilla Dean in "Reputation."

August 1-6. Elks Mardi Gras.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Eggs, fresh	.24c
Rye	$1.12
Buckwheat cwt	$1.75
Beef dressed	.10c
Hogs dressed	.10
Lamb dressed	.15c
Mutton dressed	10 to 12c
Calves dressed	8 to 10
Hides	2 to 3c
Hens, alive	20 to 22c
Retail Prices	
Victoria flour, 49 lb.	$2.77
Rye flour, 49 lb	1.49
Buckwheat 10 lb	.45c
Cornmeal 10 lb	28c
Graham 10 lb	.49c
Corn and Oats feed cwt	$1.40
Corn cwt	$1.38
Cracked corn cwt	$1.48
Sterling henfeed	$2.15
Bran	.99c
Rye Middlings	.99c
Wheat Middlings	.99c
Plymouth Cheese Market	
Longhorn	16¾c
Twins	15¾c
Daisies	15¾c
Chicago Butter Market	
Extras	40½c
Standards	39c
Firsts	35-39½
Seconds	30-34c
Packing stock	20-22c

VESPER BREVITIES

Dr. and Mrs. Allen, motored to Tigerton Saturday and took Mrs. Allen's mother home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Caswell, entertained at dinner Sunday the following: Mr. and Mrs. Coleman and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver and Mr. and Mrs. Van Matre.

Ed Beck and wife, of Wausau, visited old friends in Vesper Sunday.

Mrs. Gerrit Joling, had the misfortune Saturday to injure her foot quite badly. While gathering eggs in the yard, she stepped over some rubbish and struck her foot on an old hay fork, cutting it quite severely.

Miss Irene Coleman, who is attending the normal at Stevens Point, spent the week end at her home.

W. H. Bean and wife returned from their fishing trip Saturday.

Royal Bean is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. Bennett entertained Rev. and Mrs. Williams at supper Sunday evening.

Roy Murgatroyd and family of Port Ewards, visited at the Mrs. J. Murgatroyd home Sunday.

Mrs. Burgeson, of Arkdale, grandmother of Mrs. Ed Witzig, visited here one day last week. Mrs. Witzig's mother was also here, and with the new baby, Edward Jr., there were four generations present.

Ernie Anderson and friends of Wisconsin Rapids were in our village Friday night.

PLAN GIANT TERMINUS FOR WATERWAY PROJECT

Chicago—Plans for a great western terminus of the proposed Great Lakes-St. Lawrence waterway to the sea if built, will be worked out by a joint commission named by Illinois and Indiana. Legislatures of both states have recently appropriated $25,000 each for the purpose.

Estimate of cost and recommendations are also included in the commission's work, which is to be finished for presentation to the 1923 legislatures.

The project, which is called the "Illiana Harbor," calls for a transfer harbor on Lake Michigan to the east of South Chicago. It would lie partly in Illinois and partly in Indiana. Besides such needs of Chicago as were not taken care of by its own harbor facilities, it would provide facilities for the great Calumet manufacturing district bounded on the east by Gary, Ind.

It is proposed to make the harbor a terminus also for the Illinois waterway connecting the Great Lakes with the Gulf. Interchange of freight between barge and rail, barge and ship, and ship and rail is contemplated.

PROVES RED POLLED CATTLE ARE PUREBRED

Gotham—Harley A. Martin, secretary of the Red Polled Cattle Club of America, is in the midst of a word battle with certain of the livestock authorities of the country. He has successfully refuted all claims made to the effect that the breed which he represents and which has gained a strong foothold among the farmers of the country is an offshot of the Devon breed.

"The Red Polled cattle are", declared Mr. Martin, "the union of Norfolk and Suffolk cattle of England. They come by nature polled and were bred pure for years before the establishment of the herdbook, making them one of the oldest breeds known to be of pure breeding on an established foundation."

FACULTY HONORS FARMERS

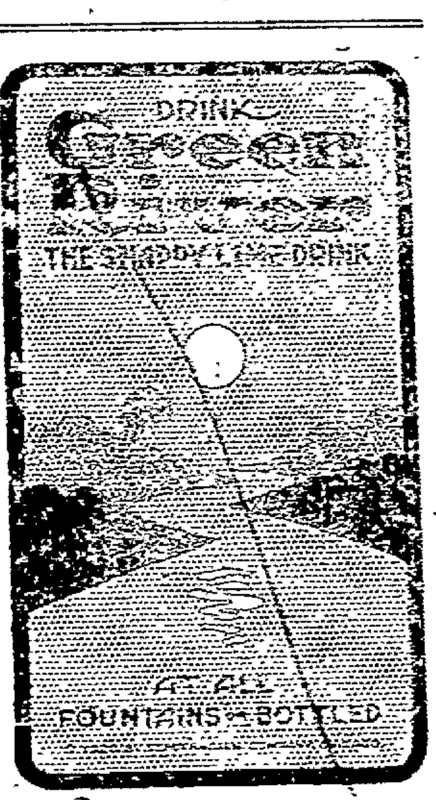
Pullman, Washington—Following the plan initiated in Wisconsin, the faculty of the agricultural college of Washington has just honored three Washington farmers for outstanding achievements in agriculture. This is the first year the college has given formal recognition to agricultural leaders.

The three men honored are F. M. Rothrock, one of the leaders in the livestock industry in the Northwest; A. A. Kelly who has done much for the fruit industry of the Evergreen state, and Alexander Todd who is one of the leading dairymen on the Pacific slope.

The plan of honoring agricultural leaders was first started in Wisconsin in 1909. To date Wisconsin has honored two women and 38 men who have made large contributions to the upbuilding of agriculture and rural life.

Sicily is practically a treeless country.

The most profitable things for a farmer to raise are prices.



Auditorium
SAT. NIGHT JULY 23
Herbert's Greater
Minstrels
—10—
Genuine Negro Premiers of Minstrelsy
—10—
Laughter At Every Tick of the Clock—Pleasure
A Magnificent Mastodonic Minstrel Monopoly
See the Great Adams with the parade at noon. It will please you.
Prices: 50c, 75c, $1.00
Seats on Sale at
Sam Church
DRUG STORE
Wisconsin Rapids

IDEAL TONIGHT Prices 10 30c
The First Of Her Own Productions

Is Like a Scrambled Egg—
Tickles The Taste
New Laid Humor by a Real Spring Chicken
Guaranteed to Crack Any Smile Into a Laugh
Egg-cellent—Egg-squisite—Egg-cruciating
Mermaid Comedy—
A FRESH START
Layers Upon Layers of Laughter
By Request of Our Patrons
REX The Mental Wizzard CO.
Will Be Held Over For
TUESDAY--WEDNESDAY
ARE YOU WORRIED, TROUBLED, DISCOURAGED?
ASK REX
He Tells Your Life From Cradle to Grave

Palace Tonight - Prices 10-25c
MAY McAVOY A SENSATION IN HECTOR TURNBULL PHOTOPLAY
Little Film Actress With Big Power Wins All Hearts in
"A Private Scandal"
Probably nobody who went to the Palace Theatre last evening to witness the opening of Realart's big Birthday Special expected anything but a treat. That was a foregone conclusion, with a Hector Turnbull story, a cast including May McAvoy, Bruce Gordon, Kathlyn Williams, Ralph Lewis and Lloyd Whitlock, and Chester M. Franklyn as director. But the treat turned out to be a veritable sensation, and winsome little May McAvoy has won new laurels. Last chance to see this tonight.
Also a fine North Woods Play "RAIDERS OF THE NORTH"
TOMORROW AND THURSDAY
A Big Comedy in Six Acts—Wesley Barry Plays a Big Part
Marshall Neilan
presents

Romance And Hubby Get A Jolt When Bride On Honeymoon Takes Serious View of Love Scenes In Motion Picture Studio
Wife of Ten Days Decides After Watching Marshall Neilan Reveal Husbandly Practices In "Don't Ever Marry" That Her Choice Shares Guilt—The Victim Tells The Story.
Also 2 Chapters of "THE SKY RANGER" and Pathe News.

Herbert's Greater Minstrels
DALY'S THEATER
Mon. July 25th Prices 25c 50c 75c $1

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SOCIETY *News Of Interest To Women* EVENTS

Bridge Party—

Mrs. G. W. Mead entertained a few friends Monday afternoon at bridge whist, complimentary to Mrs. G. W. Smith. High score was played by Mrs. Ray Johnson. Low hand was held by Mrs. W. F. Kellogg.

* * *

Entertains Friends—

Miss Alice Hougen, 214 Witter street, entertained nine of her little friends Saturday evening at a movie party at the Palace theater in celebration of her eleventh birthday. Miss Helen Hougen chaperoned the party. Following the movies the guests were served refreshments at the home of the young hostess. A birthday cake, ornamented with floral icing and banquet candles was the table's attractive centerpiece. Miss Alice was presented with a number of pretty birthday gifts.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY

Washington, D. C.—The President and Mrs. Harding, with the members of the party which accompanied them on their week end cruise aboard the Mayflower, returned to Washington Monday morning. The President will receive Gen. Pierro Baduglio, the former chief of staff of the Italian army today at the White House.

The Vice President and Mrs. Coolidge with their sons John and Calvin Coolidge and a small party of friends took a short cruise down the Potomac Sunday afternoon aboard Senator and Mrs. Joseph S. Frelinghuysen's yacht, the Victoria. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Coolidge entertained the party informally at dinner at the New Willard.

200 GIRLS TAKE PART IN HISTORICAL PAGEANT

West Bend, Wis.—A pageant entitled America, Yesterday and Today was given by 200 girls here Sunday. The pageant portrayed scenes taken from American life from the past to the present and was given in the park of the West Bend Aluminum Co. The pageant included solo and group dances, dainty costumes, and beautiful scenes. The program was under supervision of the West Bend chapter of the Red Cross. The proceeds went to the Red Cross.

BIRTHS

Mr. and Mrs. Earl LaVaque, 584 Tenth avenue north, announce the birth of a son, Sunday evening, July 17.

COMING MARRIAGE

The following marriage license has been issued by County Clerk Sam Church:

William L. Zimmerman of City Point and Hazel Stephey of Kenosha.

AGED COUPLE CELEBRATE THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Gosdeck celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding at their home Saturday, July 16. Rev. Meifleke performed the ceremonies renewing the vows they had taken fifty years ago. Mr. Gosdeck is 82 years of age and Mrs. Gosdeck is 73.

Mr. and Mrs. Gosdeck were born in West Prussia and were married in 1871. They came to this country in 1883 and made their home in Watertown for five years. They then came to this city where they have made their home since.

Ten children were born to them, five of whom are still living and all of whom were able to be present at the celebration. They are Mrs. Mary Lyannois, of Tomahawk Lake, Mrs. A. Rimke, of Watertown, Al. Gosdeck of Lone Rock, Wis., Paul Gosdeck and Mrs. Fred Zwicke of this city. They have also 26 grandchildren and 7 great grandchildren.

Owing to the health of Mrs. Gosdeck the affair was a quiet one. The house was prettily decorated in gold, silver and green.

There is no wax in sealing wax.

Long hair lowers a child's vitality.

A scientist has invented a process for making sugar from corn.

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. and Mrs. John Brennan, Jr., of this city, and Mr. and Mrs. Neil Brennan of Nekoosa, motored to Mosinee, Sunday where Neil Brennan played on the Mosinee baseball team.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Bunde, 321 Ninth street south, were Sunday guests of relatives in Wautoma.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Baldwin, 424 Fourth street south, left Saturday to visit relatives in Fond du Lac.

Mrs. Mary Hughes, 546 Cliff street, is entertaining her mother, Mrs. E. Gear, of Hancock.

R. A. Vilett of Marshfield spent Sunday in this city.

Edward Reed of Plainfield was a Sunday guest of Dr. Burnett, at his cottage near Biron.

Miss Ruby Rapp of Madison was an out of town visitor here Monday.

Mrs. Charles Daly, Eighth street south, is visiting relatives in Waterloo.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Alexander of Port Edwards and R. M. Rogers, 981 Third street south, motored to Lake Peobic Saturday where Mrs. Rogers and her sons, Robert and Jack, have been occupying the King cottage, the past three weeks, the entire party returning Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Roenius and children, and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Sampson, Jr., and children, visited the Scout Camp at Sunset Lake, Sunday.

Frank Lynn, 321 Ninth street north left today for Green Bay, where he will be employed by the Green Bay Association of Commerce under the supervision of the Board of Vocational Training.

C. T. Ramsden of Beloit, was a Monday visitor in this city.

Orson P. Cochran, First street north left Monday morning for Loyal on a business trip of a week or ten days.

The Misses Erna Schaefer, Laura Witt, Clara Schraeder and Clara and Lillian Knoll, left Friday evening for Milwaukee to attend the National Walther League Convention being held in that city this week.

Mrs. Gus Kaye and daughters, Florence and Laurella, who have been guests of Mrs. Kaye's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Dahlke, 965 Wisconsin street, left this morning for their home in Manitowoc.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Russell of Medford, spent Saturday in this city.

E. O. Kruebler, E. S. Schulz and H. J. Robertson, all of Wausau, were among the Sunday visitors here.

Norbert Daly and Jess Knutson left Friday afternoon for a motor trip to Milwaukee.

Mrs. Louis Papineau and daughter, Jane, left Saturday for their home in Minneapolis, after an extended visit with Mrs. Papineau's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Bamebow, 650 Kline street south.

Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Siewert and Jr. and Mrs. Will Siewert of Oshkosh are visiting at the Otto Siewert home on Roosevelt street.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Beck and Miss Eva Bercholz and Lloyd Seymour of Wausau spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Henry Hackbarth, 11th avenue north.

J. T. Holland of Arpin, C. A. Kieffer of Auburndale, Bert Gates and family of Sherry, Miss Ida Miller of Milwaukee, and Mrs. Ida Miller of this city spent Sunday at the O. J. Leu home, 326 Tenth street south.

Word has been received from Mrs. Nettie Booth Wegg, who was called to Monroe by the serious illness of her son, Lieutenant Robert Wegg, stating his condition was greatly improved, and the critical point passed.

L. H. Tucker, business solicitor for the Central Wisconsin Electric Co. motored to Waupaca for the week end where he had the pleasure of hearing Mrs. Owen, daughter of William Jennings Bryan, the principal speaker Sunday afternoon at the Chautauqua being held in Waupaca under the auspices of the Electric & Service Railway Co. of that city. The subject of Mrs. Owen's lecture was the "Lure of Egypt" which was told in a very instructive and entertaining manner.

Mr. and Mrs. K. B. Redford, Witter street, entertained a few friends at dinner Monday evening.

Edwin Johnson, 891 Third avenue north, is at Big Arbor Vitae Lake on a fishing trip.

Mrs. D. M. VanNatta and daughter, Marjorie, of Arpin, were Tuesday guests of Mrs. Van Natta's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fritz, 1232 McKinley street.

John A. McGregor of Friendship was an out of town visitor here on Monday.

Fred LaBrot, 107 Ninth street south, is enjoying a two weeks' vacation.

The Misses Lillian Clapp and Margaret Wagner and Messrs. Ernest and Roy Anderson left Sunday morning with Mrs. Nate Anderson as chaperon for a two weeks' outing at one of the cottages at Trout Lake. They will be joined by Dr. W. C. Weirick on next Sunday who will remain for a week.

Miss Edna Bartz, 1577 Grand avenue is visiting relatives in Milwaukee.

Miss Flora Hessler, who is employed in this city, spent Sunday at her home in Vesper.

Rev. and Mrs. G. M. Thurow, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Miller, Mr. and Mrs. August Friday and sons, Donald and Alfred, and Miss Sophie Middlestel, motored to Pittsville Sunday afternoon to attend service at the Lutheran church. The interior of the church has just ben redecorated and repainted.

Henry Mosher left Monday for a visit with relatives in Waukesha, Wis. and St. Paul, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Tim Donovan, Third avenue north, spent Sunday with relatives in Wausau.

Elgin Fowler, Grand avenue, transacted business in New Lisbond Monday.

Hans Vollert has resigned his position as driver for the Grand Rapids Delivery Co. He is succeeded by Ernest Hagerstrom who has been employed as conducter by the Street Railway Co.

Walter Word of the Mott & Wood Co. and James Jenkins of the MacKinnon Mfg. Co. are business visitors in Pittsville today.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Nordness and Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Wingate motored to Stevens Point Sunday.

The Misses Leone Daner and Eleanore Schmidt of Fond du Lac are guests at the Louis Fritz home, 1232 McKinley street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Jones have returned from a visit with relatives and friends in Fond du Lac and Fort Atkinson. They were accompanied from the latter city by Mrs. Halsey Curtis who will remain as their guest for a few days.

Hugh Yates of Marshfield spent Monday in this city.

Miss Mabel Lynn, 321 Ninth street north, is visiting at the home of her brother, Harry and family, in Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Leolin Ebbe, Drake street, returned Saturday from a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Marshfield.

Miss Edna Bruderli, 974 Wisconsin street left Saturday evening for a two weeks' visit with relatives in Milwaukee.

I. E. Wilcox and family and Miss Elinor Fahl, left this morning for Waupaca, where they will ocupy a cottage for two weeks, on Long Island.

Mrs. Frank Shekey and daughter, of Johnson Creek, are visiting relatives in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Russell of Medford, spent Saturday in this city.

E. O. Kruebler and R. C. Vilett of Wausau, were among the Sunday visitors here.

Franklin Miller of the Central Wisconsin Electric Co. spent the week end in Stevens Point and Waupaca.

Mrs. Warren Huntsinger, of Eau Claire, is in the city visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Tefeau on 17th ave.

Mr. and Mrs. James Mason, left today for Rochester, Minn.

A. C. Rose of Green Bay spent Monday in this city.

Mrs. D. J. Arpin, Jr. and sons of Bruce are guests of Mrs. Arpin's mother, Mrs. Jennie G. Taylor, cor. Fourth and Witter streets.

LEST YOU FORGET

Tonight

Palace theater—May McOvoy in "A Private Scandal."

Ideal Theater—Marguerite Clark in "Scrambled Wives."

Dance at Pavilion.

Future Dates

July 20—American Legion dance at Seneca Corners.

July 20—Meeting of Loyal Order of Moose.

July 20—Meting of SS. Peter & Paul's Court of Foresturs.

July 20-21—Palace Theater—"Don't Every Marry."

July 21—Social at Sion Lutheran church.

July 21—Golden Rule Circle meets with Mrs. Peter Moberg.

July 23—Port Edwards Auditorium—Herbert's Greater Minstrels.

July 24—Baseball game at Nekoosa—City team vs. Coloma.

July 28, 29, 30—Ideal theater—Priscilla Dean in "Reputation."

August 1-6. Elks Mardi Gras.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Eggs, fresh	24c
Rye	$1.12
Buckwheat cwt	$1.75
Beef dressed	10c
Hogs dressed	16
Lamb dressed	15c
Mutton dressed	10 to 12c
Calves dressed	8 to 10
Hides	2 to 3c
Hens, alive	20 to 22c
Retail Prices	
Victoria flour, 49 lb.	$2.77
Rye flour, 49 lb	1.49
Buckwheat 10 lb	45c
Cornmeal 10 lb	28c
Graham 10 lb	49c
Corn and Oats feed cwt	$1.40
Corn cwt	$1.38
Cracked corn cwt	$1.48
Sterling henfeed	$2.15
Bran	99c
Rye Middlings	99c
Wheat Middlings	99c
Plymouth Cheese Market	
Longhorn	16¾c
Twins	15¾c
Daisies	15¾c
Chicago Butter Market	
Extras	40½c
Standards	39c
Firsts	35-39½
Seconds	30-34c
Packing stock	20-22c

VESPER BREVITIES

Dr. and Mrs. Allen, motored to Tigerton Saturday and took Mrs. Allen's mother home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Caswell, entertained at dinner Sunday the following: Mr. and Mrs. Coleman and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver and Mr. and Mrs. Van Matre.

Ed Beck and wife, of Wausau, visited old friends in Vesper Sunday.

Mrs. Gerrit Joling, had the misfortune Saturday to injure her foot quite badly. While gathering eggs in the yard, she stepped over some rubbish and struck her foot on an old hay fork, cutting it quite severely.

Miss Irene Coleman, who is attending the normal at Stevens Point, spent the week end at her home.

W. H. Bean and wife returned from their fishing trip Saturday.

Royal Bean is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. Bennett entertained Rev. and Mrs. Williams at supper Sunday evening.

Roy Murgatroyd and family of Port Ewards, visited at the Mrs. J. Murgatroyd home Sunday.

Mrs. Burgeson, of Arkdale, grandmother of Mrs. Ed Witzig, visited here one day last week. Mrs. Witzig's mother was also here, and with the new baby, Edward Jr., there were four generations present.

Ernie Anderson and friends of Wisconsin Rapids were in our village Friday night.

PLAN GIANT TERMINUS FOR WATERWAY PROJECT

Chicago—Plans for a great western terminus of the proposed Great Lakes-St. Lawrence waterway to the sea if built, will be worked out by a joint commission named by Illinois and Indiana. Legislatures of both states have recently appropriated $25,000 each for the purpose.

Estimate of cost and recommendations are also included in the commission's work, which is to be finished for presentation to the 1923 legislatures.

The project, which is called the "Illiana Harbor," calls for a transfer harbor on Lake Michigan to the east of South Chicago. It would lie partly in Illinois and partly in Indiana. Besides such needs of Chicago as were not taken care of by its own harbor facilities, it would provide facilities for the great Calumet manufacturing district bounded on the east by Gary, Ind.

It is proposed to make the harbor a terminus also for the Illinois waterway connecting the Great Lakes with the Gulf. Interchange of freight between barge and rail, barge and ship, and ship and rail is contemplated.

PROVES RED POLLED CATTLE ARE PUREBRED

Gotham—Harley A. Martin, secretary of the Red Polled Cattle Club of America, is in the midst of a word battle with certain of the livestock authorities of the country. He has successfully refuted all claims made to the effect that the breed which he represents and which has gained a strong foothold among the farmers of the country is an offshot of the Devon breed.

"The Red Polled cattle are", declared Mr. Martin, "the union of Norfolk and Suffolk cattle of England. They come by nature polled and were bred pure for years before the establishment of the herdbook, making them one of the oldest breeds known to be of pure breeding on an established foundation."

FACULTY HONORS FARMERS

Pullman, Washington—Following the plan initiated in Wisconsin, the faculty of the agricultural college of Washington has just honored three Washington farmers for outstanding achievements in agriculture. This is the first year the college has given formal recognition to agricultural leaders.

The three men honored are F. M. Rothrock, one of the leaders in the livestock industry in the Northwest; A. A. Kelly who has done much for the fruit industry of the Evergreen state, and Alexander Todd who is one of the leading dairymen on the Pacific slope.

The plan of honoring agricultural leaders was first started in Wisconsin in 1909. To date Wisconsin has honored two women and 38 men who have made large contributions to the upbuilding of agriculture and rural life.

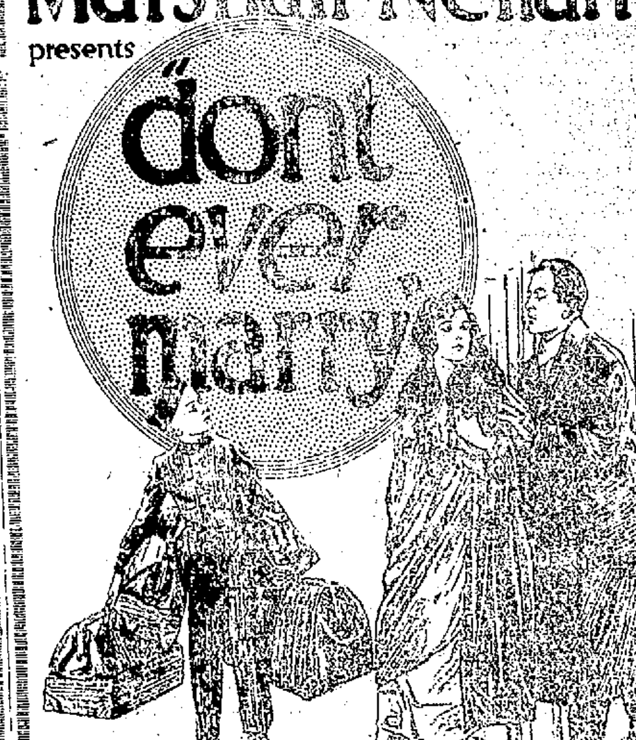
Sicily is practically a treeless country.

The most profitable things for a farmer to raise are prices.

Auditorium
SAT. NIGHT JULY 23
Herbert's Greater Minstrels
—40—
Genuine Negro Premiers of Minstrelsy
—40—
Laughter At Every Tick of the Clock—Pleasure
A Magnificent Mastodonic Minstrel Monopoly
See the Great Adams with the parade at noon. It will please you.
Prices: 50c. 75c. $1.00
Seats on Sale at
Sam Church
DRUG STORE
Wisconsin Rapids

IDEAL TONIGHT Prices 10 30c
The First Of Her Own Productions

Is Like a Scrambled Egg—
Tickles The Taste
New Laid Humor by a Real Spring Chicken
Guaranteed to Crack Any Smile Into a Laugh
Egg-cellent—Egg-squisite—Egg-cruciating
Mermaid Comedy—
A FRESH START
Layers Upon Layers of Laughter
By Request of Our Patrons
REX The Mental Wizzard CO.
Will Be Held Over For
TUESDAY--WEDNESDAY
ARE YOU WORRIED, TROUBLED, DISCOURAGED?
ASK REX
He Tells Your Life From Cradle to Grave

Palace Tonight - Prices 10-25c
MAY McAVOY A SENSATION IN HECTOR TURNBULL PHOTOPLAY
Little Film Actress With Pig Power Wins All Hearts in
"A Private Scandal"
Probably nobody who went to the Palace Theatre last evening to witness the opening of Realart's big Birthday Special expected anything but a treat. That was a foregone conclusion, with a Hector Turnbull story, a cast including May McAvoy, Bruce Gordon, Kathlyn Williams, Ralph Lewis and Lloyd Whitlock, and Chester M. Franklyn as director. But the treat turned out to be a veritable sensation, and winsome little May McAvoy has won new laurels. Last chance to see this tonight.
Also a fine North Woods Play "RAIDERS OF THE NORTH"
TOMORROW AND THURSDAY
A Big Comedy in Six Acts—Wesley Barry Plays a Big Part
Marshall Neilan presents


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DALY'S THEATER
Mon. July 25th Prices 25c 50c 75c $1

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

City Hall, Council Chambers, July 5, 1921.

Council met in regular session. Mayor Chas. F. Brierie, presiding. Aldermen present: John Bamberg, John Ernser, Ferd Link, Jake Huber, W. W. Rickman, John Roberts, James Lynch, P. Tomsych, Otto Marx, M. C. Whitrock, F. H. Jackson, W. H. Gardner, Grant Babcock and Benj. Hansen.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the previous session were read and approved.

Sidewalk Committee having reported recommending that a standard sidewalk of standard width be built on Grand Avenue from Fifteenth to Seventeenth Avenues and on Apricot Street from Twelfth to Sixteenth Streets, it was on motion duly made, seconded and on roll call adopted that the recommendations and report of the committee be adopted and a sidewalk ordered built, and that due notice be given the property owners thereof.

Petition for the vacation of a portion of Second Avenue North and a portion of Roosevelt Street, formerly Franklin Street received and read to the Council and filed, and the following resolution was thereupon presented, to-wit:

Whereas, a petition by the owners of all frontage of the lots and lands abutting on that portion of Second Avenue North in the City of Wisconsin Rapids, Wisconsin, between Jackson Street and the North line of Roosevelt Street (formerly Franklin Street)between Second Avenue North and tweny-five feet East of the center line (north and south) of Block four (4 of the original plat of Centralia (now a part of Wisconsin Rapids,) has been filed asking for the discontinuance of said portion of said streets, and

Whereas, the owners of more than one-half of the frontage of the lots and lands abutting on the portions of the remainder of said streets sought to be discontinued shall lie within two thousand six hundred fifty (2650) feet from the ends of the portion of said streets so proposed to be discontinued, have joined in said petition, now, therefore

RESOLVED that a hearing of said petition be had before the mayor and Common Council of the city of Wisconsin Rapids on the 2nd day of August, 1921, at the regular meeting of the Common Council at 8:00 o'clock p. m. of said day at the Council Chambers at the City of Wiscon Rapids; Wood County, Wisconsin, and be it

Further resolved, that notice of the time and place of said hearinf on said petition, signed by the City Clerk be given by posting copies of said notices in three public places in the said city not less than three weeks before the day fixed for said hearing, and by publication of said notice in the Wisconsin Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said city, once in each week for three successive weeks before said day.

Motion duly made and seconded that the above Resolution be adopted, the same was adopted on roll call, all aldermen voting aye.

It was duly moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the matter of the above petition be referred to the Street Committee. Motion carried.

E. J. Wood appeared and presented a proposed ordinance for the hauling of rock, stone and sand in closed wagons and it was duly moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the matter of adopting the proposed ordinance covering the hauling of gravel and other material in loose boxes be postponed until the next meeting of the Council. Motion adopted that at the next meeting of the Council the matter of hauling said sand, stone and rock, etc., will be taken up and settled by the Council.

Marie Golla, as executrix of the Last Will of John Golla, Marie Golla, individually and Praxeda Golla having presented to the Council a Quit Claim Deed covering a portion of land for street purposes, it was on motion duly made, seconded and unanimously adopted that the deed be accepted and the Clerk instructed to record the same.

oved and seconded that the City Attorney be instructed to report as to the rights of people to throw rubbish in the river.

Moved and seconded that the City Engineer be instructed to repair the culvert on Tenth Avenue North, between McKinley and High Streets.

Moved and seconded that the matter of the arch light at the corner of the North end of Eighth Street be referred to the General Business Committee.

oved and seconded and unanimously carried that a standard cement sidewalk of standard width be laid on Washington Avenue, connecting the West side of Washington Avenue, being the corner of the Weisel property with the North corner of Eighth Street.

On Motion Alderman Hansen and Roberts, Supervisor McCamley with the ayor and City Attorney were elected the Board of Review for the coming year.

Moved and seconded and unanimous- purchase a car load of oil for sprinkling purposes.

It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the Board of Public Works be authorized to sell the City Street Improvement Bonds at the best terms obtainable.

On motion on roll call the following bills were allowed:

Red Wing Sewer Pipe Co.	$1,274.69
Excelsior Brick Co.	300.00
H. C. Miller Co.	23.21
Standard Oil Co.	10.00
Wisc. Waste & Wiper Co.	14.30
Eugene Dietzgen & Co.	6.00
Mercantile Printing Co.	74.75
G. R. Foundry Co.	246.64
Lambert Printing Co.	29.92
Kellogg Bros. Lbr. Co.	11.10
R. S Payne	20.38
W. G. Hanke	1.30
The Barrett Co.	39.69
J. & Hill Co.	9.71
Isevelle Zimmerman	25.00
Wisc. Rapids Tribune Co.	15.75
Gleue Bros., Inc.	7.20
Nash Hdw. Co	18.75
G. R. Foundry Co	3.00
F. McKinnon Mfg. Co.	100.00
Catherine Vaughn	15.34
Wisc. Rapids Water Dept.	1,645.32
W. A. Marling Lbr. Co.	289.33
Central Wisc. Elec. Co.	10.00
Wood Co. Tel. Co.	25.93
J. Peterson Cont. Co.	450.70
Wisc. Rapids Elec. Dept.	603.81
C. E. Boles	42.50
Jensen & Anderson	12.11

City Treasurer's Report of the Water Department for the Month of June, 1921.

Overdraft June 1st	$26,631.21
Overdrawn in June	1,856.17
Overdraft July 1st	$28,487.38

C. P. GROSS.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Wisconsin Rapids.

Gentlemen:

I herewith submit the report of my office for the month of June, as follows:

Received June 16th of Catholic Sisters for Garbage Can	$ 4.50
Received June 16th of H. H. Knoll, rent G. A. R.	3.00
Received June 10th of H. Smith, hauling rubbish	1.50
Received June 16th of C. E. Jackson, hauling rubbish	1.50
Received June 10th of J. F. Williams, license	5.00
Received June 10th of Martin Zuege, garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of E. Gilmaster, garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of Jos. Wheir, Jr., garbage can	4.50
Received June 16th of Citizens' Natl. Bank, interest, May	$3.37
Received June 10th of E. M. Hill, Dept. Earnings	1.50
Received June 10th of T. W. Brazeau garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of F. W. Kruger, garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of Curtiss Crotteau, hauling rubbish	1.50
Received June 14th of Sundry persons, 3 license	15.00
Received June 14th of Circus license	75.00
Received June 14th of Electric Dept., outside labor	87.20
Received June 14th of C. E. Wellner, garbage can	4.50
Received June 14th of J. F. Cooley, outside labor	3.00
Received June 22nd of Alexander Island Co., labor and material	2.50
Received June 22nd of Pomainville & Hogan, outside labor	6.50
	$338.07
Cash on hand June 1st	$48,167.57
Received in June	338.07
	$48,505.64
Cancelled Vouchers in June	11,119.24
Balance on hand July 1st	$37,386.40
Checks outstanding July 1	214.85

Respectfully submitted,
LOUIS A. SCHALL.

On motion Council adjourned.

F. G. GILKEY,
City Clerk.

WISCONSIN GRAIN CROPS REDUCED BELOW AVERAGE

ESTIMATE THAT CROPS FELL OFF 13,000,000 BUSHELS DURING MONTH OF JUNE; HEADED TOO QUICKLY

Madison, Wis.—Production of grain crops in Wisconsin was reduced by 13,000,000 bushels during the month of June, according to Joseph A. Becker of the Wisconsin Cooperative Crop Reporting Service. Forecast of grain production, based upon July 1 condition, is estimated at 116,003,000 bushels as compared to 128,869,000 forecast on June 1, and 136,719,000 produced in 1920, and a 5-year average of 123,214,000.

Oats Decline 12 Percent

Oats declined 12 per cent during the month, the crop having headed out at an unusually short straw with a short head and shriveled grain. Condition on July 1 was 83 per cent compared to 95 per cent on June 1, 91 per cent last year and a year average of 92 per cent. Production forecast is 91,081 bushels as compared with 101,827,000 on June 1, 107,966,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 103,156,000.

Oat production in the United States is estimated at 1,329 million bushels as compared to 1,405 million forecast on June 1, 1,526 million harvested in 1920 and a 5-year average of 1,433 million.

Barley Suffered

Barley, like other grains, suffered from the dry, hot weather. Production, based on July condition, is estimated at 13,704,000 bushels compared to 15,107,000 forecast on June 1, 15,930,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 19,162,000.

Condition on July 1 was 81 per cent compared to 94 per cent on June 1, 89 per cent last year, and a 10-year average of 92 per cent.

Barley production in the United States is estimated at 184 million bushels, compared to 191 million forecasted on June 1 202 million harvested in 1920 and a 5-year average of 208 million.

Rye Fans Well

Rye had begun to head before the drought and consequently suffered less than other grains, the report says. Condition was 88 per cent, compared to 90 per cent on June 1, 91 per cent a year ago, and a 10-year average of 90 per cent. Production is estimated at 7,454,000 bushels, compared to 7,624,000 forecasted on June 1, 7,725,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 7,561,000 bushels.

For the United States, a production of 69.9 million bushels is forecasted, compared to 71 million on June 1, 69.3 million harvested in 1920 and a 5-year average of 69.2 million.

Total production of wheat in Wisconsin is estimated at 3,772,000 bushels compared to 4,313,000 on June 1, 5,161,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 6,156,000 bushels.

Wheat on farms is estimated at 10 per cent of the 1920 crop, or 526,000 bushels, compared to 4.3 per cent a year ago, or 316,000 bushels, and a 5-year average of 3.8 per cent.

Wheat Better Than 1920

Total wheat production in the United States is now estimated at 800 million bushels, compared to 830 million on June 1, 787 million in 1920 and a 5-year average of 831 million.

July 1 farm carry-over of wheat is estimated at 54,313,000 bushels, 6.9 per cent of the 1920 crop, as compared to 47,620,000 bushels last year and a 5-year average of 29,328,000 bushels.

Condition of spring wheat in Wisconsin declined from 92 percent on June 1, to 76 per cent on July 1, compared to 89 per cent last year and a 10-year average of 90 per cent. Production is now forecasted at 2,280,000 bushels compared to 2,691,000 on June 1, 3,159,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 4,402,000 bushels.

Winter Wheat Fails

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The United States winter wheat crop is now estimated at 574 million bushels, compared to 578 million on June 1, 578 million produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 572 million bushels. Condition on July 1 was 77.2 per cent, compared to 77.9 per cent on June 79.7 per cent in 1920 and a 10-year average of 81 per cent.

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Next Friday and Saturday. It is
Thrilling! Appealing!
Charming!
By Opie Reed

William A. Garren Takes Stand On The Big Question

Thinking men and women throughout the state have been asking themselves this question lately:

"If you are feeling tired and worn out; if you suffer from headaches and pains in various parts of the body, should you take dopey drugs to relieve the pain?"

Perhaps you can answer that question. Some day you will have to, unless you are an exception to the general rule. So you might as well think it over now, and prepare for the inevitable.

William A. Garren, the expert you have read about for years, says that these pains are telegraph messages of the body, warning you that your stomach is out of order and that it is playing havoc with your blood and nerves. That's why you feel drowsy, tired and sickly—why your nerves are easily upset. Like every other health expert, Garren says to leave such drugs alone. They only lessen the pain temporarily and leave you in a worse condition than when you took them. They keep you from receiving these telegraph messages, but they don't remove the cause of disease that will soon be gnawing into your stomach, poisoning your blood and undermining your health. And you know what happens if this condition continues.

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Garren's Tonic is sold in Wisconsin Rapids by E. M. Coyle and in Pittsville by Dietz's Drug Store.

—Advertisement.

All Brooms Sweep but the one that *sweeps* better with the *least* effort is the *one* you want. The

LITTLE POLLY BROOM

gets the dirt the first time, and weighs six ounces lighter than other brooms. Flexible straws that bend freely, hold their shape and get the dirt. Saves carpets and rugs. Long smooth handle. Guaranteed. Your dealer has the Little Polly.

Starrak & Stewart Mfg. Co. Des Moines, Ia.

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WISCONSIN RAPIDS, WISCONSIN

Startling Values in Every Department

We know you are wondering how we can do it, but when we started, we agreed to let the department managers find which department could give our patrons the best values! All departments are offering such splendid values that it is impossible to tell which is offering

In many cases, costs have been positively o
each day, many articles are offered at a still fuverlooked, in an endeavor to interest you. Also, the best at the present time! rther reduction, for one day only!

Have you taken full advantage of the savings opportunity given here?

Quality Wear

Ladies' Envelope Chemise, made of exceptional quality of muslin, trimmed with lace and embroidery. Regularly marked at $1.50. Now $1.09

The famous Polly Anna Underwear for Ladies, of splendid nainsook and dimities, formerly priced at $2.50. For the Price Competition Sale, only .. $1.89

Fine quality of Satin Camisoles in pink only, $1.25 values. During this Sale..... 89c

Night robes, bloomers, teddy-bears and step-ins of the famous "Wolfhead" crepe de chine and satin; trimmed with fine lace and hand embroidery, priced from $13.50 to ... $4.00

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Taffetas, 36 inches wide, fine grade in colors of black, Navy, taupe, brown, Reseda, green and purple. Former price, $1.95; Sale price per yard $1.39

Tricolette, 36 inches wide, colors are sand tan, brown, henna, burnt orange, and white. Regular price $2.65 During this sale, yard 1.69

Apron Ginghams 27 inches wide, in small checks or black, navy, pink and light blue; very good quality, worth 15c a yard, specially priced at, per yard 10c

Shirting ginghams and cheviots, 28 inches wide in colors of brown, dark blue, light blue and gray in plain colors; also many striped patterns. Regular price 19c. Special during this sale, per yard 14c

Dress Ginghams, 36 inches wide, plaids and stripes. Per yard 11c

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A few Rompers of Gingham in blue, white or pink, values to $1.25, specially priced at 59c

Children's white dresses, made of organdie and voile. Some are lace and ribbon trimmed, others have ruffles, while some are embroidered. Large assortment of sizes. Values to $4.95. During this sale $2.50

Infants' Wear

If the babies are to have a happy summer their wearing needs must be carefully looked to. In our Infant's Wear Section mothers will find everything to make babies comfortable.

Oshkosh! Nuf Sed!

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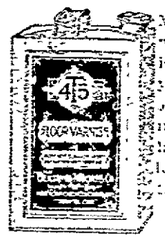
THAT'S ALL YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT
OVERALLS

Barn Paint

A thorough application of Moore's Barn Paint will be beneficial both in appearance and savings. In red, brown or yellow. Regular $1.85 can, now

$1.50

VARNISH



Moore's celebrated work or floor Varnish. This is the kind you can wash without danger of turning it white. Regularly $3.00 per gallon. During Competition Sale a gallon,

$2.19

Competition Specials for Thursday

Full size drop-leaf kitchen table, choice value, Thursday only $10.59

Splendid grade of white duck towels, 18x36—Thursday only, each 15c

Dewitt's famous toilet cream; a real skin beautifier—Thursday only 14c

Men's single clasp garters, a genuine value—Thursday, per pair 16c

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

City Hall, Council Chambers, July 5, 1921.

Council met in regular session, Mayor Chas. F. Brierie, presiding. Aldermen present: John Bamberg, John Ernser, Ferd Link, Jake Huber, W. W. Rickman, John Roberts, James Lynch, P. Tomsych, Otto Marx, M. C. Whitrock, F. H. Jackson, W. H. Gardner, Grant Babcock and Benj. Hansen.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the previous session were read and approved.

Sidewalk Committee having reported recommending that a standard sidewalk of standard width be built on Grand Avenue from Fifteenth to Seventeenth Avenues and on Apricot Street from Twelfth to Sixteenth Streets, it was on motion duly made, seconded and on roll call adopted that the recommendations and report of the committee be adopted and a sidewalk ordered built, and that due notice be given the property owners thereof.

Petition for the vacation of a portion of Second Avenue North and a portion of Roosevelt Street, formerly Franklin Street received and read to the Council and filed, and the following resolution was thereupon presented, to-wit:

Whereas, a petition by the owners of all frontage of the lots and lands abutting on that portion of Second Avenue North in the City of Wisconsin Rapids, Wisconsin, between Jackson Street and the North line of Roosevelt Street (formerly Franklin Street)between Second Avenue North and tweny-five feet East of the center line (north and south) of Block four (4 of the original plat of Centralia (now a part of Wisconsin Rapids,) has been filed asking for the discontinuance of said portion of said streets, and

Whereas, the owners of more than one-half of the frontage of the lots and lands abutting on the portions of the remainder of said streets sought to be discontinued shall lie within two thousand six hundred fifty (2650) feet from the ends of the portion of said streets so proposed to be discontinued, have joined in said petition, now, therefore

RESOLVED that a hearing of said petition be had before the mayor and Common Council of the city of Wisconsin Rapids on the 2nd day of August, 1921, at the regular meeting of the Common Council at 8:00 o'clock p. m. of said day at the Council Chambers at the City of Wiscon Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, and be it

Further resolved, that notice of the time and place of said hearinf on said petition, signed by the City Clerk be given by posting copies of said notices in three public places in the said city not less than three weeks before the day fixed for said hearing, and by publication of said notice in the Wisconsin Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said city, once in each week for three successive weeks before said day.

Motion duly made and seconded that the above Resolution be adopted, the same was adopted on roll call, all aldermen voting aye.

It was duly moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the matter of the above petition be referred to the Street Committee. otion carried.

F. J. Wood appeared and presented a proposed ordinance for the hauling of rock, stone and sand in closed wagons and it was duly moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the matter of adopting the proposed ordinance covering the hauling of gravel and other material in loose boxes be postponed until the next meeting of the Council. Motion adopted that at the next meeting of the Council the matter of hauling said sand, stone and rock, etc., will be taken up and settled by the Council.

Marie Golla, as executrix of the Last Will of John Golla, Marie Golla, individually and Praxeda Golla having presented to the Council a Quit Claim Deed covering a portion of land for street purposes, it was on motion duly made, seconded and unanimously adopted that the deed be accepted and the Clerk instructed to record the same.

oved and seconded that the City Attorney be instructed to report as to the rights of people to throw rubbish in the river.

Moved and seconded that the City Engineer be instructed to repair the culvert on Tenth Avenue North, between McKinley and High Streets.

Moved and seconded that the matter of the arch light at the corner of the North end of Eighth Street be referred to the General Business Committee.

oved and seconded and unanimously carried that a standard cement sidewalk of standard width be laid on Washington Avenue, connecting the West side of Washington Avenue, being the corner of the Weisel property with the North corner of Eighth Street.

On Motion Alderman Hansen and Roberts, Supervisor McCamley with the ayor and City Attorney were elected the Board of Review for the coming year.

Moved and seconded and unanimous- purchase a car load of oil for sprinkling purposes.

It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the Board of Public Works be authorized to sell the City Street Improvement Bonds at the best terms obtainable.

On motion on roll call the following bills were allowed:

Red Wing Sewer Pipe Co.	$1,274.69
Excelsior Brick Co.	300.00
H. C. Miller Co.	23.21
Standard Oil Co.	10.00
Wisc. Waste & Wiper Co.	14.30
Eugene Dietzgen & Co.	6.00
Mercantile Printing Co.	74.75
G. R. Foundry Co.	216.64
Lambert Printing Co.	29.93
Kellogg Bros. Lbr. Co.	11.10
R. S. Payne	20.38
W. G. Hanke	1.30
The Barrett Co.	39.69
J. & Hill Co.	9.71
Isevelle Zimmerman	25.00
Wisc. Rapids Tribune Co.	15.75
Gleue Bros., Inc.	7.20
Cash Hdw. Co.	18.75
G. R. Foundry Co.	3.00
F. McKinnon Mfg. Co.	100.00
Catherine Vaughn	15.84
Wisc. Rapids Water Dept.	1,645.32
W. A. Marling Lbr. Co.	289.33
Central Wisc. Elec. Co.	10.00
Wood Co. Tel. Co.	25.93
J. Peterson Cont. Co.	459.70
Wisc. Rapids Elec. Dept.	603.81
C. E. Boles	42.50
Jensen & Anderson	12.11

City Treasurer's Report of the Water Department for the Month of June, 1921.

Overdraft June 1st	$26,631.21
Overdrawn in June	1,856.17
Overdraft July 1st	$28,487.38

C. P. GROSS.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Wisconsin Rapids.

Gentlemen:

I herewith submit the report of my office for the month of June, as follows:

Received June 10th of Catholic Sisters for Garbage Can	$ 4.50
Received June 10th of H. H. Knoll, rent G. A. R.	3.00
Received June 10th of H. Smith, hauling rubbish	1.50
Received June 10th of C. E. Jackson, hauling rubbish	1.50
Received June 10th of J. F. Williams, license	5.00
Received June 10th of Marlin Znege, garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of E. Gilmaster, garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of Jos. Wheir, Jr., garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of Citizens' Natl. Bank, interest, May	83.37
Received June 10th of E. M. Hill, Dept. Earnings	1.50
Received June 10th of T. W. Brazeau, garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of F. W. Kruger, garbage can	4.50
Received June 10th of Curtiss Crotteau, hauling rubbish	1.50
Received June 14th of Sundry persons, 3 license	15.00
Received June 14th of Circus license	75.00
Received June 14th of Electric Dept., outside labor	87.20
Received June 14th of C. E. Wellner, garbage can	4.50
Received June 14th of J. F. Cooley, outside labor	3.00
Received June 22nd of Alexander Island Co., labor and material	2.50
Received June 22nd of Pomainville & Hogan, outside labor	6.50
	$338.07
Cash on hand June 1st	$48,167.57
Deposited in June	338.07
	$48,505.64
Cancelled Vouchers in June	11,119.24
Balance on hand July 1st	$37,386.40
Checks outstanding July 1	214.85

Respectfully submitted,
LOUIS A. SCHALL.

On motion Council adjourned.

F. G. GILKEY,
City Clerk.

WISCONSIN GRAIN CROPS REDUCED BELOW AVERAGE

ESTIMATE THAT CROPS FELL OFF 13,000,000 BUSHELS DURING MONTH OF JUNE; HEADED TOO QUICKLY

Madison, Wis.—Production of grain crops in Wisconsin was reduced by 13,000,000 bushels during the month of June, according to Joseph A. Becker of the Wisconsin Cooperative Crop Reporting Service. Forecast of grain production, based upon July 1 condition, is estimated at 116,069,000 bushels as compared to 128,869,000 forecast on June 1, and 136,719,000 produced in 1920, and a 5-year average of 125,344,000.

Oats Decline 12 Percent

Oats declined 12 per cent during the month, the crop having headed out at an unusually short straw with a short head and shriveled grain. Condition on July 1 was 83 per cent compared to 95 per cent on June 1, 91 per cent last year and a year average of 92 per cent. Production forecast is 91,081 bushels as compared with 101,825,000 on June 1, 107,906,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 97,456,000.

Oats production in the United States is estimated at 1,329 million bushels as compared to 1,405 million forecast on June 1, 1,526 million harvested in 1920 and a 5-year average of 1,433 million.

Barley Suffered

Barley, like other grains, suffered from the dry, hot weather. Production, based on July condition, is estimated at 13,704,000 bushels compared to 15,107,000 forecast on June 1, 15,930,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 19,162,000.

Condition on July 1 was 81 per cent compared to 94 per cent on June 1, 89 per cent last year, and a 10-year average of 92 per cent.

Barley production in the United States is estimated at 181 million bushels, compared to 191 million forecasted on June 1 202 million harvested in 1920 and a 5-year average of 208 million.

Rye Fans Well

Rye had begun to head before the drought and consequently suffered less than other grains, the report says. Condition was 88 per cent, compared to 90 per cent on June 1, 91 per cent a year ago, and a 10-year average of 90 per cent. Production is estimated at 7,451,000 bushels, compared to 7,624,000 forecasted on June 1, 7,728,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 7,564,000 bushels.

For the United States, a production of 69.9 million bushels is forecasted, compared to 71 million on June 1, 69.3 million harvested in 1920 and a 5-year average of 69.2 million.

Total production of wheat in Wisconsin is estimated at 3,771,000 bushels compared to 4,313,000 on June 1, 5,161,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 6,156,000 bushels.

Wheat on farms is estimated at 10 per cent of the 1920 crop, or 516,000 bushels, compared to 4.3 per cent a year ago, or 316,000 bushels, and a 5-year average of 3.8 per cent.

Wheat Better Than 1920

Total wheat production in the United States is now estimated at 800 million bushels, compared to 830 million on June 1, 787 million in 1920 and a 5-year average of 831 million.

July 1 farm carry-over of wheat is estimated at 54,313,000 bushels, 6.9 per cent of the 1920 crop, as compared to 47,620,000 bushels last year and a 5-year average of 29,328,000 bushels.

Condition of spring wheat in Wisconsin declined from 92 percent on June 1, to 76 per cent on July 1, compared to 89 per cent last year and a 10-year average of 90 per cent. Production is now forecasted at 2,280,000 bushels compared to 2,691,000 on June 1, 3,159,000 produced in 1920 and a 5-year average of 4,402,000 bushels.

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